

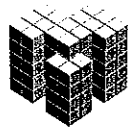
AMENDMENT TO THE
“MASTER DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE PLAN
for
CORDERA AND BRIARGATE CROSSINGS EAST”

DETENTION FACILITY 1
located at
POWERS BLVD. & COTTONWOOD CREEK

Prepared for:
City of Colorado Springs, Colorado
Engineering Division

On Behalf of:
LP47, LLC dba La Plata Investments
1755 Telstar Drive, Suite 450
Colorado Springs, CO 80920

Prepared by:



Matrix Design Group, Inc.
Integrated Design Solutions *Infrastructure Engineering*
Community Development
Program Management

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March 2007

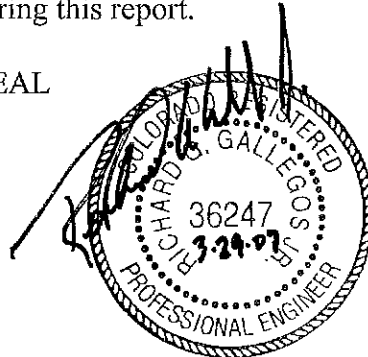
06.104.072

Engineer's Statement:

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according to the criteria established by the City for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errors or omissions on my part in preparing this report.

Richard G. Gallegos, Jr.
Registered Professional Engineer
State of Colorado
No. 36247

SEAL



Developer's Statement:

I, the developer have read and will comply with all of the requirements specified in this drainage report and plan.

LP47, LLC dba La Plata Investments
Business Name

By: Thomas Taylor
Thomas Taylor
Title: Director of Development Services
Address: 1755 Telstar Drive, Suite 450
Colorado Springs, CO 80920

City of Colorado Springs:

Filed in accordance with Section 15-3-906 of the Code of the City of Colorado Springs, 1980, as amended.

Tim White for
City Engineer

April 2, 2007
Date

Conditions:

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I. INTRODUCTION

A. Background

Matrix Design Group, Inc. has been retained by La Plata Investments to prepare this *Amendment to the "Master Development Drainage Report for Cordera and Briargate Crossing East," Detention Facility 1*, to evaluate the existing drainage conditions and design of detention pond DF1 within the Cottonwood Creek Drainage Basin. Under the approved *Master Development Drainage Report for Cordera and Briargate Crossing East*, prepared by Matrix Design Group, Inc., dated November 2004, DF1 was designed as a regional detention pond for the Cordera and Wolf Ranch developments; however, per the *Wolf Ranch Master Development Drainage Plan*, prepared by Kiowa Engineering, dated February 2005, Wolf Ranch will be constructing a detention pond within their property to serve the detention requirements for Wolf Ranch, negating the need for a joint detention pond. As the development plan for Wolf Ranch evolved, the location of an upstream detention basin was preferable to a joint basin. This drainage report will serve as an amendment to the approved MDDP to reflect the aforementioned changes.

Changes to the approved MDDP are minimal. The development plan for Cordera and Briargate Crossings East has not changed and, as a result, the drainage basins will remain the same. The only change to the approved MDDP is the watershed area tributary to the detention pond, DF-1, and consequently, the required size of the detention pond will be reduced. Located within the southern tip of Cordera Filing No. 1, DF-1 will have a total tributary area of 171.1 acres, as opposed to 529 acres per the approved MDDP.

B. Project Location

This site is located within the Corporate Limits of the City of Colorado Springs southeast of the intersection of Powers Boulevard and Briargate Parkway. See Vicinity Map. The site encompasses an area of land formally part of El Paso County, but has since been annexed into the City of Colorado Springs. Surrounding areas consist mainly of vacant undeveloped land and residential developments. More specifically, DF1 is located as follows:

1. General Location. Southwest $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 25, southeast $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 26, northeast $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 35, and the northwest $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 36, Township 12 South, Range 66 West of the 6th P.M. in the City of Colorado Springs, County of El Paso, State of Colorado.
2. Surrounding Streets. The site is bounded on the southwest by Powers Boulevard. Briargate Parkway is the northern boundary of the project.
3. Drainageway. The site is located within the *Cottonwood Creek Drainage Basin*. The basin extends off-site to the east of Cordera Filing No. 1.
4. Surrounding Developments. DF1 is located within a sparsely developed area of Colorado Springs. In general, the following land uses are located around the study area:
 - North: *Cordera Filing No. 1, a single-family residential development.*
 - East: Wolf Ranch development, consisting of mainly single-family residential parcels.
 - Southwest: *Liberty High School, an Air Academy School District facility.*

C. Property Description

Cordera Filing No. 1 as well as the entire Cordera Master Plan area is undeveloped with few adjacent improvements. Roadway and utility infrastructure is currently being extended to the site as part of other adjacent projects including the development of *Briargate Crossing West Filing No. 1*.

1. Drainage Area. DF1 will collect flows from a drainage area totaling 177.1 acres, which includes portions of Cordera Filing No. 1, Cordera Filing No. 2, and Briargate Crossing. Land-use from these areas includes right-of-way, single-family lots, and open space.
2. Ground Cover. This site is covered with sparse vegetation including natural grasses and some trees and shrubs.
3. General Topography. The portion within the Cottonwood Creek Drainage Basin flows to the southwest at a natural grade of about 4%.
4. General Soil Conditions. The *Soil Conservation Service of El Paso County Area, Colorado*, published by the United States Department of Agriculture, dated November 1991, has been utilized to investigate the existing general soil types within and tributary to the area impacting Cordera Filing No. 1. Four different soil types can be found in and around the study reach:

<i>Soil ID No.</i>	<i>Soil</i>	<i>Hydrologic Classification</i>	<i>Permeability</i>	<i>Erosion Hazard</i>
68	Peyton-Pring complex (3%-8% slope)	B	Rapid	Moderate to High
71	Pring coarse sandy loam	B	Rapid	Moderate
83	Stapleton sandy loam	B	Rapid	Moderate
85	Stapleton-Bernal sandy loams			
	Stapleton part	B	Rapid	Moderate
	Bernal part	D	Moderate	Moderate

Soils can be classified in four different hydrologic groups, A, B, C, or D to help predict stormwater runoff rates. Group "D" typically has a clay layer at or near to the surface, or a very shallow depth to impervious bedrock and has a very slow infiltration rate and a high runoff potential. For the purposes of this Final Drainage Report, it has been assumed that hydrologic group "B" characteristics exists across the study area due to the fact the soil type dominates the area. Only a minor area of the Stapleton-Bernal sandy loam exists in the area project area at the downstream portions of the site.

5. Major Drainageways. There are no existing major drainageways through the Cordera Filing No. 1. A stormwater collection system has been developed for Filing No. 1 and DF1 will be outfalling to Cottonwood Creek.
6. Irrigation Facilities. No known irrigation facilities exist on or around the site that could be influenced by local drainage. The site was formally used as pasture and grazing land for livestock, however there is no current agricultural use of the land.
7. Utilities and other Encumbrances. No known utilities currently encumber the proposed detention pond.

II. DRAINAGE BASINS AND SUB-BASINS

A. Major Basin Description

DF1 is located within the Cottonwood Creek Drainage Basins per the current Drainage Basin Planning Studies. The Drainage Basin Planning Studies and Master Development Drainage Plans completed that include site are as follows.

Cottonwood Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study, URS Consultants, June 9, 1994

Cottonwood Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study, Ayres and Associates, June 2000.

Final Drainage Report for Cordera Filing No. 1 & Master Development Drainage Plan for Cordera and Briargate Crossing East, Matrix Design Group, November 2004.

Several subdivision preliminary and final drainage reports have also been completed for areas surrounding the site. A complete list of drainage reports used in the preparation of this report can be found in the References section of this report.

Cottonwood Creek Drainage Basin

The Cottonwood Creek Drainage Basin consists of approximately 11,900 acres (18.6 square miles) of land in the northern portion of the City of Colorado Springs. The basin drains a west-facing slope in the larger Monument Creek Basin, which is rapidly developing. The main channel and tributaries of Cottonwood Creek do not flow across the site.

Two Drainage Basin Planning Studies have been recently completed for Cottonwood Creek. URS Consultants completed one study in 1994 to evaluate hydrology of the basin and proposed improvements/new construction of trunk stormwater infrastructure, including placement of detention ponds. Ayres and Associates completed a subsequent study, June 2000, to re-evaluate the hydrology of the entire basin, reducing peak stormwater rates and eliminating the need for certain detention ponds and trunk infrastructure improvements. The study also incorporates a Prudent Line approach to development, where development is set back a certain distance from the existing channel thalweg to allow for natural reshaping of the channel that will protect the adjacent development.

The Cordera development is located on the upstream most portion of the Cottonwood Creek Drainage Basin. Due to the location of the development, the tributary area in the historic condition from the site does not generate sufficient concentrated flows to create a major drainage way through the property. A natural channel has formed downstream from the future Powers Boulevard alignment to Research Parkway. South of Research Parkway is the Fairfax Development, which consists primarily of single-family homes. The drainageway through the Fairfax development is an improved channel and linear park. The Fairfax Detention Pond has been constructed between Woodman Road and Research Parkway.

Adjacent to the site, Powers Boulevard contains a box culvert under the roadway to provide an outfall point for the site. Down stream facilities including detention ponds, bridges/culverts, and

channels have been evaluated for sufficient capacity to release undetained flows from the site. Recent changes to the rainfall depths used by the City of Colorado Springs and the implementation of Phase II of the water quality requirements for the City require, as well as larger tributary drainage areas found in this study than those used in the Drainage Basin Planning Study require larger detention/water quality volumes than originally planned. To meet the new City criteria, a new detention pond is proposed for the Cordera Development.

B. Floodplain Statement

Review of the *Flood Insurance Rate Map Panels 528 (08041C0528 F)*, effective date March 17, 1997, reveal that no portion of *Cordera Filing No. 1* is within any designated 100-year floodplain boundary. See Floodplain Maps.

C. Sub-Basin Description

Historically, runoff has been directed to a natural channel that drains to the Fairfax Channel, located south of Research Drive. An 8'x12' concrete box culvert, located immediately south of Cordera Filing No. 1 within Powers Boulevard, accepts these historic flows. Offsite tributary areas impacting the development will be minor from the east, as a natural ridgeline exists along the eastern property line of Cordera Filing No. 1. Based upon master planning documents for the undeveloped area to the east, only minor areas will drain to Cordera when the offsite land is developed.

III. DRAINAGE DESIGN CRITERIA

A. Development Criteria

This report has been prepared in accordance to the criteria set forth in the *City of Colorado Springs & El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual, Volumes I and II*, dated November 1991 and including subsequent updates. In addition to the City Criteria Manual, the *Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manuals, Volumes 1-3*, published by the Urban Drainage and Flood Control District, latest update 2003, has also been used to supplement the City Criteria Manual.

Several subdivision drainage reports have been found within the files of the City Subdivision Engineering Review Unit that have been completed for specific developments adjacent to and within the study area. The reports have been listed as references within this report. Each has been reviewed to ensure compliance with the recommendations and drainage facilities proposed.

B. Hydrologic Criteria

Hydrologic analyses for the site have been completed utilizing a combination of methods. To evaluate larger drainage areas that range in size between 100-acres and 5-square miles, the *Hydraulic Engineering Center's Hydrologic Modeling System (HEC-HMS)*, version 2.2.2 software, produced by the United States Army Corps of Engineers, released May 2003, has been used to develop hydrograph data of each basin. The same program also routes basin flows to design points and provides information to determine preliminary trunk storm sewer sizes and the required detention pond volumes for the major and minor storm event. HEC-HMS updates the original HEC-1 program by modernizing algorithms and analysis techniques. The program is scheduled to replace HEC-1 by the Army Corps of Engineers in the near future. Per City Criteria, the SCS hydrograph procedure is required for large drainage basins greater than 100 acres, but less than 10 square miles. Two storm distributions are provided within the City Criteria – the two-hour storm and the 24-hour time distribution for SCS Type IIa. For the purposes of this analysis, the 24-hour distribution has been selected because of the detention pond requirements, which will calculate a greater volume of runoff to be detained. Lag times for the modeling have been calculated as:

$$T(l) = 0.6 * T(c)$$

Where

$$T(l) = \text{Lag Time}$$

$$T(c) = \text{Time of Concentration.}$$

Weighted Curve Numbers and associated percent imperiousness have been calculated based upon Tables 5-4 through 5-7 within the Drainage Criteria Manual.

The City of Colorado Springs Subdivision Engineering Review Unit has issued revised rainfall data, effective January 1st, 2003 and summarized within a letter issued January 7th, 2003. The information provides 24-hour rainfall depths for the 5-year and 100-year storm events. Addendum #3 to the Pine Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study, completed by JR Engineering, uses depths of 2.6 inches for the 5-year and 4.4 inches for the 100-year storm events. The most

current Cottonwood Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study uses a 100-year storm event depth of 4.136 inches and only evaluates the major storm event.

