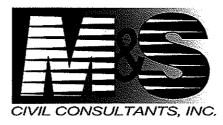
# MASTER DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE PLAN AND FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT FOR SHILOH MESA & SHILOH MESA FILING No.1

December 2015

Prepared for:

COLA, LLC 1710 Jet Stream Drive Colorado Springs, CO 80921 Mike DeGrant

Prepared by:



20 Boulder Crescent, STE 110 Colorado Springs, CO 80903 (719) 955-5485

Project #08-026

OFFICE

### MASTER DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE PLAN AND FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT FOR SHILOH MESA & SHILOH MESA FILING NO. 1

### DRAINAGE PLAN STATEMENTS

### **ENGINEER'S STATEMENT**

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according to the criteria acceptable to the City of Colorado Springs. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errors or omissions on my part in preparing this report.

Virgil A. Sa For and on Behalf of M & S Civil Consultants, Inc. DEVELOPER'S STATEMENT

I, the developer, have read and will comply with all the requirements specified in this drainage report and plan.

COLA, LLC

Mike DeGrant

DATE: 12-21-15

TITLE:

Owner & Manager

ADDRESS:

COLA, LLC

1710 Jet Stream Drive

Colorado Springs, CO 80921

CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS

Filed in accordance with Section 7-7-906 of the Code of the City of Colorado Springs, 2001, as amended.

For The City Engineer

CONDITIONS: Comments p.9, 16, 17

### MASTER DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE PLAN AND FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT FOR SHILOH MESA & SHILOH MESA FILING NO. 1

### **CERTIFICATION STATEMENT**

"This report and plan for the final drainage design of Master Development Drainage Plan and Final Drainage Report for Shiloh Mesa & Shiloh Mesa Filing No. 1 was prepared by me (or under my direct supervision) in accordance with the provisions of City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual Volumes 1 and 2, Drainage Design and Technical Criteria for the owners thereof. I understand that the City of Colorado Springs does not and will not assume liability for drainage facilities designed by others."

SIGNATURE:

Virgil A. Sanchez P.E. #37160

For and on Behalf of M & S Civil Consultants, Inc.

"COLA, LLC hereby certifies that the drainage facilities for of Master Development Drainage Plan and Final Drainage Report for Shiloh Mesa & Shiloh Mesa Filing No. 1 shall be constructed according to the design presented in this report. COLA, LLC understand that the City of Colorado Springs does not and will not assume liability for the drainage facilities designed and/or certified by my engineer and that the City of Colorado Springs reviews drainage plans pursuant to Colorado Revised Statutes, Title 30, Article 28 (verify reference to CRS); but cannot, on behalf of Master Development Drainage Plan and Final Drainage Report for Shiloh Mesa & Shiloh Mesa Filing No. 1, guarantee that fmal drainage design review will absolve COLA, LLC and/or their successors and /or assigns of future liability for improper design. COLA, LLC further understand that approval of the final plat does not imply approval of my engineer's drainage design."

COLA, LLC

BY:

Mike DeGrant Luth to

DATE: 12-21-15

### MASTER DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE PLAN AND FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT FOR SHILOH MESA & SHILOH MESA FILING NO. 1

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### MASTER DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE PLAN AND FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT FOR SHILOH MESA & SHILOH MESA FILING NO. 1

### **PURPOSE**

This document is the Master Development Drainage Plan and Final Drainage Report for Shiloh Mesa & Shiloh Mesa Filing No. 1. The purpose of this document is to identify and analyze on and offsite drainage patterns and to ensure that post development runoff is routed through the site safely and in a manner that satisfies the requirements set forth by the Drainage Criteria Manual. The site to be known as Shiloh Mesa & Shiloh Mesa Filing No. 1 will be developed as single family lots with common areas and trails.

### GENERAL LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION

Shiloh Mesa-Residential is located in Section 4, Township 13 South, Range 65 West of the 6th P.M. in the City of Colorado Springs, El Paso County, Colorado. The site is bound on the north by low density residential development and by Sand Creek. The eastern boundary is bound by the Mustang Road right-of way. The majority of the western boundary of the site is bounded by Sand Creek and future Marksheffel rights-of-way. The southern reach of the western boundary is bounded by the future alignment of N. Marksheffel Road. The southern boundary is bounded by Woodmen Valley Chapel. Woodmen Road lies beyond Woodmen Valley Chapel, approximately 1800 feet to the south. The site lies within the Sand Creek Drainage Basin. Flows from this site are tributary to Sand Creek.

The Shiloh Mesa property consists of 68.88 acres total (including the platted portion of Marksheffel Road) and the Shiloh Mesa Filing No. 1 (including the platted portion of Marksheffel Road) consist of 19.956 acres which is presently undeveloped. Vegetation is sparse, consisting of native grasses, shrubs and a few trees. Existing site terrain generally slopes from north to south and southwest at grade rates that vary between 2% and 15%.

The Shiloh Mesa & Shiloh Mesa Filing No. 1 property is currently zoned "PUD" and is proposed as a phased, Single Family Residential Development. Improvements proposed with Shiloh Mesa include paving, trails, sanitary sewer, water, storm drain, and three (3) water quality ponds to serve a total of 237 lots. Development will occur over 4 phases.

### **SOILS**

Soils for this project are delineated by the map in the appendix as Columbine gravelly sandy loam (19) and Pring Coarse Sandy Loam (71) and is characterized as Hydrologic Soil Types "A" & "B", respectively. Soils in the study area are shown as mapped by S.C.S. in the "Soils Survey of El Paso County Area". The study area consists of undeveloped land with sparse, grassy vegetation, shrubs, and a few trees.

### HYDROLOGIC CALCULATIONS

Hydrologic calculations were performed using the El Paso County and City of Colorado Springs Storm Drainage Design Criteria manual. The Rational Method was used to estimate storm water runoff anticipated from design storms with 5-year and 100-year recurrence intervals.

### HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS

Hydraulic calculations were estimated using the Manning's Formula and the methods described in the El Paso County and City of Colorado Springs Storm Drainage Design Criteria manual the pertinent data sheets are included in the appendix of this report.

### FLOODPLAIN STATEMENT

According to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Panel No. 08041C0535 F, effective date March 17, 1997 and revised to reflect LOMR, dated December 7, 2005, the site lies adjacent to and is impacted by a SFHA Zone "AE". A zone "AE" is an area that is likely to be inundated by flows that occur during a 100-year event, for which a detailed study has been performed and for which Base Flood Elevations have been established. An annotated FIRM Panel is included in the Appendix with selected portions of Case No. 04-08- 0779P. The floodplain has been shown on the Shiloh Mesa Pre-Development and Post-Development Hydrology Maps also located in the appendix of the report

### DRAINAGE CRITERIA

This drainage analysis has been prepared in accordance with the current City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual. Calculations were performed to determine runoff quantities for the 5-year and 100-year frequency storms for developed conditions using the Rational Method as required for basins having areas less than 100 acres.

### EXISTING DRAINAGE CONDITIONS

The overall site consists of 68.88 acres and is situated on the northern reach of the Sand Creek Watershed (refer to the Shiloh Mesa Pre Development Hydrology Map in the appendix). This area was previously studied in the approved "Sand Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study", by Kiowa Engineering Corporation (DBPS), and subsequently in the approved "Master Development Drainage Plan for Woodmen Heights Master Plan", by Classic Consulting Engineers & Surveyors (Classic MDDP) approved August 2004 and the "Master Development Drainage Plan for Shiloh Mesa at Woodmen Heights Sand Creek Drainage Basin", by Matrix Design Group, Inc. (Matrix MDDP) approved November 2009. In order to compare past studies, a portion of the drainage basins within this study are denoted by asterisks. The drainage basins labels preceded (or followed) by an single asterisk (\*) are referencing watersheds previously illustrated and/or described within the "Master Development Drainage Plan for Woodmen Heights Master Plan", by Classic Consulting Engineers, & Surveyors. Those drainage basins labels preceded (or followed) by two asterisks (\*\*) are referencing watersheds previously illustrated and/or described within the "Master Development Drainage Plan for Shiloh Mesa at Woodmen Heights Sand Creek Drainage Basin", by Matrix Design Group Inc. that have been altered slightly by this report in size and discharge due to additional available information at the time of this report. Refer the drainage basin descriptions that follow for additional information as well as the drainage map located within the appendix of this report.

Flows tributary to the eastern boundary of this site are characterized by Basin "OS-5" in the Classic MDDP. The offsite tributary consists of 323 acres and generates 72 cfs & 340 cfs during the 5 and 100-year events, respectively (SCS method). This same basin was later studied in the Matrix MDDP and the offsite tributary consisted of 323 acres and generated 201.7 cfs & 404.0 cfs during the 5 and 100-year events, respectively (rational method). The difference in the flows note between the two

report lies in the land use and the criteria used to evaluate the basin. Per the Drainage Criteria Manual implemented by the City of Colorado Springs (at the time both reports were written) it is recommended the SCS method be utilized to evaluate a drainage basin of this size. As such, the Classic MDDP flow rates have be utilized when analyzing runoff from Basin "OS-5" (henceforth OS5\* or \*OS5). Per the report, in the existing condition the offsite flows from Basin OS5\* cross Mustang Road via existing culverts located to the south of Kenosha Drive. The existing culvert crossing was identified in the Classic MDDP as dual 42" diameter CMP's. Based upon field investigation, conducted by M&S consultants during early 2015, the existing dual 42" diameter CMP culverts, under Mustang Road, appear to be in acceptable condition. The culverts also appear to have operated as intended from a capacity standpoint showing little to no evidence of significant degradation or erosion associated with high culvert velocities or roadway over topping due to limited capacity.