The Subdivision Engineering Review Unit issued an update to the rainfall intensity frequency curves for the City of Colorado Springs on January 7, 2003. The updated information has been utilized in this study. The revised storm rainfall time intensity-frequency curves have been used for the Rational Method Analysis.

The design storm events are:

- Initial Storm = 5-Year Storm
- Major Storm = 100-Year Storm

Additional consideration has been given to the new criteria of the Phase II Water Quality Requirements for the City of Colorado Springs. To assist developers in meeting new requirements, the City has recently published *Volume II* of the *Drainage Criteria Manual*. The water quality capture volume, outfall structure, and sedimentation volumes have been designed for the ponds, and are described in detail in the proposed drainage facility section of this report.

C. Hydraulic Criteria

A detailed hydraulic analysis of the storm sewers, swales, and inlets has been completed as part of this study to place drainage facilities. Detention pond DF1 has been designed to City criteria, with supplemental information taken from the Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual, Volume II. The pond includes additional capacity for water quality treatment. A 40-hour release time has been used for the water quality outlet structure and an additional 20% of the water quality treatment volume has been provided for sediment accumulation. Calculations for the pond have been included in Appendix B of this report.

IV. DRAINAGE FACILITY DESIGN

A. Fully Developed Conditions

As stated earlier, the purpose of this report is to amend the approved *Master Development Drainage Plan for Cordera and Briargate Crossing East*, prepared by Matrix Design Group, Inc., November 2004. The major change from the approved MDDP is the reduction in watershed area tributary to the detention pond, DF-1, which is due to changes to the development plan for Wolf Ranch. Since the development plan for Cordera has not changed, the only change to the approved MDDP will be the reduced size of the detention pond, DF-1, within the Cottonwood Creek Drainage Basin.

The tributary area for detention pond DF-1 will drain to an existing 8'x12' CBC under Powers Boulevard. Portions of Cordera Filing No. 1, Cordera Filing No. 2, and Briargate Crossing, totaling 171.1 acres of commercial, single family lots, multi-family lots, and open space/trail corridors, will drain to DF-1. Discharge rates for the detention pond will mimic the historic flows established under the approved MDDP to minimize impacts to downstream drainage systems.

Sub-basins CF1 through CF7 consist of the fully developed Cordera master plan area totaling 140.9 acres in size. Peak runoff rates for this area are $Q(5)=135.7$ cfs and $Q(100)=374.2$ cfs upstream of the proposed detention basin.

The runoff from sub-basins CF1 through CF8 (171.1 acres) will be combined at design point C8 and enter proposed detention pond DF-1. Peak runoff rates into the pond at this point are $Q(5)=183.3$ cfs and $Q(100)=487.0$ cfs. The peak release rates of the detention pond have been based upon the calculated historic runoff rates for the sub-basin so as not to overwhelm the existing down stream improvements. The peak release rates are $Q(5)=36.8$ cfs and $Q(100)=128.2$ cfs. Within the Cottonwood DBPS, a maximum of 901 cfs is allowed. The historic runoff rates have been maintained due to capacity issues at the next downstream detention pond in the Fairfax development and also because of the existing condition of the downstream channel. The channel from Powers Boulevard to Research Boulevard is currently in its historic state and suffering from erosion problems. By installing the proposed detention pond with the water quality capture volume, the downstream flow rates and flow frequency will be reduced helping to stabilize the downstream channel in its natural state.

B. Water Quality Capture Volume

With the watershed area tributary to the detention pond reduced from 529 acres to 171.1 acres, the required size of detention pond DF-1 has also reduced. The approved MDDP required a regional detention pond size of 50.5 ac-ft with 11.20 ac-ft for water quality capture volume. The new detention pond will have a total capacity of 15.3 ac-ft with 3.44 ac-ft for water quality capture volume (see Appendix for calculations).

The City of Colorado Springs has moved into the Phase II of providing water quality for new developments. The water quality capture volume required for this project will be combined with

the proposed detention ponds. It should be noted that the previously listed required detention volumes do not include water quality volumes. The water quality capture volumes have included a 20% increase in the volume to account for sediment that will be trapped in the detention pond. The water quality portion of a detention pond will be the first portion of the pond to fill up (the lowest volume in the pond).

Extended Detention Basin (EDB) criteria will be used. The detention ponds will be “dry”, requiring a 40-hour drain time for the water quality capture volumes. As part of this report, the required additional volumes have been calculated. Upon full build out of the upstream tributary area, it is estimated that 3.44 acre-feet of water quality capture volume will be required (see Appendix).

C. Cost Estimate

Cost estimates for this detention facility have been calculated as part of the *Final Drainage Report for Cordera Filing No. 1 and Master Development Drainage Plan for Cordera and Briargate Crossing East*. Changes to the cost estimate will be based on actual construction costs after the pond is completed.

D. Drainage and Bridge Fees

All drainage and bridge fees have been paid as part of the *Final Drainage Report for Cordera Filing No. 1 and Master Development Drainage Plan for Cordera and Briargate Crossing East*. With the changes to the water quality pond per this amended MDDP, fees that have been paid are now in excess of what should be required. At this time, we have not gone to the Drainage Board to recover these fees. Once the facility is constructed, we may then go to the Board for reimbursement based upon actual construction costs.

Prepared By:

For and on behalf of **Matrix Design Group, Inc.**

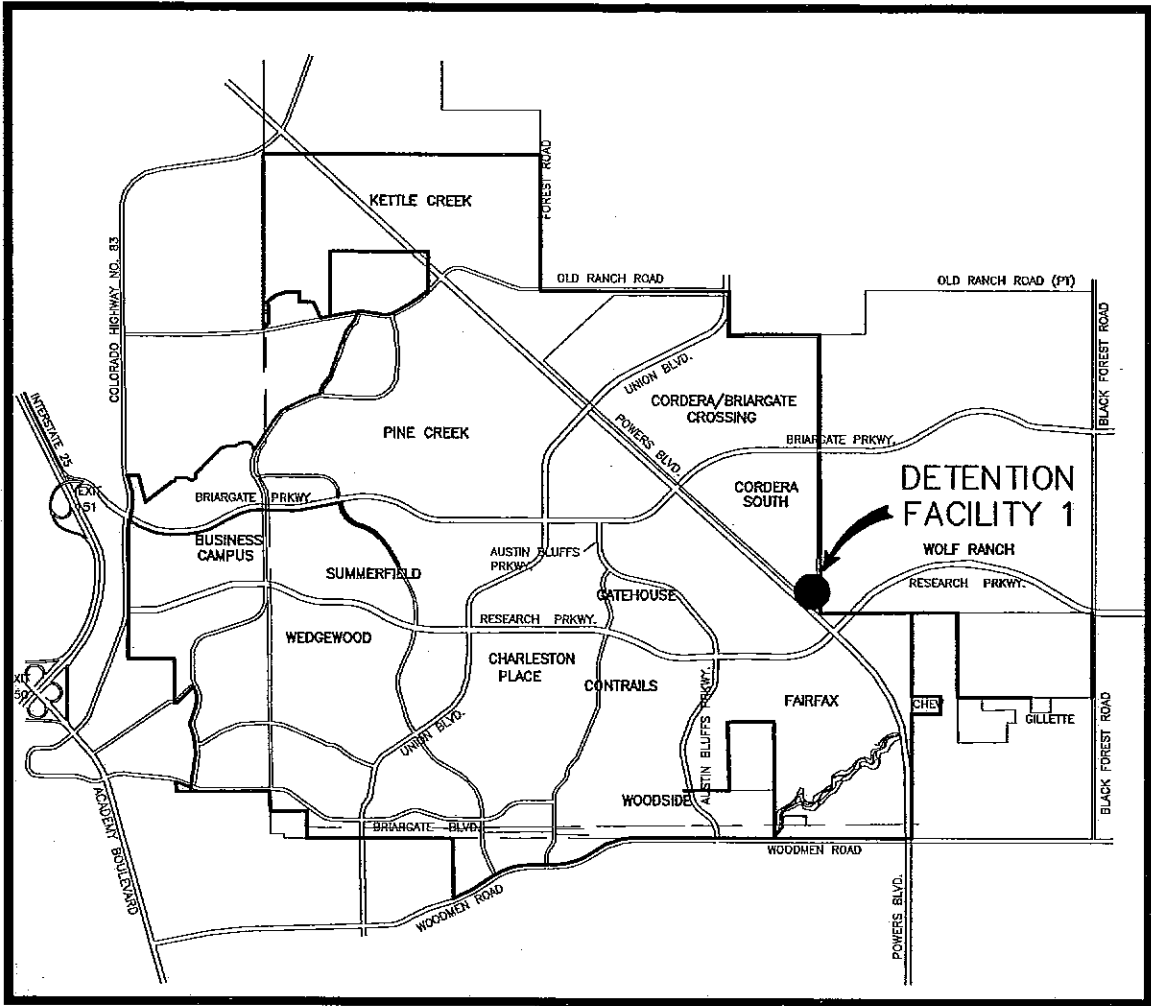
Zach Hartjes, E.I.T.
Design Engineer

V. REFERENCES

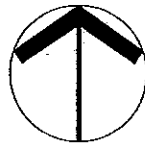
1. *City of Colorado Springs & El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual*, City of Colorado Springs, latest edition.
2. *City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual, Volume 2*, City of Colorado Springs, November 1, 2002.
3. *Colorado Department of Transportation, Powers Boulevard Design Plans*, URS Consultants, September 2002.
4. *Cottonwood Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study, City of Colorado Springs and El Paso County*, URS Consultants, June 9, 1994.
5. *Cottonwood Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study, Ayres and Associates*, June 2000.
6. *Flood Insurance Rate Map for El Paso County, Colorado and Incorporated Areas, Panel 528 of 1300*, Federal Emergency Management Agency, Effective Date March 17, 1997.
7. *Soil Survey of El Paso County Area, Colorado*. United States Department of Agriculture Soil Conservation Service, June 1981.
8. *Letter - Summary of Preliminary Investigation Phase of Fairfax Pond Water Shed Analysis*, JR Engineering, September 16, 2003.
9. *Final Drainage Report for Cordera Filing No. 1 & Master Development Drainage Plan for Cordera and Briargate Crossing East*, Matrix Design Group, November 2004.
10. *Wolf Ranch Master Development Drainage Plan*, Kiowa Engineering, February 2005.

APPENDIX A

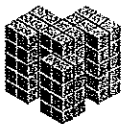
MAPS



VICINITY MAP

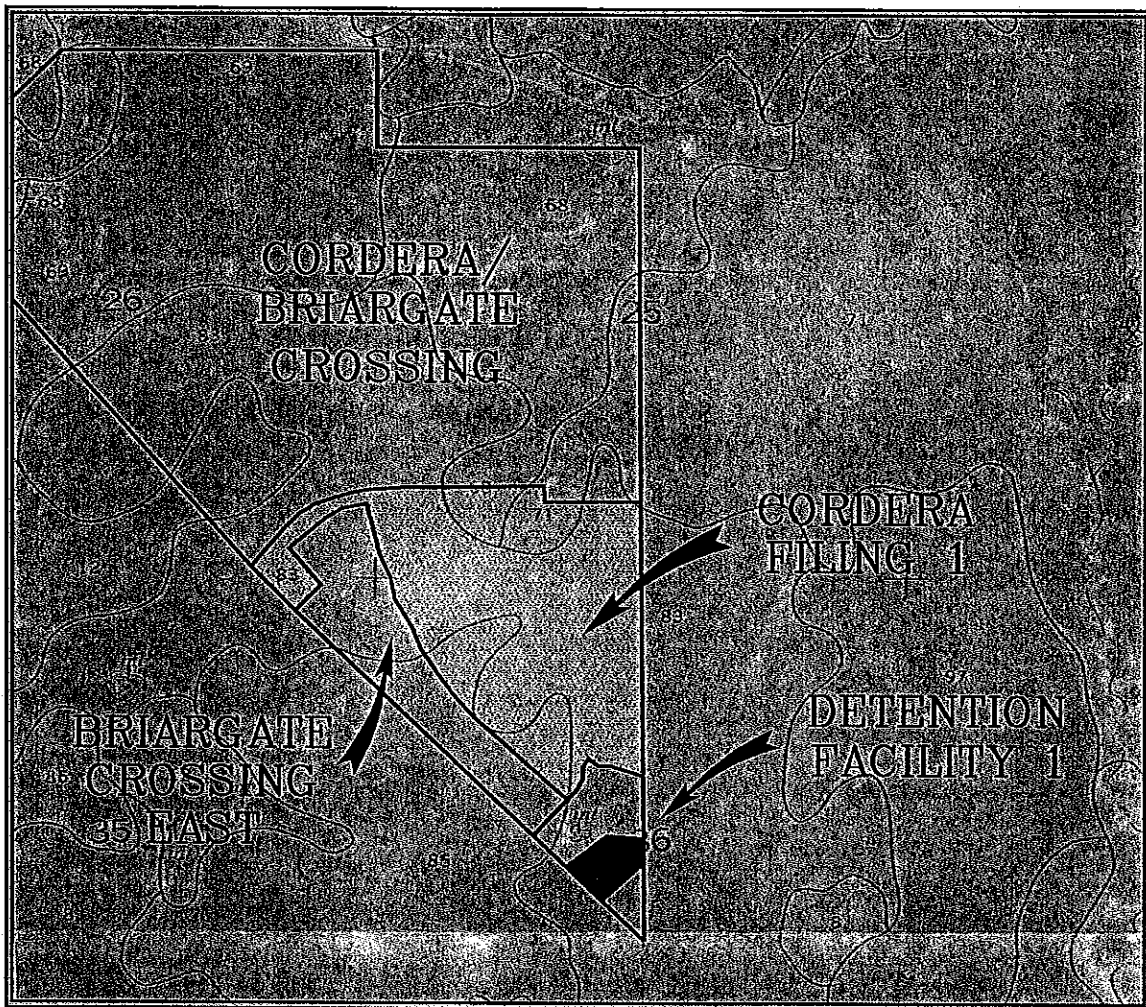


NORTH
N.T.S.