Per the Classic MDDP the existing dual 42" CMPs located along Mustang Road should be replaced by dual 60" diameter RCPs. Unfortunately, the MDDP report does not specify what development would require the replacement of the culverts, however most often, upstream development triggers and increased runoff downstream improvements. M&S Civil Consultants met with El Paso County and provided historic and draft drainage documentation for their review. In subsequent meetings and discussions, El Paso County determined that since there is no new development which is to occur upstream of the existing dual 42" culverts (as a result of this project), the existing culverts shall remain in place and no drainage improvements are required at this location with construction of the Shiloh Mesa development.

With the development of Shiloh Mesa the flows from the existing dual 42" culverts are planned to outfall on to a proposed rip rap apron prior to entering a proposed 22.7' L x 2.9' W area drain inlet. Runoff intercepted by the inlet box is planned to be routed thru the subdivision via a proposed 72" RCP. It should be noted that the referenced Classic MDDP recommended either a grass lined channel with 20' bottom width or a 72" diameter RCP, west of the existing dual 42" CMP culverts to aid in conveying runoff to the adjacent channel.

Per the discussions with El Paso County the proposed inlet box and 72" RCP are to be constructed entirely within the Shiloh Mesa property. The installation of riprap between the existing 42" CMP culverts and the inlet box, will fall within the County Rights of way and shall require additional coordination with El Paso County to obtain necessary easements and permits as well establish ownership and maintenance obligations (See proposed drainage characteristics for more discussion regarding this crossing and the proposed improvements).

It should be noted that the Shiloh Mesa property correlates with Parcels 15, 20, and a portion of Parcels 16 and 21 in the aforementioned Classic MDDP. Per the report, the Sand Creek Drainage Basin, Detention Facility No.3 will provide the necessary 100 year detention volume requirements for the site. Water quality treatment is proposed to be provided within the site. Stormwater Detention and Infiltration Design Data Sheets (SDI spreadsheets) are also been provided within appendix of this report.

The undeveloped site generally slopes from north to south and southwest at grades ranging between 2% & 15%. The majority of the steep slopes are found adjacent to the existing Sand Creek Channel, located along the western boundary of the proposed site. Offsite flows enter the site along the north boundary via the Sand Creek Channel, and as shallow concentrated flow by runoff generated over Basin OS1. In the existing condition, runoff from Basin OS1 combines with flows produced by onsite Basin H1 at Design Point H1. Offsite runoff is also accepted onsite along the eastern boundary at the above-

mentioned culvert crossing. Offsite runoff that impacts the eastern boundary is generated from Basin OS-5\*. Basin OS-5\* runoff crosses Mustang Road and combines with runoff from Basin's OS1 & H1 at Design Point H1. Flows from Design Point H1 convey south across onsite Basin H2 to Design Point H2. Runoff from Basins H1, H2, OS1, & OS5\* combine at Design Point H2 and discharge across the southern property boundary. Runoff generated over Basin H3 conveys south to Design Point H3, then across the southern property boundary. Runoff generated over Basin H4 conveys south to Design Point H4, then outlets into Sand Creek along the west property boundary. Runoff generated over Basin H5 conveys south to Design Point H5, then outlets into Sand Creek along the west property boundary. Runoff generated over Basin H6 conveys southwest. Basin H6 flows gather along the eastern edge of future Marksheffel Road and convey south, to Design Point H6, then across the southern property boundary. Historic flows from Design Point H2, H3, H4, H5 and H6 follow historic patterns as described in the Matrix MDDP (reference existing conditions drainage plan).

### PROPOSED DRAINAGE CHARACTERISTICS

The offsite basins have been calculated using an assumed land use per the MDDP prepared by Classic Consulting Engineers & Surveyors, if these land uses later change and have an increase in runoff due to a change in impervious area these upstream owners will need to restrict flow to the runoff calculated here in this report and the MDDP report.

The following is a description of the offsite and onsite basins, offsite bypass flows, and the overall future drainage characteristics for the development of Shiloh Mesa. These calculations have been provided to show that what is proposed will be adequate to convey flows when adjacent development occurs. The following Design Points and Basins were analyzed using the Rational Method since each individual basin is less than 100 acres and the combined acreage at any Design Point is also less than 100 acres. This method offers a more conservative approach to sizing swales and storm drain.

**Basin OSI**, 4.3 acres, consists of developed 5-acre ranch properties. Runoff of Q5=3.8 cfs and Q100=9.0 cfs will be conveyed to Design Point OS1 via a proposed trapezoidal diversion channel. The channel will outfall to Sand Creek along the north boundary line. A proposed rip rap apron will be constructed to dissipate energy and prevent local scour at the outlet.

Basin OS5\*, 323 acres, consist of developed 5-acre ranch properties. Peak runoff rates reaching the east property line of Shiloh Mesa from Basin OS5\* are anticipated to be as high as Q5=72 cfs and Q100=340 cfs. Runoff produced by the offsite area, downstream of Mustang Road, is to be collected by an proposed inlet at and conveyed westward underground thru Filing No. 1 and discharged into Sand Creek via a 72" RCP (pipe 2).

As previously discussed, the DBPS and MDDP ultimately recommended the eventually replacement of the 2 existing 42" CMP storm culverts under Mustang Road (upstream of the proposed inlet) with two 60" CMP culverts to improve conveyance of offsite runoff. However after discussion with El Paso County the existing 42" CMP culverts shall remain in place and additional conveyance capacity at the crossing location will not be added until future upstream development comes online. Although the future planned improvements under Mustang Road were not to be constructed with the development of Shiloh Mesa it was important to ensure that the improvements would work with the proposed onsite storm water conveyance improvements.

Due to the onsite constructions limitations and offsite topography M&S looked to evaluate other crossing structure alternatives at Mustang Road than those recommended by the past MDDP and DBPS report. Exhibit N, O and P (located in the appendix of this report) hydraulically compare the previously planned dual 60" culverts to the scenario of using a total of four 42" culverts (2 existing and

2 proposed). Specifically, exhibit N (inlet control nomograph) provides the required head to get the flow in the pipes. Exhibit O (4~42" culvert, UD-Culverts ver. 3.03) and Exhibit P (2~60" culvert, UD-Culverts ver. 3.03) compare the required head versus the existing condition (with Mustang Road crown as the limiting headwater elevation). As illustrated by the data in the appendix, the four (4) 42" culverts (2 existing and 2 proposed)would function to provide the necessary conveyance capacity needed at this location and would make use of the existing infrastructure.

With the development of Shiloh Mesa, the runoff conveyed through the two existing 42"culverts will outfall onto a proposed grouted riprap apron (sized to also accommodate 2 future 42" pipes), where they will be routed to a proposed 22.7' L x 2.92' W "CDOT style" area inlet located within the Shiloh Mesa property. The inlet box is to be connected to a proposed 72" RCP storm sewer (identified as run "2" on the Developed Conditions Drainage Exhibit). Exhibit Q (orifice vs. weir calculation sheet) has been provided to show the required headwater needed to get the 340 cfs into the proposed area inlet. The existing culverts outfall and installation of the grouted riprap within the Mustang Road ROW will require future coordination with El Paso County to obtain necessary easements, permits and ownership/maintenance obligations. Conforming to previous analysis, the Shiloh Mesa will accept historic flows that are currently crossing the property and route them to Sand Creek. As indicated by the previous reports (in particular the Matrix MDDP), the historic flow reaching this crossing location will not require water quality treatment. Ultimately, runoff discharged from the 72" will discharge out across a proposed rip rap apron constructed near the edge of the Sand Creek Channel (see discussion in following paragraph regarding interim detention pond construction). The proposed apron at the outfall of the 72" pipe will aid to dissipate energy and prevent local scour at the outlet (see following paragraph for more discussion regarding this outfall). In the event the 72" pipe or inlet box clogs, flows from Basin \*OS5 will over top the high point within the western roadside swale of Mustang Road (located just to the south of the proposed inlet box) and continue south within the west road side swale to another existing swale, which runs east west approximately 200' north of the Woodmen Valley Chapel. Runoff reaching this swale will eventually outfall to the existing inlets located in the Marksheffel Road/Woodmen Road intersection.

With the development of Shiloh Mesa Filing 1, a 57,842 cu.ft. interim (temporary) detention basin shall be constructed. The interim detention basin will be located at the interim west end of the proposed 72" RCP, prior to out falling into Sand Creek. The interim detention basin banks consists of 2:1 slopes which will be blanketed with North American Green SC250 erosion control blanket. A temporary 30" RCP with flared end section will discharge approximately Qs=72 cfs across a temporary 2.25' thick ~ D50=18" riprap pad. Flows exceeding the capacity of the proposed 30" pipe will utilize a temporary 40' wide riprap protected emergency spillway which has been designed to release the differential peak flows of the 100 year peak of 340 cfs. For details and profile of the interim detention basin see sheet 4 of the "Shiloh Mesa Filing No. 1 72" Storm Sewer Plan" prepared by MS Civil Consultants, Inc., dated October 2015. It should be noted that the interim detention basin shall be maintained by the owner developer. Upon approvary of the Sand Creek Study for Shiloh Mesa, which will outline the channel stabilization improvements to adjacent Sand Creek Channel, the interim detention basin can be removed and the full construction of the 72" RCP storm sewer can be finalized and the construction of future filings may begin. For the ultimate design of the proposed 72" RCP storm sewer see "Shiloh Mesa Filing No. 1 72" Storm Sewer Plan" prepared by MS Civil Consultants, Inc., dated October 2015.

Basin Al, 3.78 acres, consists of proposed single family residential lots and portions of proposed local residential streets. Runoff of Q5=7.1 cfs and Q100=15.1 cfs will flow, via side lot swales, to the curb and gutter and will be conveyed west to a low point in Moorebank Drive, and a proposed 6' D-10-R inlet in a sump condition. A proposed 24" RCP (pipe 3) will convey the intercepted flows to the proposed north WQ Sand Filtration basin (Design Point A1). The proposed north WQ Sand Filtration basin will provide approximately 3,246 cu.ft. of treatment volume. The collected and discharged runoff

will outfall directly into Sand Creek. A proposed rip rap apron will be constructed to dissipate energy and prevent local scour at the outlet.