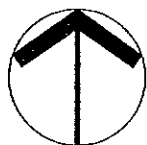
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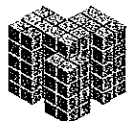
SOILS MAP

LEGEND



NORTH
N.T.S.

ID	SOIL NAME	HYD. GROUP
12	BRESSER SANDY LOAM	B
68	PEYTON-PRING COMPLEX (3%-8%)	B
69	PEYTON-PRING COMPLEX (8%-15%)	B
71	PRING	B
83	STAPLETON	B
85	STAPLETON-BERNAL COMPLEX	B/D



Matrix Design Group, Inc.
Integrated Design Solutions

2435 Research Parkway, Suite 300
Colorado Springs, CO 80920
Phone 719-575-0100
Fax 719-575-0208

JOINS PANEL 0530

EL PASO COUNTY
UNINCORPORATED AREAS
080059

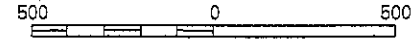
CORDERA
FILING NO. 1

36

DETENTION
FACILITY 1



APPROXIMATE SCALE IN FEET



NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

FIRM
FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP

EL PASO COUNTY,
COLORADO AND
INCORPORATED AREAS

PANEL 528 OF 1300
(SEE MAP INDEX FOR PANELS NOT PRINTED)

CONTAINS: COMMUNITY	NUMBER	PANEL	SUFFIX
COLORADO SPRINGS, CITY OF	080060	.0528	F
EL PASO COUNTY, UNINCORPORATED AREAS	080059	0528	F

MAP NUMBER
08041C0528 F

EFFECTIVE DATE:
MARCH 17, 1997



Federal Emergency Management Agency

This is an official copy of a portion of the above referenced flood map. It was extracted using F-MIT On-Line. This map does not reflect changes or amendments which may have been made subsequent to the date on the title block. For the latest product information about National Flood Insurance Program flood maps check the FEMA Flood Map Store at www.msc.fema.gov

APPENDIX B

HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS

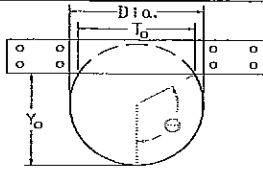
Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB) - Sedimentation Facility

Designer: ZDH
 Company: Matrix Design Group, Inc.
 Date: November 22, 2006
 Project: Detention Facility 1
 Location: Cottonwood Creek

<p>1. Basin Storage Volume</p> <p>A) Tributary Area's Imperviousness Ratio ($i = I_a / 100$)</p> <p>B) Contributing Watershed Area (Area)</p> <p>C) Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) ($WQCV = 1.0 * (0.91 * I^3 - 1.19 * I^2 + 0.78 * I)$)</p> <p>D) Design Volume: $Vol = (WQCV / 12) * Area * 1.2$</p>	<p>$I_a =$ <u>48.00</u> % $i =$ <u>0.48</u></p> <p>Area = <u>171.120</u> acres</p> <p>WQCV = <u>0.20</u> watershed inches</p> <p>Vol = <u>3.4372</u> acre-feet</p>
<p>2. Outlet Works</p> <p>A) Outlet Type (Check One)</p> <p>B) Depth at Outlet Above Lowest Perforation (H)</p> <p>C) Recommended Maximum Outlet Area per Row, (A_o)</p> <p>D) Perforation Dimensions: i) Circular Perforation Diameter or ii) Width of 2" High Rectangular Perforations</p> <p>E) Number of Columns (nc, See Table 6a-1 For Maximum)</p> <p>F) Actual Design Outlet Area per Row (A_o)</p> <p>G) Number of Rows (nr)</p> <p>H) Total Outlet Area (A_{ot})</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Orifice Plate <input type="checkbox"/> Perforated Riser Pipe <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____</p> <hr/> <p>H = <u>3.20</u> feet</p> <p>$A_o =$ <u>3.9</u> square inches</p> <p>D = <u>1.625</u> inches W = _____ inches</p> <p>$nc =$ <u>2</u> number</p> <p>$A_o =$ <u>4.2</u> square inches</p> <p>$nr =$ <u>10</u> number</p> <p>$A_{ot} =$ <u>39.8</u> square inches</p>
<p>3. Trash Rack</p> <p>A) Needed Open Area: $A_t = 0.5 * (\text{Figure 7 Value}) * A_{ot}$</p> <p>B) Type of Outlet Opening (Check One)</p> <p>C) For 2", or Smaller, Round Opening (Ref.: Figure 6a): i) Width of Trash Rack and Concrete Opening (W_{conc}) from Table 6a-1 ii) Height of Trash Rack Screen (H_{TR})</p>	<p>$A_t =$ <u>1.254</u> square inches</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> $\leq 2"$ Diameter Round <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2" High Rectangular <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____</p> <hr/> <p>$W_{conc} =$ <u>36.77</u> inches</p> <p>$H_{TR} =$ <u>68</u> inches</p>

STAGE-DISCHARGE SIZING OF THE WEIRS AND ORIFICES (INLET CONTROL)

Project: **Detention Facility 1**
 Basin ID: **Cottonwood Creek**



Sizing the Restrictor Plate for Circular Vertical Orifices or Pipes (Input)

Water Surface Elevation at Design Depth
 Pipe/Vertical Orifice Entrance Invert Elevation
 Required Peak Flow Through Orifice at Design Depth
 Pipe/Vertical Orifice Diameter (inches)
 Orifice Coefficient

	#1 Vertical Orifice	#2 Vertical Orifice	Units
Elev: WS =	6,960.00	6,946.00	feet
Elev: Invert =	6,946.00	6,946.00	feet
Q =	130.00	130.00	cfs
Dia =	36.00	36.00	inches
C _o =	0.67	0.67	

Full-flow Capacity (Calculated)

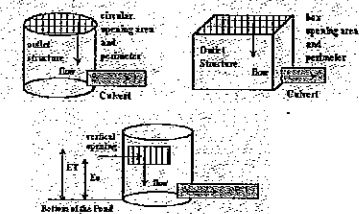
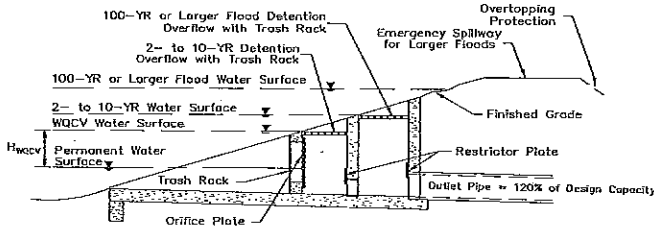
Full-flow area
 Half Central Angle in Radians
 Full-flow capacity

	#1 Vertical Orifice	#2 Vertical Orifice	Units
A _f =	7.07	7.07	sq ft
Theta =	43.14	43.14	rad
Q _f =	134.4	134.4	cfs
Percent of Design Flow =	103%	103%	

Calculation of Orifice Flow Condition

Half Central Angle (0<Theta<3.1416)
 Flow area
 Top width of Orifice (inches)
 Height from Invert of Pipe to Bottom of Plate (inches)
 Elevation of Bottom of Plate
 Resultant Peak Flow Through Orifice at Design Depth

	#1 Vertical Orifice	#2 Vertical Orifice	Units
Theta =	2.57	2.57	rad
A _o =	6.81	6.81	sq ft
T _o =	19.44	19.44	inches
Y _o =	33.35	33.35	inches
Elev Plate Bottom Edge =	6,948.76	6,948.76	feet
Q _o =	130.0	130.0	cfs



Design Information (Input):

Circular Opening: Diameter In Inches
 OR
 Rectangular Opening: Width in Feet, Length (Height for Vertical)
 Percentage of Open Area After Trash Rack Reduction
 Orifice Coefficient
 Weir Coefficient
 Orifice Elevation (Bottom for Vertical)

	#1 Horiz.	#2 Horiz.	#1 Vert.	#2 Vert.	Units
Dia. =					inches
W =	6.00	6.00	1.50	2.47	ft.
L or H =	7.00	4.00	1.50	2.76	ft.
% open =	60.00	60.00	100.00	100.00	%
C _o =	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	
C _w =	3.10	3.10			
E _o =	6956.20	6957.50	6,947.00	6,946.00	ft.

Calculation of Collection Capacity:

Net Opening Area (after Trash Rack Reduction)
 User-Override Net Opening Area
 Perimeter as Weir Length
 User-Override Weir Length

A _o =	25.20	14.40	2.25	6.81	sq. ft.
A _u =	25.20	14.40	2.25	6.81	sq. ft.
L _w =	21.20	15.20			ft.
L _u =					ft.
Top Elevation of Vertical Orifice Opening, Top =	6948.50	6948.76			ft.
Center Elevation of Vertical Orifice Opening, Cen =	6947.75	6947.38			ft.

Routing 1: Water flows through WQCV plate and #1 horizontal opening into #1 vertical opening. This flow plus flow from #2 horizontal opening flows through #2 vertical opening.

Labels for WQCV, Minor, & Major Storage W.S. Elevations (input)	Water Surface Elevation (ft) (linked)	WQCV Plate/Riser Flow cfs (User-linked)	Horizontal Orifices				Vertical Orifices		Total Collection Capacity cfs (output)	Target Volumes for WQCV, Minor, & Major Storage Volumes (link for goal seek)
			#1 Horiz. Weir Flow cfs (output)	#1 Horiz. Orifice Flow cfs (output)	#2 Horiz. Weir Flow cfs (output)	#2 Horiz. Orifice Flow cfs (output)	#1 Vert. Collection Capacity cfs (output)	#2 Vert. Collection Capacity cfs (output)		
6953.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
6953.50	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.04	
6954.00	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.04	
6954.50	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.04	
6955.00	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.04	
6955.50	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.04	
6956.00	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.04	
6956.50	1.04	16.80	16.80	74.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	35.79	111.84	
6957.00	1.04	147.03	147.03	1211.9	0.00	0.00	0.00	367.8	367.8	
6957.50	1.04	37.41	37.41	54.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	37.77	37.77	
6958.00	1.04	158.73	158.73	161.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	367.51	55.39	
6958.50	1.04	229.24	229.24	205.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	434.73	86.76	
6959.00	1.04	307.92	307.92	226.72	0.00	0.00	0.00	534.64	124.62	
6959.50	1.04	393.97	393.97	246.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	640.11	127.47	
6960.00	1.04	486.83	486.83	264.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	753.96	130.08	
6960.50	1.04	586.00	586.00	280.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	875.97	132.63	
6961.00	1.04	691.13	691.13	296.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	1006.98	135.13	
6961.50	1.04	801.88	801.88	311.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	1146.81	137.59	
6962.00	1.04	917.99	917.99	326.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	1295.68	140.00	