Basin A2, 6.2 acres, consists of proposed single family residential lots and portions of proposed local residential streets. Runoff of Q5=9.4 cfs and Q100=20.1 cfs will flow, via side lot swales, to the curb and gutter and will be conveyed south to a low point in Callendale Drive (Design Point A2), and a proposed 8' D-10-R inlet in a sump condition. In the event of clogging, flows from Design Point A2 will over top the proposed localized sump condition in Callendale Drive and outfall into Kenosha Drive. A proposed 24" RCP (pipe 12) will convey intercepted runoff to the southwest where they will combine with flows carried in pipes 10, 14 and 15, prior to outfalling into the proposed central WQ Sand Filtration basin (Design Point A4). The runoff exiting the proposed central WQ Sand Filtration basin will outfall directly into Sand Creek. A proposed rip rap apron will be constructed to dissipate energy and prevent local scour at the outlet.

Basin A3, 2.3 acres, consists of proposed single family residential lots and portions of proposed local residential streets. Runoff of Q5=4.7 cfs and Q100=9.9 cfs will flow, via side lot swales, to the curb and gutter and will be conveyed south to a low point in Callendale Drive (Design point A3) and a proposed 4' D-10-R inlet in a sump condition. In the event of clogging, flows from Design Point A3 will over top the proposed localized sump condition in Callendale Drive and outfall into Kenosha Drive. A proposed 18" RCP (pipe 11) will convey intercepted runoff to the south/west where it will combine with flows carried in pipes 10, 14 and 15 prior to outfalling into the proposed central WQ Sand Filtration basin (Design Point A4). The runoff existing the proposed central WQ Sand Filtration basin will outfall directly into Sand Creek. A proposed rip rap apron will be constructed to dissipate energy and prevent local scour at the outlet.

Basin A4, 1.2 acres, consists of proposed single family residential back lots and a proposed water quality facility. Runoff of Q5=1.6 cfs and Q100=5.3 cfs will flow, via side lot swales and will outfall to the proposed central WQ Sand Filtration basin (Design Point A4). The proposed central WQ Sand Filtration basin will provide approximately 18,800 cu.ft. of treatment volume. Runoff exiting the proposed facility will outfall directly into Sand Creek. A proposed rip rap apron will be constructed to dissipate energy and prevent local scour at the outlet.

Basin Bl, 1.2 acres, consists of proposed single family residential lots and portions of proposed local residential streets. Runoff of Q5=3.2 cfs and Q100=6.7 cfs will flow, via side lot swales, to the curb and gutter and will be conveyed south to a low point in Barraport Drive (Design Point B1) and a proposed 4' D-10-R inlet in a sump condition. In the event of clogging, flows from Design Point B1 will over top the localized sump condition in Barraport Drive and outfall into Kenosha Drive. A proposed 18" RCP (pipe 4) will convey flows to the south/west and combine with flows carried in pipes 5 and 6 which ultimately outfall to the proposed central WQ Sand Filtration basin (Design Point A4). The runoff exiting the proposed central WQ Sand Filtration basin will outfall directly into Sand Creek. A proposed rip rap apron will be constructed to dissipate energy and prevent local scour at the outlet.

Basin B2, 4.1 acres, consists of proposed single family residential lots and portions of proposed local residential streets. Runoff of Q5=7.6 cfs and Q100=16.3 cfs will flow, via side lot swales, to the curb and gutter and will be conveyed south to a low point in Barraport Drive (Design point B2), and a proposed 6' D-10-R inlet in a sump condition. In the event of clogging, flows from Design Point B2 will over top the sump condition in Barraport Drive and outfall into Kenosha Drive. A proposed 24" RCP (pipe 5) will convey flows to the south/west and combine with flows carried in pipes 4 and 6 which ultimately outfall to the proposed central WQ Sand Filtration basin (Design Point A4). Runoff exiting the proposed central WQ Sand Filtration basin will outfall directly into Sand Creek. A proposed

rip rap apron will be constructed to dissipate energy and prevent local scour at the outlet.

Basin Cl, 1.7 acres, consists of proposed single family residential lots and portions of proposed local residential streets. Runoff of Q5=3.3 cfs and Q100=7.1 cfs will flow, via side lot swales, to the curb and gutter and will be conveyed south to a low point in Sandsmere Drive (Design Point Cl), and a proposed 4' D-10-R inlet in a sump condition. In the event of clogging, flows from Design Point Cl will over top the localized sump condition in Sandsmere Drive and outfall into Kenosha Drive. A proposed 18" RCP (pipe 7) will convey flows to the south/west and combine with flows carried in pipes 6, 9 and 10 which ultimately outfall to the proposed central WQ Sand Filtration basin (Design Point A4). The runoff exiting the proposed central WQ Sand Filtration basin will outfall directly into Sand Creek. A proposed rip rap apron will be constructed to dissipate energy and prevent local scour at the outlet.