Final Drainage Report for Detention Facility No. 1

HEC-HMS Input parameters - Cottonwood Creek

Fully Developed Conditions

Time of Concentration

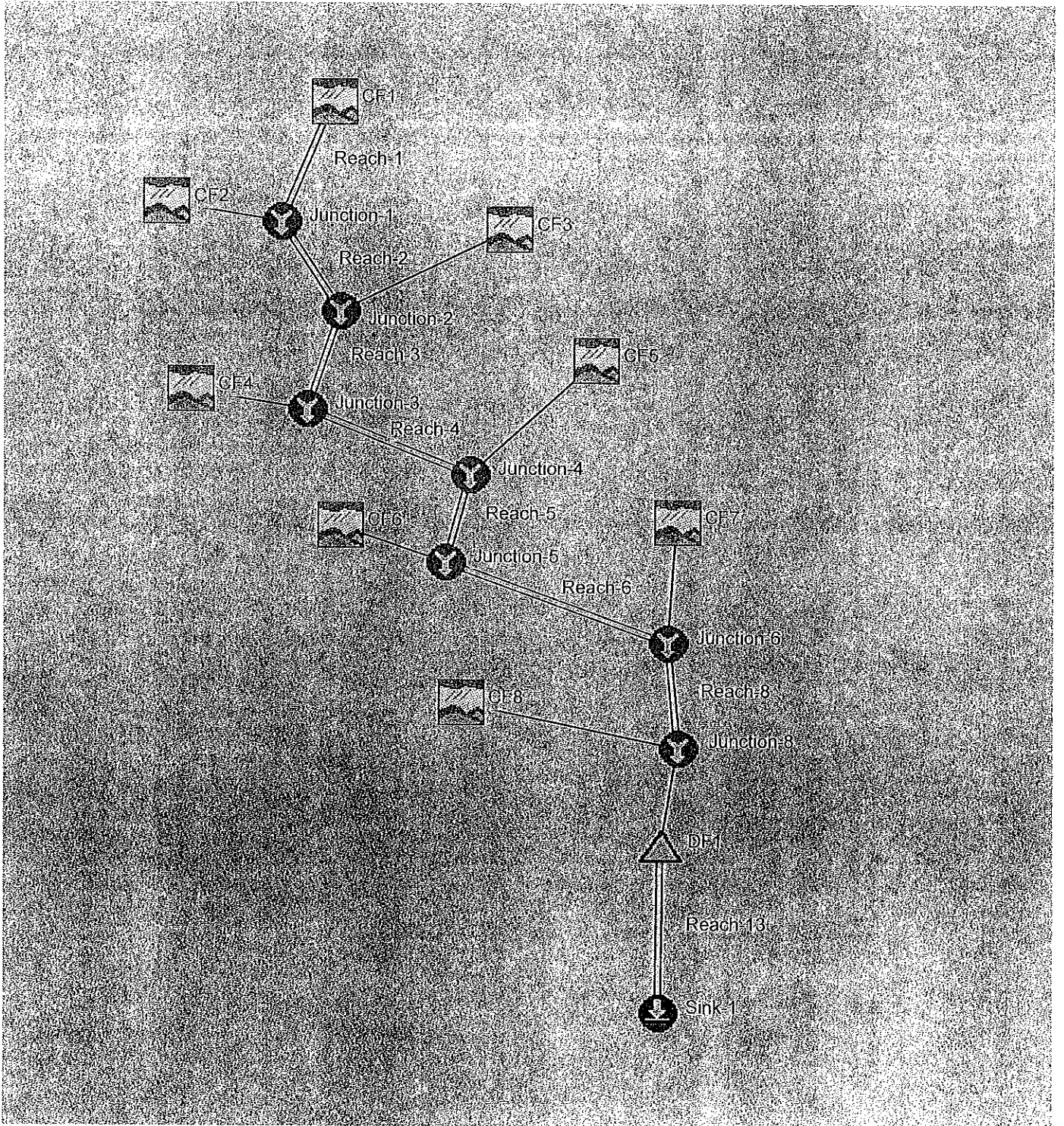
Basin ID	Overland Time			Travel Time				Concentrated Flow				T(conc.) (min)	Lag Time (min)
	Length (ft)	Slope (ft/ft)	T(initial) (min)	Length (ft)	Weighted Slope (%)	Velocity (fps)	T(shallow flow) (min)	Length (ft)	Weighted Slope (%)	Velocity (fps)	T(travel) (min)		
CF1	50	2.0%	8.9	900	1.4%	2.2	6.8	1530	2.0%	12.0	2.1	17.9	10.7
CF2	100	2.0%	12.6	950	1.4%	2.2	7.2	275	4.7%	15.0	0.3	20.1	12.1
CF3	100	2.0%	12.6	400	1.3%	2.2	3.0	275	2.2%	13.0	0.4	16.0	9.6
CF4	200	2.0%	17.9	800	4.0%	3.2	4.2	0	0.0%	0.0	0	22.0	13.2
CF5	100	2.0%	12.6	500	1.4%	2.2	3.8	0	0.0%	0.0	0	16.4	9.9
CF6	50	3.0%	7.8	600	1.7%	2.5	4.0	300	3.0%	15.0	0.3	12.2	7.3
CF7	100	2.0%	12.6	500	3.6%	3.2	2.6	1000	2.0%	12.0	1.4	16.6	10.0
CF8	50	2.0%	8.9	500	3.3%	3.1	2.7	1000	3.0%	15.0	1.1	12.7	7.6

Final Drainage Report for Detention Facility No. 1

HEC-HMS Input parameters - Cottonwood Creek
Fully Developed Conditions
Curve Number Calculations

Basin ID	Total Area (ac)	Total Area (sq. mi.)	Residential			Parks (ac)	Open Space (ac)	Commercial (ac)	Schools (ac)	Weighted CN	Percent Impervious
			1 acre lots	1/4 acre lots	1/8 acre lots						
CF1	30.73	0.048	0.0	30.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	75.0	38%
CF2	32.28	0.050	0.0	32.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	75.0	38%
CF3	14.57	0.023	0.0	14.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	75.0	38%
CF4	12.17	0.019	0.0	5.9	0.0	6.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	67.7	18%
CF5	11.13	0.017	0.0	11.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	75.0	38%
CF6	16.02	0.025	0.0	0.0	16.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	85.0	65%
CF7	23.97	0.037	0.0	0.0	24.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	85.0	65%
CF8	30.25	0.047	0.0	0.0	30.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	85.0	65%

Land Use		CN	% Imp.
Residential	1 acre	68	20%
	1/4 Lots	75	38%
	1/8 Lots	85	65%
Parks		61	0%
Open Space		61	0%
Commercial		92	85%
Schools		80	52%



HMS * Summary of Results

Project : Cottonwood 2-20-06

Run Name : Run 6

Start of Run : 01Jan00 0000 Basin Model : Cottonwood-Developed
 End of Run : 02Jan00 0000 Met. Model : 5-yr Type IIa
 Execution Time : 16Oct06 1458 Control Specs : Control 1

Hydrologic Element	Discharge Peak (cfs)	Time of Peak	Volume (ac ft)	Drainage Area (sq mi)
CF1	26.324	01 Jan 00 0606	1.8125	0.048
Reach-1	26.014	01 Jan 00 0608	1.8116	0.048
CF2	25.748	01 Jan 00 0606	1.8874	0.050
Junction-1	51.568	01 Jan 00 0606	3.6990	0.098
Reach-2	51.504	01 Jan 00 0608	3.6991	0.098
CF3	13.234	01 Jan 00 0604	0.86870	0.023
Junction-2	63.895	01 Jan 00 0606	4.5678	0.121
Reach-3	63.469	01 Jan 00 0606	4.5680	0.121
CF4	4.6481	01 Jan 00 0608	0.42615	0.019
Junction-3	68.075	01 Jan 00 0608	4.9942	0.140
Reach-4	68.013	01 Jan 00 0608	4.9942	0.140
CF5	9.6183	01 Jan 00 0604	0.64204	0.017
Junction-4	76.827	01 Jan 00 0608	5.6362	0.157
Reach-5	76.649	01 Jan 00 0608	5.6357	0.157
CF6	29.213	01 Jan 00 0602	1.6761	0.025
Junction-5	98.735	01 Jan 00 0606	7.3117	0.182
Reach-6	97.452	01 Jan 00 0608	7.3098	0.182
CF7	39.697	01 Jan 00 0604	2.4794	0.037
Junction-6	135.65	01 Jan 00 0606	9.7892	0.219
Reach-8	135.28	01 Jan 00 0606	9.7895	0.219
CF8	54.411	01 Jan 00 0602	3.1508	0.047
Junction-8	183.27	01 Jan 00 0604	12.940	0.266
DF1	36.837	01 Jan 00 0630	9.9220	0.266
Reach-13	36.836	01 Jan 00 0630	9.9209	0.266
Sink-1	36.836	01 Jan 00 0630	9.9209	0.266

HMS * Summary of Results for DF1

Project : Cottonwood 2-20-06

Run Name : Run 6

Start of Run : 01Jan00 0000 Basin Model : Cottonwood-Developed

End of Run : 02Jan00 0000 Met. Model : 5-yr Type IIa

Execution Time : 16Oct06 1458 Control Specs : Control 1

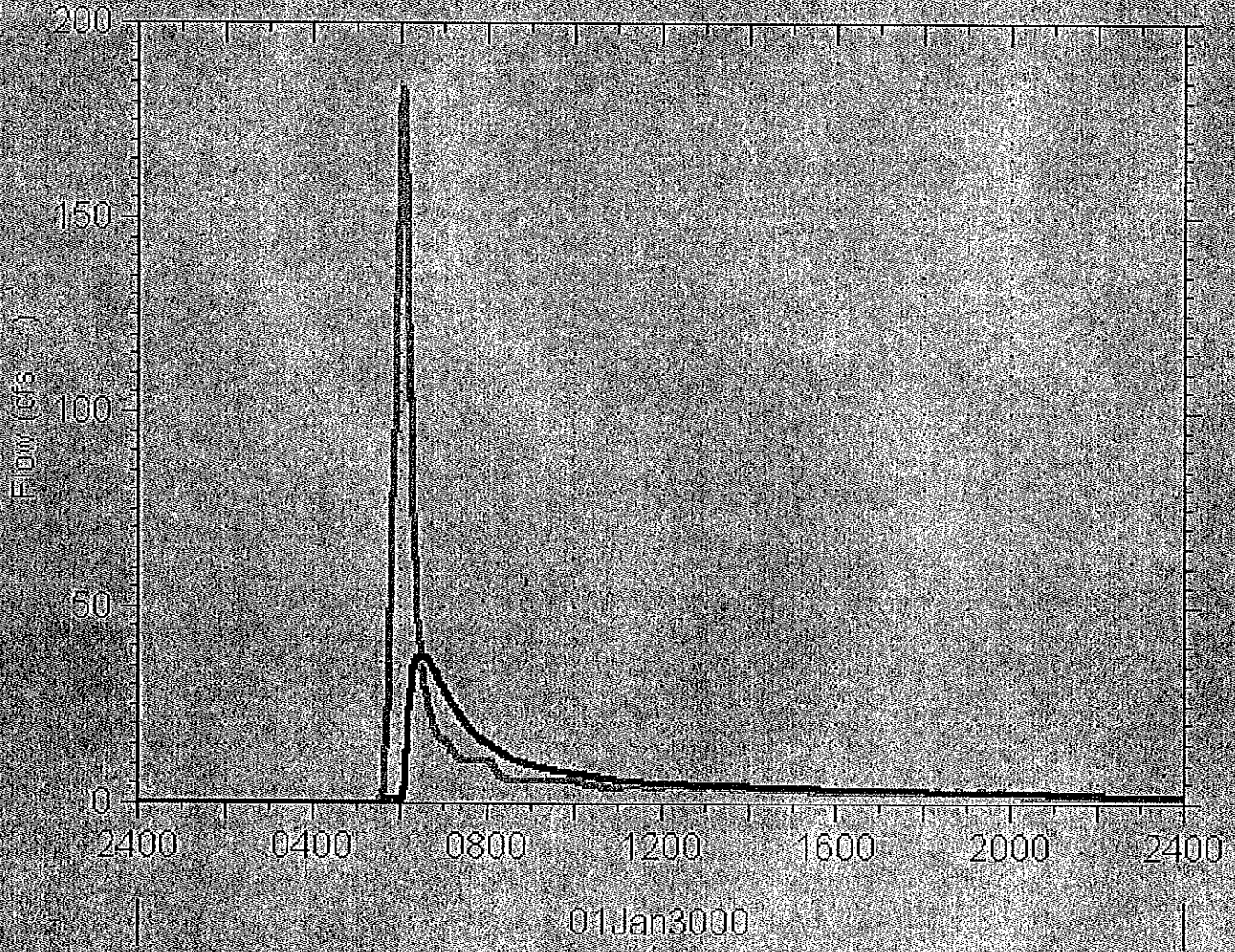
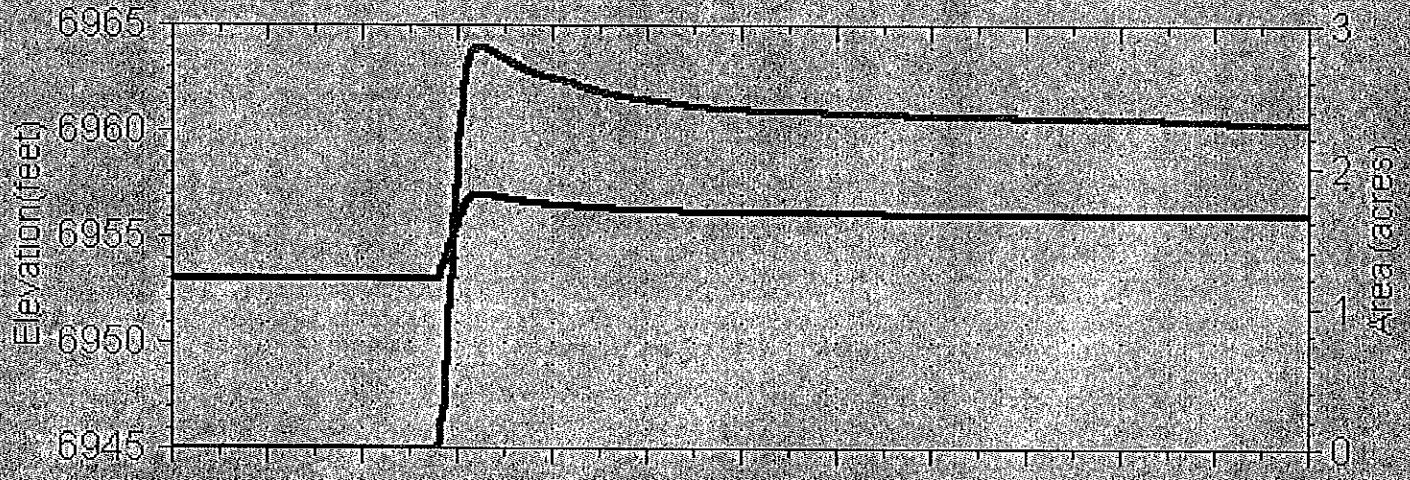
Computed Results