Basin C2, 4.64 acres, consists of proposed single family residential lots and portions of proposed local residential streets. Runoff of Q5=10.8 cfs and Q100=22.4 cfs will flow, via side lot swales, to the curb and gutter and will be conveyed south to a low point in Sandsmere Drive (Design point C2) and a proposed 10' D-10-R inlet in a sump condition. In the event of clogging, flows from Design Point C2 will over top the localized sump condition in Sandsmere Drive and outfall into Kenosha Drive. A proposed 30" RCP (pipe 8) will convey flows to the south/west and combine with flows carried in pipes 6, 9 and 10 which ultimately outfall to the proposed central WQ Sand Filtration basin (Design Point A4). Runoff exiting the proposed central WQ Sand Filtration basin will outfall directly into Sand Creek. A proposed rip rap apron will be constructed to dissipate energy and prevent local scour at the outlet.

Basin DI, 4.53 acres, consists of proposed single family residential lots, portions of proposed local residential streets and a proposed water quality facility. Runoff of Q5=8.4 cfs and Q100=18.0 cfs will flow, via side lot swales, to the curb and gutter and will be conveyed south to a low point in Kenosha Drive (Design Point D1), and a proposed 8' D-10-R inlet in a sump condition. In the event of clogging, flows from Design Point D1 will over top the localized sump condition in Kenosha Drive and outfall into proposed Marksheffel Road. A proposed 24" RCP (pipe 23) will convey flows to the west and combine with flows carried in pipes 22 and 25 and outfall to the proposed southern WQ Sand Filtration basin(Design Point D4). The southern WQ Sand Filtration basin will provide approximately 20,989 cu.ft. of treatment volume. Runoff existing the proposed facility will outfall directly into Sand Creek. A proposed rip rap apron will be constructed to dissipate energy and prevent local scour at the outlet.

Basin D2, 6.18 acres, consists of proposed single family residential lots and portion of proposed local residential streets. Runoff of Q5=11.1 cfs and Q100=23.8 cfs will flow, via side lot swales, to the curb and gutter and will be conveyed south to the roundabout in Kenosha Drive (Design Point D2), and a proposed 12' D-10-R inlet in an at- grade condition. In the event of clogging, flows from Design Point D5 will flow via curb and gutter east on Mulberry Drive to an undeveloped area which will convey the overflow along historic drainage patterns. The proposed at-grade inlet will intercept Q5=6.31 cfs and Q100=16.58 cfs and will have flowby of Q5=4.8 cfs and Q100=7.2 cfs. The flowby will be accounted in future drainage reports upon downstream development. A proposed 24" RCP (pipe 28) will convey flows to the west and combine with flows carried in pipes 22, 23 and 25 and outfall to the proposed southern WQ Sand Filtration basin, Design Point D4. Runoff exiting the proposed southern WQ Sand Filtration basin will outfall directly into Sand Creek. A proposed rip rap apron will be constructed to dissipate energy and prevent local scour at the outlet.

Basin D3, 1.72 acres, consists of proposed single family residential lots and portion of proposed local residential and collector streets. Runoff of Q5=3.5 cfs and Q100=7.4 cfs will flow, via side lot swales, to the curb and gutter and will be conveyed south to a low point in Codrington Place (Design Point D3), and a proposed 4' D-10-R inlet in a sump condition. In the event of clogging, flows from Design Point D3 will over top the curb and outfall, via a tract, into the proposed southern WQ Sand Filtration Basin D4. A proposed 18" RCP (pipe 26) will convey flows, into the proposed southern WQ Sand Filtration basin D4. Runoff exiting the proposed southern WQ Sand Filtration basin will outfall directly into Sand Creek. A proposed rip rap apron will be constructed to dissipate energy and prevent local scour at the outlet.

Basin D5, 0.40 acres, consists of a proposed collector street. Runoff of Q5=1.8 cfs and Q100=3.5 cfs will flow, via curb and gutter and will be conveyed south to a low point in Kenosha Drive (Design Point D5), and a proposed 4' D-10-R inlet in a sump condition. In the event of clogging, flows from Design Point D5 will over top the localized sump condition in Kenosha Drive and outfall into Marksheffel Road. A 18" RCP (pipe 24) will convey flows to the west and combine with flows carried in pipes 22 and 25 and outfall to the proposed southern WQ Sand Filtration basin (Design Point D4). The proposed southern WQ Sand Filtration basin will provide approximately 20,989 cu.ft. of treatment volume and will outfall directly into Sand Creek. A proposed rip rap apron will be constructed to dissipate energy and prevent local scour at the outlet.

**Basin D6**, 1.65 acres, consists of back yards of proposed single family residential lots located along the southern edge of the proposed development. In the developed condition runoff of Q5=3.0 cfs and Q100=6.3 cfs will sheet flow onto the undeveloped area, where it will follow historic drainage patterns. The flows will be accounted in future drainage reports upon downstream development.