Peak Inflow : 183.27 (cfs) Date/Time of Peak Inflow : 01 Jan 00 0604

Peak Outflow : 36.837 (cfs) Date/Time of Peak Outflow : 01 Jan 00 0630

Total Inflow : 0.91 (in) Peak Storage : 5.6021(ac-ft)

Total Outflow : 0.70 (in) Peak Elevation : 6957.0(ft)



01Jan3000

HEC
HMS

- Elevation
- Area
- Inflow
- DF 1

Basin: Cottonwood
 Run: Run 6
 Time: 16 Oct 06

5-YR TYPE IIA

Print

Close

HMS * Summary of Results

Project : Cottonwood 2-20-06

Run Name : Run 5

Start of Run : 01Jan00 0000 Basin Model : Cottonwood-Developed
 End of Run : 02Jan00 0000 Met. Model : 100-yr Type IIa
 Execution Time : 16Oct06 1606 Control Specs : Control 1

Hydrologic Element	Discharge Peak (cfs)	Time of Peak	Volume (ac ft)	Drainage Area (sq mi)
CF1	78.309	01 Jan 00 0604	5.0395	0.048
Reach-1	77.980	01 Jan 00 0606	5.0385	0.048
CF2	77.792	01 Jan 00 0606	5.2481	0.050
Junction-1	155.77	01 Jan 00 0606	10.287	0.098
Reach-2	155.31	01 Jan 00 0606	10.287	0.098
CF3	39.029	01 Jan 00 0604	2.4152	0.023
Junction-2	192.63	01 Jan 00 0606	12.702	0.121
Reach-3	192.43	01 Jan 00 0606	12.703	0.121
CF4	19.769	01 Jan 00 0608	1.4602	0.019
Junction-3	212.11	01 Jan 00 0606	14.163	0.140
Reach-4	211.36	01 Jan 00 0606	14.164	0.140
CF5	28.569	01 Jan 00 0604	1.7851	0.017
Junction-4	238.93	01 Jan 00 0606	15.949	0.157
Reach-5	237.67	01 Jan 00 0606	15.949	0.157
CF6	63.981	01 Jan 00 0602	3.7536	0.025
Junction-5	290.93	01 Jan 00 0604	19.702	0.182
Reach-6	290.07	01 Jan 00 0606	19.699	0.182
CF7	88.687	01 Jan 00 0602	5.5531	0.037
Junction-6	374.20	01 Jan 00 0606	25.252	0.219
Reach-8	374.19	01 Jan 00 0606	25.253	0.219
CF8	119.66	01 Jan 00 0602	7.0565	0.047
Junction-8	487.03	01 Jan 00 0604	32.310	0.266
DF1	128.16	01 Jan 00 0624	29.098	0.266
Reach-13	128.16	01 Jan 00 0624	29.097	0.266
Sink-1	128.16	01 Jan 00 0624	29.097	0.266

HMS * Summary of Results for DFI

Project : Cottonwood 2-20-06

Run Name : Run 5

Start of Run : 01Jan00 0000 Basin Model : Cottonwood-Developed

End of Run : 02Jan00 0000 Met. Model : 100-yr Type IIa

Execution Time : 16Oct06 1456 Control Specs : Control 1

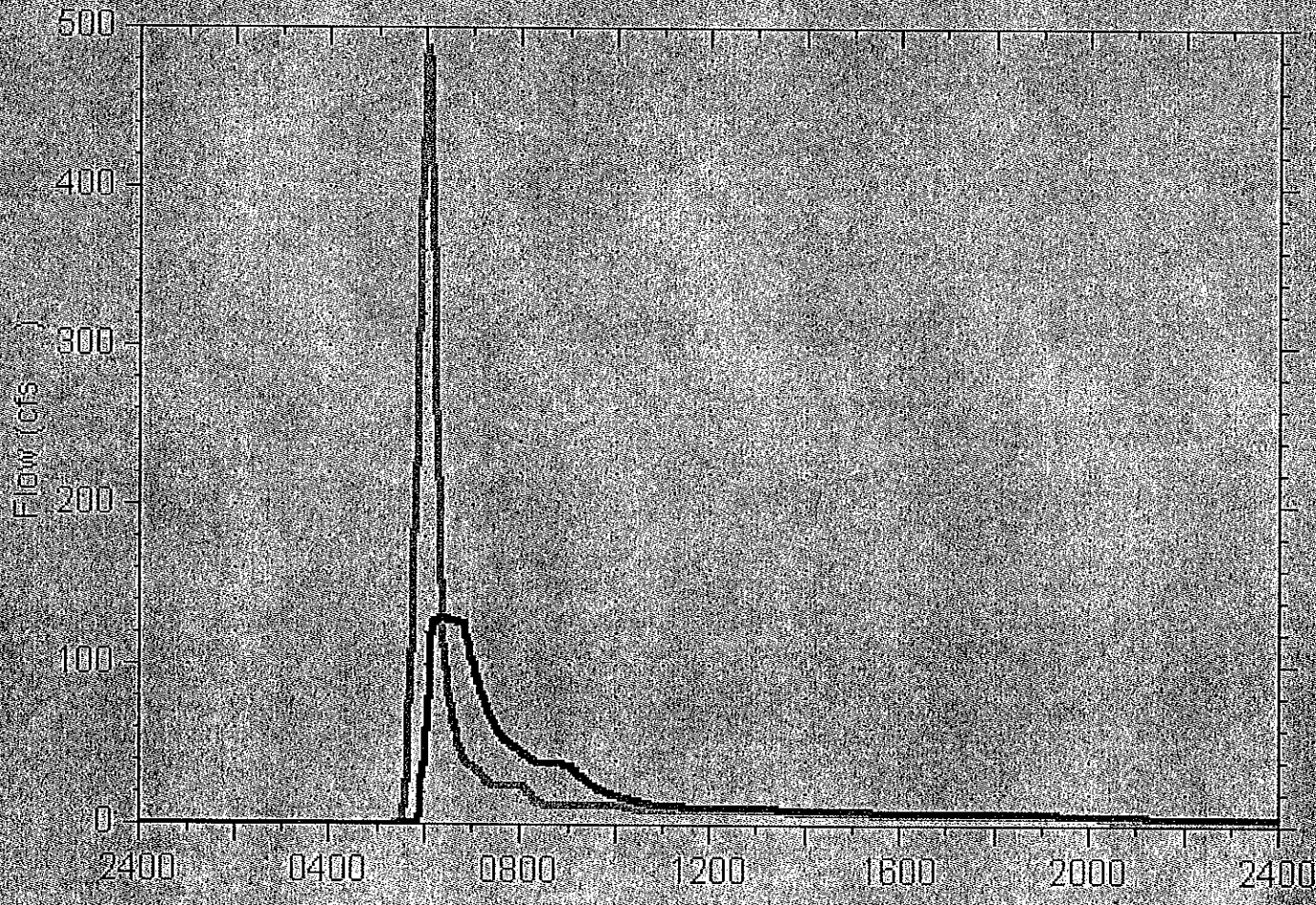
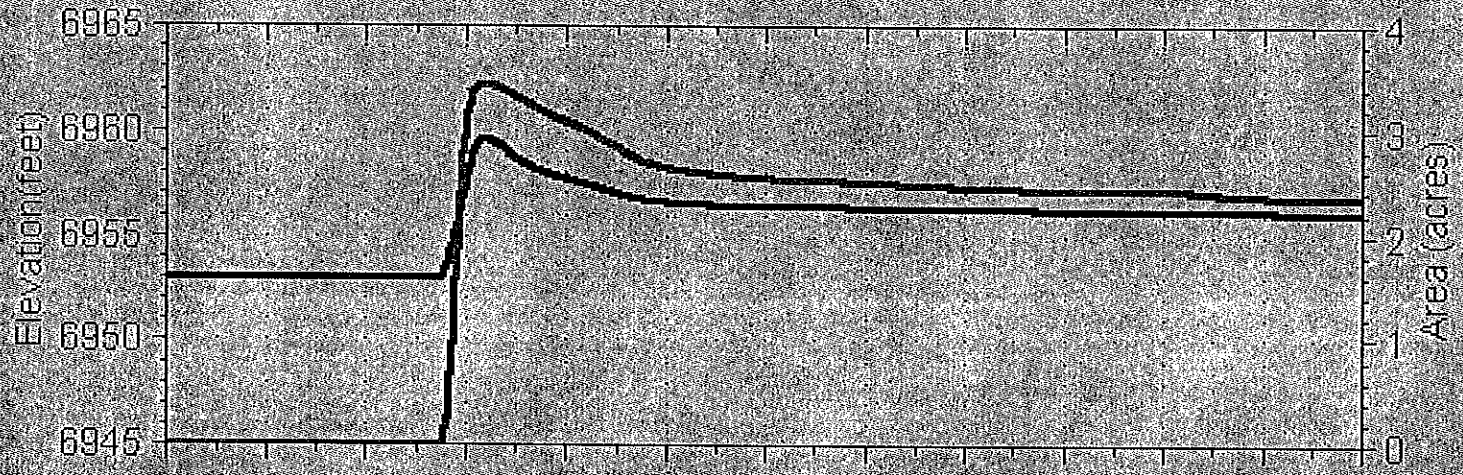
Computed Results

Peak Inflow : 487.03 (cfs) Date/Time of Peak Inflow : 01 Jan 00 0604

Peak Outflow : 128.16 (cfs) Date/Time of Peak Outflow : 01 Jan 00 0624

Total Inflow : 2.28 (in) Peak Storage : 13.991(ac-ft)

Total Outflow : 2.05 (in) Peak Elevation : 6959.6(ft)



01Jan3000

EC MS

— Elevation
 — Area
 — Inflow

— DF1

Basin: Cottonwood
 Run: Run 5
 Time: 16Oct06 16

100-YR TYPE IIA

Print

Close



Project CORDERA
 Subject DF-1 : Spillway Calcs.

Elev. = 6962.00

2.0 ft



Elev. = 6960.00

38.0 ft

$$Q_{Inflow} = 487.03 \text{ cfs (100-YR)}$$

Triangular Wier

$$Q_T = C \left(\frac{b}{15}\right) \tan\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) \sqrt{2g} H^{5/2}$$

$$= .61 \left(\frac{61}{15}\right) \tan\left(\frac{168.58}{2}\right) \sqrt{2(32.2)} (2)^{5/2}$$

$$Q_T = \underline{147.70 \text{ cfs}}$$

Rectangular Wier

$$Q_R = \frac{2}{3} C b \sqrt{2g} H^{3/2}$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} (.61) (38) \sqrt{2(32.2)} (2)^{3/2}$$

$$Q_R = \underline{350.76 \text{ cfs}}$$

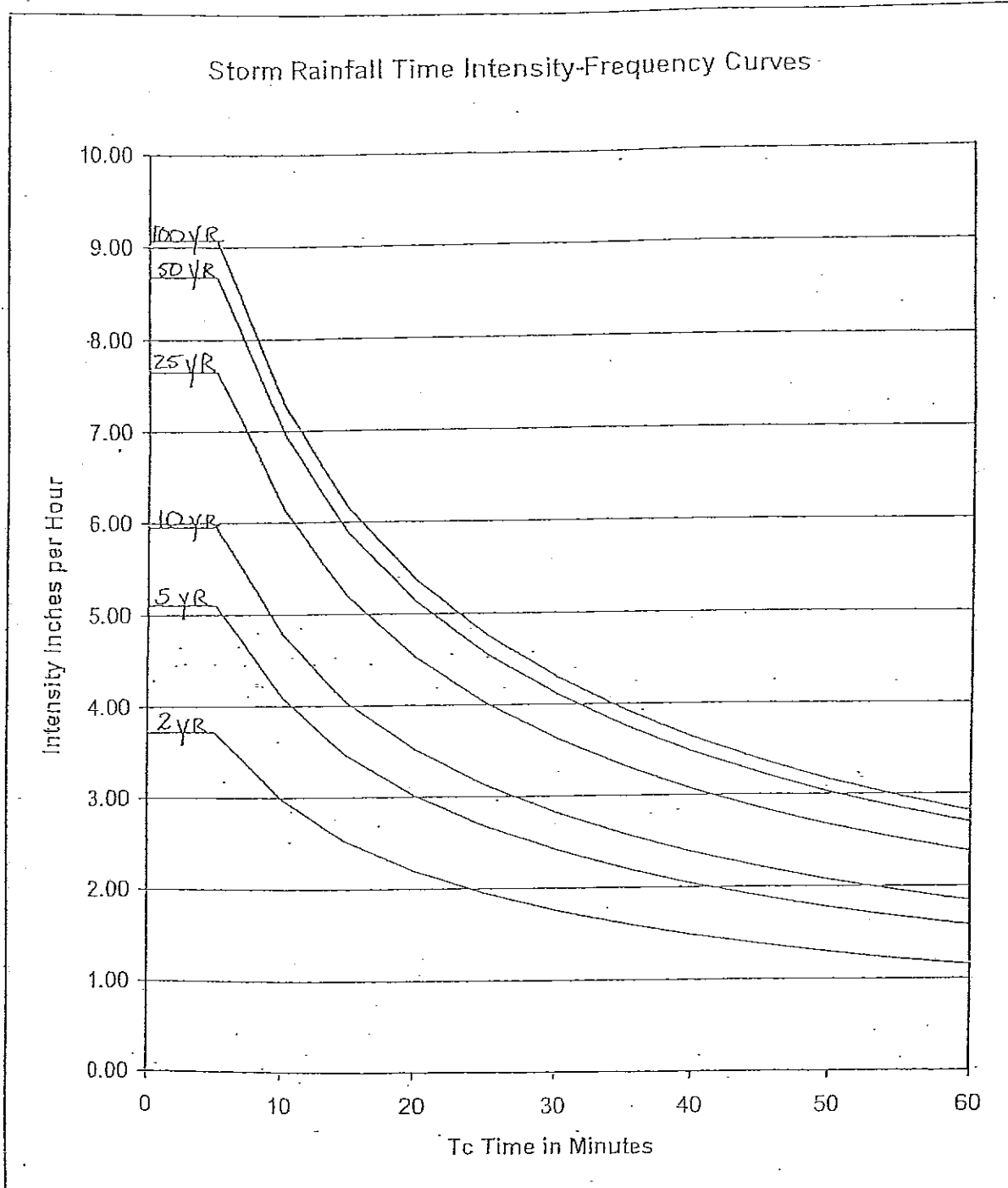
$$Q_{Total} = Q_R + Q_T$$

$$= 350.76 + 147.70$$

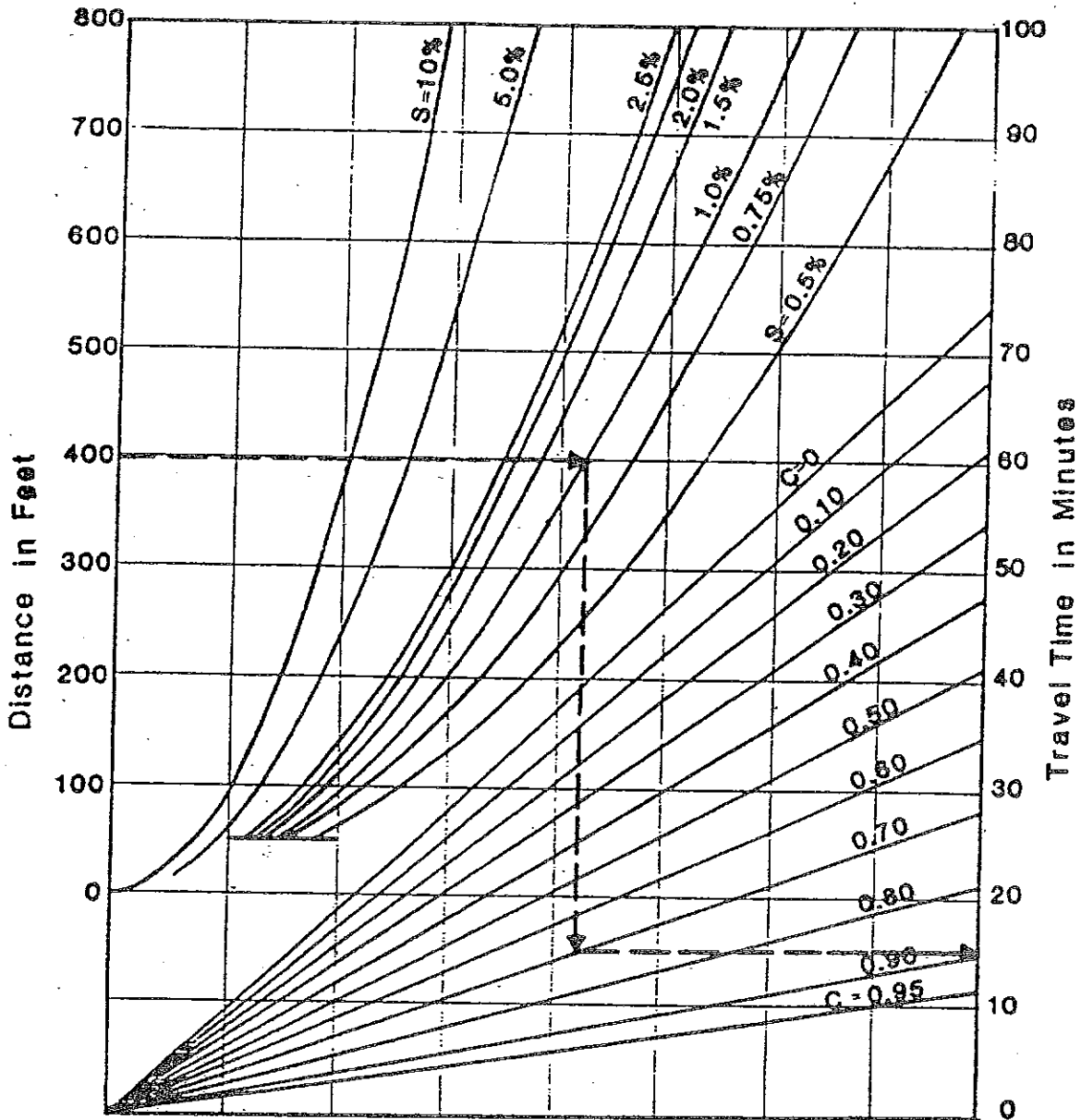
$$Q_{Total} = 498.46 \text{ cfs} > 487.03 \text{ cfs}$$

APPENDIX C

STANDARD DESIGN CHARTS AND TABLES



Rainfall Depth - Duration - Frequency Table derived from Rainfall Atlas III for Colorado
 Resource: Guo, James C.Y., (2001) "Urban Storm Water Modeling", Chapter 5: Runoff Prediction
 for Small Catchment, published by Auraria Campus Book Company,
 University of Colorado at Denver, Denver, Colorado.



REFERENCE : Wright - McLaughlin Engineers, Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual, Vol. 1,
 Denver Regional Council of Governments, Denver, Co. 1977



HDR Infrastructure, Inc.
 A Centerra Company

The City of Colorado Springs / El Paso County
 Drainage Criteria Manual

Overland Flow Curves

5-10

Date
 OCT. 1987

Figure

5-2

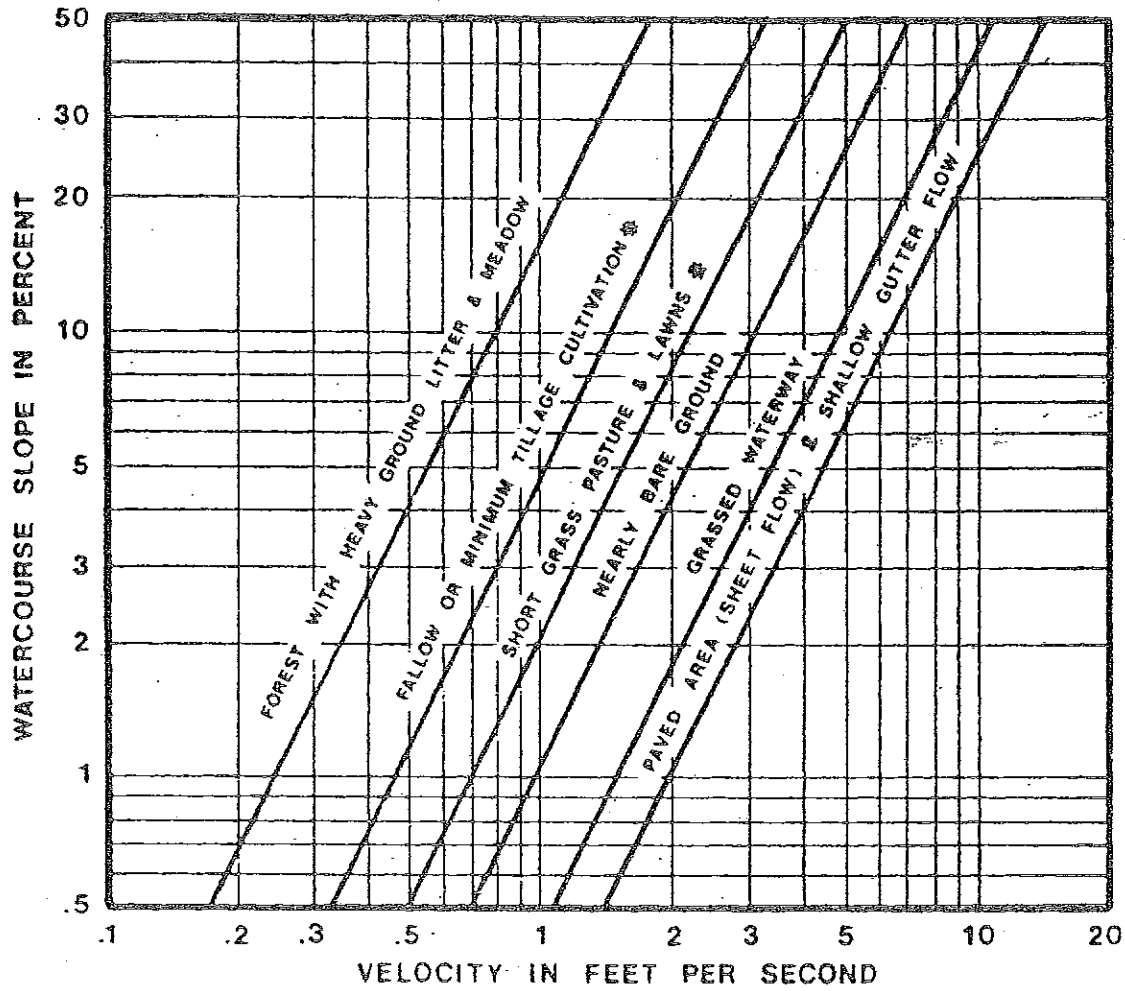
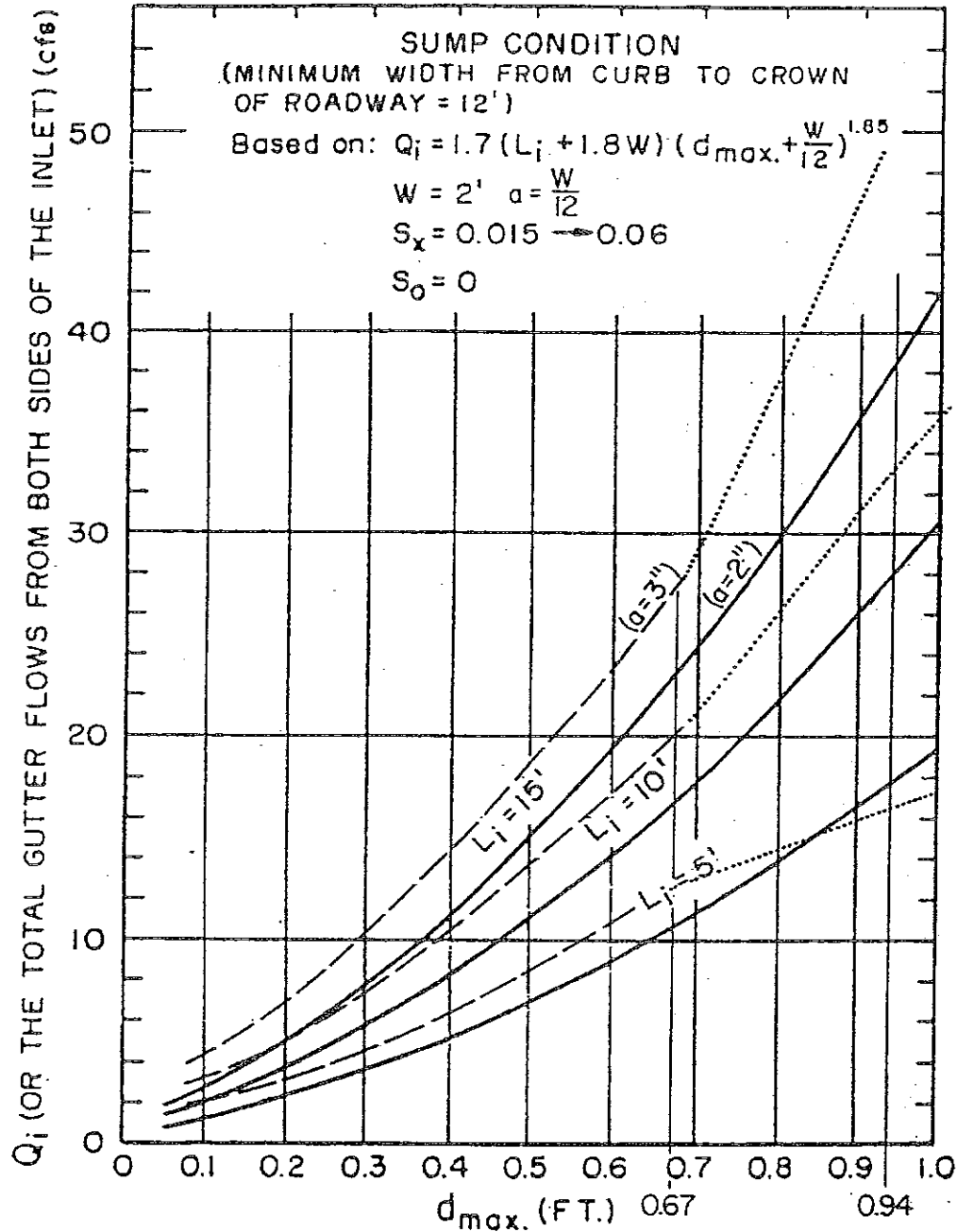


FIGURE RO-1

Estimate of Average Overland Flow Velocity for Use With the Rational Formula.