Basin Fl, 2.38 acres, consists of proposed single family residential lots and portion of proposed local residential streets. Runoff of Q5=4.6 cfs and Q100=9.9 cfs will flow, via side lot swales, to the curb and gutter and will be conveyed south to a low point in Sandsmere Drive (Design Point F1), and a proposed 4' D-10-R inlet in a sump condition. In the event of clogging, flows from Design Point F1 will over top the localized sump condition in Sandsmere Drive and outfall into Barraport Drive. A proposed 18" RCP (pipe 20) will convey flows to the south/west and combine with flows carried in pipes 18, 21 and 22 and outfall ultimately to the proposed southern WQ Sand Filtration basin (Design Point D4). Runoff exiting the proposed southern WQ Sand Filtration basin will outfall directly into Sand Creek. A proposed rip rap apron will be constructed to dissipate energy and prevent local scour at the outlet.

Basin F2, 2.16 acres, consists of proposed single family residential lots and portion of proposed local residential streets. Runoff of Q5=4.0 cfs and Q100=8.6 cfs will flow, via side lot swales, to the curb and gutter and will be conveyed south to a low point in Sandsmere Drive (Design point F2) and a proposed 4' D-10-R inlet in a sump condition. In the event of clogging, flows from Design Point F2 will over top the localized sump condition in Sandsmere Drive and outfall into Barraport Drive. A proposed 18" RCP (pipe 19) will convey flows to the south/west and combine with flows carried in pipes 18, 21 and 22 and outfall ultimately to the proposed southern WQ Sand Filtration basin (Design Point D4). Runoff exiting the proposed southern WQ Sand Filtration basin will outfall directly into Sand Creek. A proposed rip rap apron will be constructed to dissipate energy and prevent local scour at the outlet.

**Basin Gl,** 1.75 acres, consists of proposed single family residential lots and portion of proposed local residential streets. Runoff of Q5=3.3 cfs and Ql00=7.1 cfs will flow, via side lot swales, to the curb and gutter and will be conveyed south to a low point in Barraport Drive (Design Point G1), and a

proposed 4' D-10-R inlet in a sump condition. In the event of clogging, flows from Design Point G1 will over top the localized sump condition in Barraport Drive and outfall into Kenosha Drive. The high point at the knuckle on Barraport Drive shall be designed/located to allow overflow to by-pass down Barraport Drive and onto Kenosha Drive. A proposed18" RCP (pipe 16) will convey flows to the south/west and combine with flows carried in pipes 18 and 22 and outfall ultimately to the proposed southern WQ Sand Filtration basin (Design Point D4). The runoff exiting the proposed southern WQ Sand Filtration basin will outfall directly into Sand Creek. A proposed rip rap apron will be constructed to dissipate energy and prevent local scour at the outlet.

Basin G2, 2.58 acres, consists of proposed single family residential lots and portion of local residential streets. Runoff of Q5=5.3 cfs and Q100=11.2 cfs will flow, via side lot swales, to the curb and gutter and will be conveyed south to a low point in Barraport Drive (Design Point G2) and a proposed 4' D-10-R inlet in a sump condition. In the event of clogging, flows from Design Point G2 will over top the localized sump condition in Barraport Drive and outfall into Kenosha Drive. The high point at the knuckle on Barraport Drive shall be designed/located to allow overflow to by-pass down Barraport Drive and onto Kenosha Drive. A proposed 24" RCP (pipe 17) will convey flows to the south/west and combine with flows carried in pipes 18 and 22 and outfall ultimately to the proposed southern WQ Sand Filtration basin (Design Point D4). Runoff exiting the proposed southern WQ Sand Filtration basin will outfall directly into and Creek. A proposed rip rap apron will be constructed to dissipate energy and prevent local scour at the outlet.

### OFFSITE DEVELOPED BASINS FROM MATRIX MDDP

Per the Matrix MDDP, Basin OS-10 (2.61 acres, Q(5)=8.8 cfs, Q(100)=16.5 cfs) and Basin OS-7 (1.32 acres, Q(5)=4.9 cfs, Q(100)=9.3 cfs), consist of a portion of the Marksheffel Road located between Cowpoke Road and Kenosha Drive. Per this report, the revised basin and flows for Basin OS-10\*\* are 1.9 acres, and Q(5)=7.0 cfs, Q(100)=13.2 cfs and 1.8 acres, and Q(5)=6.7 cfs, Q(100)=12.5 cfs for Basin OS-7\*\*. The size of Basin OS10\*\* has been reduced, to concur with the reclassification of Marksheffel Road to a Type 1 Principal Arterial (107' ROW). As expected the proposed runoff flow rates are less than those proposed by the MDDP Matrix report, hence the development of this smaller basin shall not adversely affect adjacent or downstream property from the assumption made within that MDDP. Per the MDDP Matrix report the limits of Basin OS7 are from Cowpoke Road to Sand Creek. This report has included the area from Sand Creek to Kenosha Drive, thus the area for Basin OS7\*\* has increased. We feel the intent of the development for proposed Marksheffel Road was fulled interpreted by the MDDP Matrix report as evident by the existing contour information provided in the MDDP Matrix map, Exhibit "H". The rough overlot grading for Marksheffel had been provided up to Sand Creek and shows a super elevation at the Kenosha Drive/Marksheffel Road intersection. The overlot was incorporated into the existing contours. Upon development of this area, runoff generated within Basin OS-7\*\* and OS-10\*\* will be routed south via curb and gutter to Design Point OS7 (Q(5)=13.7 cfs, Q(100)=25.7 cfs). Curb inlets within the roadway will capture the combined flow and shall be routed to the west through the Woodmen Heights Commercial Center storm sewer system to Sand Creek. The Location and conveyance of this storm water shall be addressed upon development of this section of Marksheffel Road in a future drainage report. In the interim, historic flows will follow historic flow patterns. (See Exhibit "H", this report).