REFERENCE : Izzard, Carl. f., Report presented at the Annual Meeting of the National Transportation Board, January 1977; Simplified Method For Design of Curb-opening Inlets
 ----- (As Modified by El Paso County, per Type R Inlet)
 Note: Depth of ponding measured at curb above depressed area ; $a = 3''$, For $d \leq .67$
 $Q_i = (1.7 L_i + 6.12) (d_{max} + .25)^{1.85}$; $Q_i = 3.60 L_i (d - .08)^{-5}$ For $d \geq .94$; Note: No Clogging Factor

9/30/90



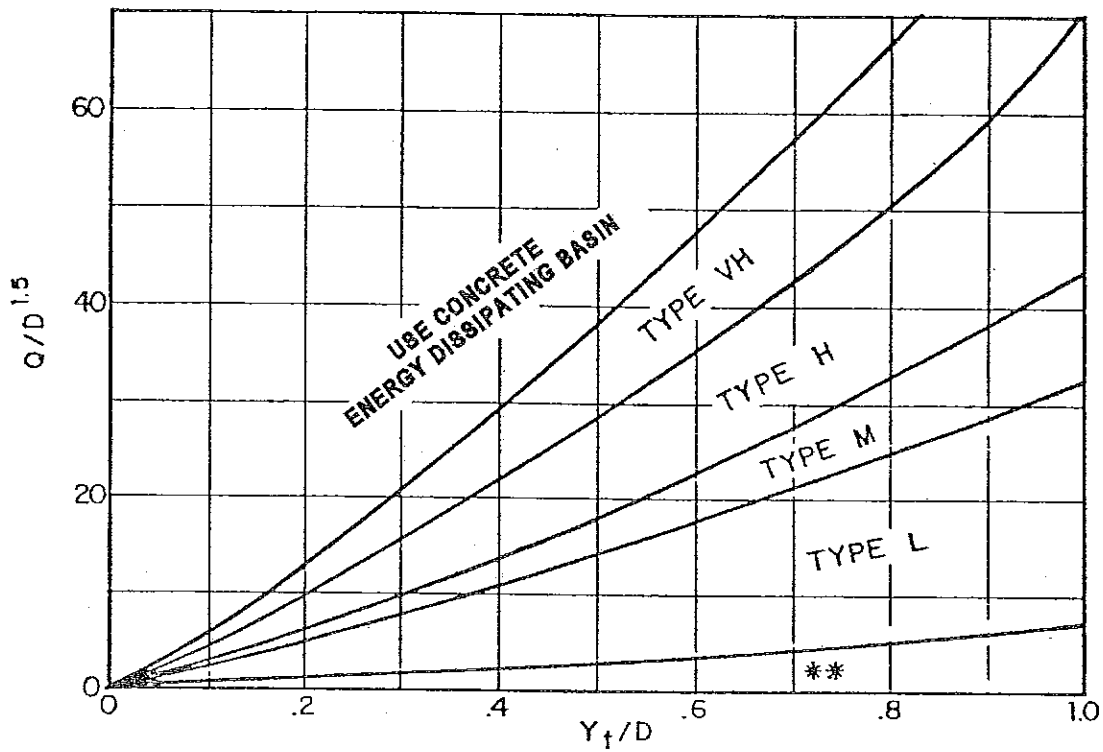
HDR Infrastructure, Inc.
A Centerra Company

The City of Colorado Springs / El Paso County
Drainage Criteria Manual

Sump Capacity for Curb-opening Inlets

7-38

Date	OCT. 1987
Figure	7-11



Use D_0 instead of D whenever flow is supercritical in the barrel.
 ** Use Type L for a distance of $3D$ downstream.

FIGURE MD-21

Riprap Erosion Protection at Circular Conduit Outlet Valid for $Q/D^{2.5} \leq 6.0$

TABLE MD-7

Classification and Gradation of Ordinary Riprap

Riprap Designation	% Smaller Than Given Size by Weight	Intermediate Rock Dimensions (inches)	d_{50} (inches)*
Type VL	70-100	12	6**
	50-70	9	
	35-50	6	
	2-10	2	
Type L	70-100	15	9**
	50-70	12	
	35-50	9	
	2-10	3	
Type M	70-100	21	12**
	50-70	18	
	35-50	12	
	2-10	4	
Type H	70-100	30	18
	50-70	24	
	35-50	18	
	2-10	6	
Type VH	70-100	42	24
	50-70	33	
	35-50	24	
	2-10	9	

* d_{50} = mean particle size (intermediate dimension) by weight.

** Mix VL and L riprap with 30% (by volume) topsoil and bury it with 6+ inches of topsoil, all vibration compacted, and revegetate.

Rock used for riprap should be hard, durable, angular in shape, and free from cracks, overburden, shale, and organic matter. Neither breadth nor thickness of a single stone should be less than one-third its length, and rounded stone should be avoided. The rock should sustain a loss of not more than 40% after 500 revolutions in an abrasion test (Los Angeles machine—ASTM C-535-69) and should sustain a loss of not more than 10% after 12 cycles of freezing and thawing (AASHTO test 103 for ledge rock procedure A). Rock having a minimum specific gravity of 2.65 is preferred; however, in no case should rock have a specific gravity less than 2.50.

4.4.1.2 Grouted Boulders. Table MD-8 provides the classification and size requirements for boulders. When grouted boulders are used, they provide a relatively impervious channel lining which is less subject to vandalism than ordinary riprap. Grouted boulders require less routine maintenance by reducing silt and trash accumulation and are particularly useful for lining low-flow channels and steep banks. The appearance of grouted boulders is enhanced by exposing the tops of individual stones and by cleaning the projecting rocks with a wet broom right after the grouting operation. In addition, it is recommended that grouted boulders on channel banks and outside of frequent flow areas be buried with topsoil and revegetated with native grasses, with or without shrubs depending on the local setting. Boulders used for

Kiowa Engineering Corporation

January 30, 2007

Mr. Tim Mitros
Subdivision Engineering
City of Colorado Springs
30 South Nevada, Suite 700
Colorado Springs, Colorado 80903

RE: Wolf Ranch Detention Basin A Final Design, Colorado Springs, Colorado (Kiowa Project No. 05104)

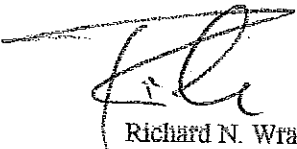
Dear Tim:

At the request of Rockwell Consulting Kiowa was asked to confirm that the peak discharge rate at the existing Powers Boulevard box culvert was held to historic levels. To confirm this Kiowa obtained the outflow hydrograph for the Grand Cordera Detention basin from Matrix and combined it with the hydrologic model for the basins within Wolf Ranch that drain to Detention Basin A and eventually to the culvert under Powers Boulevard.

Attached is our HEC-1 input and output that accounts for the Grand Cordera detention basin. The 100-year peak discharge obtained at design point A was 287 cubic feet per second. This compares to 555 cubic feet per second for the 100-year existing basin condition peak discharge at design point A as summarized in the Cottonwood Creek DBPS update prepared by Ayres and Associates and as referenced in the Grand Cordera MDDP prepared by Matrix. The capacity of the existing box culvert under Powers Boulevard far exceeds the 287 cubic feet per second estimated by Kiowa.

If Kiowa can be of any further assistance, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Sincerely,
KIOWA ENGINEERING CORPORATION



Richard N. Wray, P.E.
Principal

Cc: Keith Cerjan, Rockwell Consulting
Rich Gallegos, Matrix Design Group
RNW/rnw
0130rnw1

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*****
FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)
      JUN 1998
      VERSION 4.1
RUN DATE 30JAN07 TIME 10:27:24
*****

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*****
U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
HYDROLOGIC ENGINEERING CENTER
609 SECOND STREET
DAVIS, CALIFORNIA 95616
(916) 756-1104
*****

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X   X   KXXXXXX   KXXXX   X
X   X   X   X   M   XX
X   X   X   X   X   X
KXXXXXX   KXXX   X   KXXXX   X
X   X   X   X   X   X
X   X   X   X   X   X
X   X   KXXXXXX   KXXXX   XXX

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THIS PROGRAM REPLACES ALL PREVIOUS VERSIONS OF HEC-1 KNOWN AS HEC1 (CAN 73), HEC1GS, HEC1DB, AND HEC1KW.

THE DEFINITIONS OF VARIABLES: -RTIMP- AND -RTIOR- HAVE CHANGED FROM THOSE USED WITH THE 1973-STYLE INPUT STRUCTURE.

THE DEFINITION OF -AMSKK- ON RM-CARD WAS CHANGED WITH REVISIONS DATED 28 SEP 81. THIS IS THE FORTRAN77 VERSION

NEW OPTIONS: DAMBREAK OUTFLOW SUBMERGENCE , SINGLE EVENT DAMAGE CALCULATION, DES:WRITE STAGE FREQUENCY,

DSS:READ TIME SERIES AT DESIRED CALCULATION INTERVAL LOSS RATE:GREEN AND AMPT INFILTRATION

KINEMATIC WAVE: NEW FINITE DIFFERENCE ALGORITHM

HEC-1 INPUT

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LINE      ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10
1         ID      Wolf Ranch, Master Developed Drainage Plan
2         ID      A Basins, future development condition w/detention DETA-FD.DAT
3         ID      OUTFLOW FROM CORDERA DETENTION BASIN MODELED  EW 05104
4         ID      5-year and 100 Year, 24 hr Type IIA Storm
5         ID      HYDROGRAPH FROM CORDERA DETENTION BASIN INPUT TO RUN
          *DIAGRAM
6         IT      5      0      0      300
7         IO      5      0
8         JR      PREC      .56      1
9         KK      A-1
10        KM      RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN A-1
11        EA      .06C
12        IN      15

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13	PB	4.4										
14	PC	0.0000	0.0005	0.0015	0.0030	0.0045	0.0060	0.0080	0.0100	0.0120	0.0143	
15	PC	0.0165	0.0188	0.0210	0.0233	0.0255	0.0278	0.0320	0.0390	0.0460	0.0530	
16	PC	0.0600	0.0750	0.1000	0.4000	0.7000	0.7250	0.7500	0.7650	0.7800	0.7900	
17	PC	0.8000	0.8100	0.8200	0.8250	0.8300	0.8350	0.8400	0.8450	0.8500	0.8550	
18	PC	0.8600	0.8638	0.8675	0.8713	0.8750	0.8788	0.8825	0.8863	0.8900	0.8938	
19	PC	0.8975	0.9013	0.9050	0.9088	0.9115	0.9148	0.9180	0.9210	0.9240	0.9270	
20	PC	0.9300	0.9328	0.9350	0.9375	0.9400	0.9425	0.9450	0.9475	0.9500	0.9525	
21	PC	0.9550	0.9575	0.9600	0.9625	0.9650	0.9675	0.9700	0.9725	0.9750	0.9775	
22	PC	0.9800	0.9813	0.9825	0.9838	0.9850	0.9863	0.9875	0.9888	0.9900	0.9913	
23	PC	0.9925	0.9938	0.9950	0.9963	0.9975	0.9988	1.0000				
24	LS	0	61									
25	UD	.292										

26 KK A3
27 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN A-1 TO DP A3
28 RD 2700 .021 0.04 TRAP 10 4

29 KK A-3
30 KM RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN A-3
31 BA .15
32 LS 0 73
33 UD .221

34 KK DPA3
35 KM COMBINE SUB-BASIN A-3 AND A3
36 HC 2

37 KK A3A
38 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM DP A3 TO DP A4
39 RD 1100 .02 .013 CIRC 4

40 KK A-4
41 KM RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN A-4
42 BA .0861
43 LS 0 76.3
44 UD 0.21

HEC-1 INPUT

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

45 KK DPA4
46 KM COMBINE FLOW FROM A3A AND SUB-BASIN A-4
47 HC 2

48 KK A4
49 KM ROUTE RUNOFF FROM DPA4 TO A6
50 RD 450 .02 .013 CIRC 4.5

51 KK A6
52 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM A4 TO DP A6

53	RD	1550	.016	.013	TRAP	10	4
54	KK	A-11					
55	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN A-11					
56	BA	.381					
57	LS	0	76.8				
58	UD	.19					
59	KK	A11					
60	KM	ROUTE SUB-BASIN A-11 TO DP A8					
61	RD	1400	.02	.013	CIRC	3.5	
62	KK	A-8					
63	KM	RUNOFF FROM BASIN A-8					
64	BA	.378					
65	LS	0	83.9				
66	UD	.250					
67	KK	DP A8					
68	KM	COMBINE RUNOFF FROM SB A-8 AND A11					
69	HC	2					
70	KK	A8					
71	KM	ROUTE FLOW FROM DES POINT A8 TO DP A7					
72	RD	1100	.02	.013	CIRC	4.5	
73	KK	A-7					
74	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN A-7					
75	BA	.0500					
76	LS	0	76.6				
77	UD	.172					
78	KK	DP A7					
79	KM	COMBINE RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN A-7 AND A8					
80	HC	2					
81	KK	A7					
82	KM	ROUTE FLOW FROM DP A7 TO DP A6					
83	RD	800	0.02	0.013	CIRC	5	
					HEC-1 INPUT		
LINE	ID	1	2	3	4	5	6
		7	8	9	10		
84	KK	A-6					
85	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN A-6					
86	BA	.345					
87	LS	0	80.8				
88	UD	.21					
89	KK	DP A6					
90	KM	DESIGN POINT A6 COMBINE RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN A-6, A6 AND A7					

1

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91      HC      3
92      KK      A5
93      KM      ROUTE FLOW FROM DESIGN POINT A6 TO DP A5
94      RD      2200      .011      .04      TRAP      10      4

95      KK      A-12
96      KM      RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN A-12
97      BA      .048
98      LS      0      78
99      UD      .181

100     KK      A12
101     KM      ROUTE RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN A-12 TO DP A9
102     RD      1950      .02      .013      CIRC      3

103     KK      A-9
104     KM      RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN A-9
105     BA      .059
106     LS      0      76.3
107     UD      .263

108     KK      DP A9
109     KM      COMBINE RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN A-9 AND A12
110     HC      2

111     KK      A9
112     KM      ROUTE FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN A-9 TO DESIGN POINT A5
113     RD      500      .02      .016      CIRC      4

114     KK      A-5
115     KM      RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN A-5
116     BA      .1114
117     LS      0      69.7
118     UD      .209

119     KK      DPA5
120     KM      DP A5 COMBINE RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN A-5, A5 AND A9 THIS IS INFLOW
121     KM      TO DETENTION BASIN A
122     HC      3

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1

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 4

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

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123     KK      DEA
124     KM      ROUTE DP A5 THROUGH DETENTION BASIN A
125     RS      1      ELEV 6975.5
126     SV      0      .11      4.1      11.5      19.5      28      37.5      47.6
127     SE      6975.5      6976      6978      6980      6982      6984      6986      6988
128     SQ      0      10      20      40      80      120      160      900
129     SS      6987      250      2.6      1.5

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130	SI	6998	15	2.6	1.5						
131	KK	A10									
132	KK	ROUTE FLOW FROM DET BASIN DBA TO DESIGN POINT A1									
133	RD	1.100	.032	.013		CIRC	4				
134	KK	GC									
135	KK	OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH FROM CORDERA DETENTION BASIN									
136	BA	.37									
137	QI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
138	QI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
139	QI	0	0	0	1	37	127	1	126	101	77
140	QT	60	51	45	40	38		37	30	24	21
141	KK	DP A1									
142	KK	COMBINE OUTFLOW FROM GRAND CORDERA DETENTION BASIN AND A10									
143	HC	2									
144	KK	A-10									
145	KK	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN A-10									
146	BA	.0096									
147	LS	0	79.6								
148	UD	.231									
149	KK	DPA									
150	KK	DESIGN POINT A COMBINE RUNOFF SUB-BASIN A-10 AND DP A1									
151	HC	2									
152	ZS										

1

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM OF STREAM NETWORK

INPUT LINE NO. (V) ROUTING (--->) DIVERSION OR PUMP FLOW
 (.) CONNECTOR (<---) RETURN OF DIVERTED OR PUMPED FLOW

9 A-1
 V
 V
 26 A3
 .
 .
 29 . A-3
 .
 .
 34 DPAS.....
 V
 V
 37 A3A
 .
 .
 40 . A-4
 .

45	DPA4.....		
	V		
	V		
48	A4		
	V		
	V		
51	A6		
	.		
54	.	A-11	
	.	V	
	.	V	
59	.	A11	
	.	.	
62	.	.	A-8
	.	.	.
67	.	DE A8.....	
	.	V	
	.	V	
70	.	A8	
	.	.	
73	.	.	A-7
	.	.	.
78	.	DE A7.....	
	.	V	
	.	V	
81	.	A7	
	.	.	
84	.	.	A-6
	.	.	.
89	DEA6.....		
	V		
	V		
92	A5		
	.		
95	.	A-12	
	.	V	
	.	V	
100	.	A12	
	.	.	
103	.	.	A-9
	.	.	.

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108      .      DF A90.....
      .      V
      .      V
111      .      A90
      .
      .
114      .      .      A-5
      .
      .
119      DEAS.....
      V
      V
123      DBA
      V
      V
131      A10
      .
      .
134      .      GC
      .
      .
141      DF A1.....
      .
      .
144      .      A-10
      .
      .
149      DPA.....

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(***) RUNOFF ALSO COMPUTED AT THIS LOCATION

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1*****
*
* FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1) *
*      JUN 1998                      *
*      VERSION 4.1                   *
*
* RUN DATE 30JAN97 TIME 10:27:24    *
*
*****

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*****
*
* U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS.    *
* HYDROLOGIC ENGINEERING CENTER    *
* 609 SECOND STREET                 *
* DAVIS, CALIFORNIA 95616          *
* (916) 756-1104                   *
*
*****

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Wolf Ranch, Master Developed Drainage Plan
 A Basins, future development condition w/detention DEYA-FD.DAT
 OUTFLOW FROM CORDERA DETENTION BASIN MODELED FN 05104
 5-year and 100 Year, 24 hr Type IIA Storm
 HYDROGRAPH FROM CORDERA DETENTION BASIN INPUT TO RUN

7 IO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 5 PRINT CONTROL

I PLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE

IT HYDROGRAPH TIME DATA
 NMIN 5 MINUTES IN COMPUTATION INTERVAL
 IDATE 1 0 STARTING DATE
 ITIME 0000 STARTING TIME
 NQ 200 NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES
 NDDATE 2 0 ENDING DATE
 NDTIME 0065 ENDING TIME
 ICENT 19 CENTURY MARK

COMPUTATION INTERVAL .09 HOURS
 TOTAL TIME BASE 24.92 HOURS

ENGLISH UNITS

DRAINAGE AREA SQUARE MILES
 PRECIPITATION DEPTH INCHES
 LENGTH, ELEVATION FEET
 FLOW CUBIC FEET PER SECOND
 STORAGE VOLUME ACRE-Feet
 SURFACE AREA ACRES
 TEMPERATURE DEGREES FAHRENHEIT

IP MULTI-PLAN OPTION
 NPLAN 1 NUMBER OF PLANS

IR MULTI-RATIO OPTION
 RATIOS OF PRECIPITATION
 .56 1.00

1

PEAK FLOW AND STAGE (END-OF-PERIOD) SUMMARY FOR MULTIPLE PLAN-RATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS
 FLOWS IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND, AREA IN SQUARE MILES
 TIME TO PEAK IN HOURS

OPERATION	STATION	AREA	PLAN	RATIOS APPLIED TO PRECIPITATION	
				RATIO 1	RATIO 2
				.56	1.00
HYDROGRAPH AT					
+	A-1	.06	1	FLOW	32.
				TIME	6.25
ROUTED TO					
+	A3	.06	1	FLOW	32.
				TIME	6.30
HYDROGRAPH AT					
+	A-3	.15	1	FLOW	194.
				TIME	6.17

2 COMBINED AT						
+	DPA3	.21	1	FLOW TIME	49. 6.17	196. 6.17
ROUTED TO						
+	A3A	.21	1	FLOW TIME	49. 6.17	195. 6.17
HYDROGRAPH AT						
+	A-4	.09	1	FLOW TIME	39. 6.08	133. 6.08
2 COMBINED AT						
+	DPA4	.30	1	FLOW TIME	86. 6.17	322. 6.08
ROUTED TO						
+	A4	.30	1	FLOW TIME	86. 6.17	319. 6.08
ROUTED TO						
+	A6	.30	1	FLOW TIME	85. 6.17	315. 6.17
HYDROGRAPH AT						
+	A-11	.08	1	FLOW TIME	41. 6.08	134. 6.08
ROUTED TO						
+	A11	.08	1	FLOW TIME	39. 6.08	131. 6.08
HYDROGRAPH AT						
+	A-8	.08	1	FLOW TIME	57. 6.17	152. 6.08
2 COMBINED AT						
+	DP A8	.16	1	FLOW TIME	95. 6.08	283. 6.08
ROUTED TO						
+	A8	.16	1	FLOW TIME	94. 6.17	278. 6.08
HYDROGRAPH AT						
+	A-7	.05	1	FLOW TIME	26. 6.08	84. 6.08
2 COMBINED AT						
+	DP A7	.21	1	FLOW TIME	118. 6.08	362. 6.08

ROUTED TO						
+	A7	.21	1	FLOW	116.	358.
				TIME	6.17	6.08
HYDROGRAPH AT						
+	A-6	.05	1	FLOW	29.	84.
				TIME	6.08	6.08
3 COMBINED AT						
+	DPA6	.55	1	FLOW	228.	745.
				TIME	6.17	6.08
ROUTED TO						
+	A5	.55	1	FLOW	225.	732.
				TIME	6.25	6.17
HYDROGRAPH AT						
+	A-12	.05	1	FLOW	27.	84.
				TIME	6.08	6.08
ROUTED TO						
+	A12	.05	1	FLOW	26.	82.
				TIME	6.08	6.08
HYDROGRAPH AT						
+	A-9	.06	1	FLOW	24.	81.
				TIME	6.17	6.17
2 COMBINED AT						
+	DP A9	.11	1	FLOW	49.	161.
				TIME	6.17	6.08
ROUTED TO						
+	A9	.11	1	FLOW	49.	159.
				TIME	6.17	6.08
HYDROGRAPH AT						
+	A-5	.11	1	FLOW	27.	126.
				TIME	6.17	6.08
3 COMBINED AT						
+	DPA5	.77	1	FLOW	288.	1003.
				TIME	6.25	6.17
ROUTED TO						
+	DEA	.77	1	FLOW	38.	160.
				TIME	7.17	6.83

** PEAK STAGES IN FEET **

1	STAGE	6979.79	6985.98
	TIME	7.17	6.83

ROUTED TO						
+	A10	.77	1	FLOW TIME	38. 7.25	160. 6.92
HYDROGRAPH AT						
+	GE	.27	1	FLOW TIME	128. 6.50	128. 6.50
2 COMBINED AT						
+	DE A1	1.04	1	FLOW TIME	162. 6.75	285. 6.75
HYDROGRAPH AT						
+	A-10	.01	1	FLOW TIME	5. 6.08	16. 6.08
2 COMBINED AT						
+	DBA	1.05	1	FLOW TIME	163. 6.75	287. 6.75

SUMMARY OF DAM OVERTOPPING/BREACH ANALYSIS FOR STATION DBA
 (PEAKS SHOWN ARE FOR INTERNAL TIME STEP USED DURING BREACH FORMATION)

PLAN 1

	ELEVATION	INITIAL VALUE	SPILLWAY CREST	TOP OF DAM			
STORAGE		6975.53	6987.03	6988.00			
OUTFLOW		0.	43.	48.			
		0.	530.	900.			
RATIO OF PNE	MAXIMUM RESERVOIR W.S., ELEV	MAXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS	DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS
.56	6979.79	.00	11.	38.	.00	7.17	.00
1.00	6985.98	.00	37.	160.	.00	6.83	.00

*** NORMAL END OF HEC-1 ***