Per the Matrix MDDP, Basin OS-4 (1.47 acres, Q(5)=6.7 cfs, Q(100)=12.6 cfs) and Basin OS-9 (1.19 acres, Q(5)=5.5 cfs, Q(100)=10.3 cfs), is a portion of the Marksheffel Road between Kenosha Drive and Woodmen Center Drive. Per this report, the revised basin and flows are Basin OS-4\*\* (0.9 acres, Q(5)=4.0 cfs, Q(100)=7.6 cfs) and Basin OS-9\*\* (0.7 acres, Q(5)=3.2 cfs, Q(100)=6.0 cfs). The area

for Basin OS4\*\* and Basin OS9\*\* has been reduced per Marksheffel Road being reclassified to a Type 1 Principal Arterial (107' ROW). The flows are less than the MDDP Matrix report, hence the development of these basins shall not adversely affect adjacent or downstream property. Upon development of this area, runoff generated within Basin OS-4\*\* and OS-9\*\* will be routed south via curb and gutter to Design Points 20 and 21, Matrix MDDP (See Exhibit "H", this report). This section of Marksheffel Road has transitioned from a super elevated street to a normal crown. Curb inlets within the roadway will capture the storm water and shall be routed to the west through the Woodmen Heights Commercial Center to Sand Creek. Location and conveyance of this storm water shall be addressed upon development of this section of Marksheffel Road in a future drainage report. In the interim, Basin OS-4\*\* will be developed as a two lane road with curb and gutter on the east side and an asphalted curb on the west side. These developed flows will be routed south via curb and gutter to a road side ditch on the northeast side of Woodmen Center Drive. Flows will be conveyed south under Woodmen Center Drive via a 24" CMP and will follow historic flow patterns south. Basin OS-9\*\* shall not be developed at this time, and will follow historic flow patterns. Basin OS-4\*\* and OS-9\*\* shall have erosion control measures to mitigate runoff and erosion.

Per the Matrix MDDP, Basin OS-2 (1.27 acres, Q(5)=5.8 cfs, Q(100)=11.0 cfs) and Basin OS-3 (1.49 acres, Q(5)=6.6 cfs, Q(100)=12.3 cfs), is a portion of the Marksheffel Road between Woodmen Center Drive and Woodmen Road. Per this report, the revised basin and flows are Basin OS-2\*\* (1.3 acres, Q(5)=5.6 cfs, Q(100)=10.5 cfs) and Basin OS-3\*\* (1.3 acres, Q(5)=5.7 cfs, Q(100)=10.7 cfs). The area for Basin OS2\*\* and Basin OS3\*\* has been partially reduced per Marksheffel Road being reclassified to a Type 1 Principal Arterial (107' ROW). The flows are less than the MDDP Matrix report, hence the development of these basins shall not adversely affect adjacent or downstream property. Upon development of this area, runoff generated within Basin OS-2\*\* and OS-3\*\* will be routed south via curb and gutter to inlets at Design Points 29 and 30, Matrix MDDP. Existing curb inlets within the roadway will capture the storm water and shall be routed to the west through a an existing 60" RCP which releases into an existing swale to Sand Creek. Location and conveyance of this storm water shall be addressed upon development of this section of Marksheffel Road in a future drainage report. In the interim, Basin OS-2\*\* and OS-3\*\* shall operate in its developed/undeveloped state with existing inlets, curb and gutter established. (See Exhibit "H", this report).

### SAND CREEK IMPROVEMENTS

Per the DBPS, improvements to the Sand Creek channel will be required with the development of this site (see exhibits D, E, F and G). According the DBPS approximately 2200 feet of selective lining, 300 feet of 10-yr riprap channel lining and three (3) grade control structures will be required. The approximate locations of recommended grade control structures, selective lining and 10 year rip rap has been shown on the post development drainage map in the appendix and was determined by using the DBPS stations and recognizable features within the Sand Creek basin (see Exhibits E, F and G). The exact locations of these structures will be further evaluated with the Sand Creek Channel Study and also with the PPRTA's design for the Marksheffel Road/Sand Creek crossing. The proposed structures shall be built in accordance to the standards set forth by the DBPS, City of Colorado Springs and Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Drainage Criteria Manuals (see DBPS Exhibits I, J and USDCM Exhibits K, L, M).

The proposed Sand Creek Channel Study will evaluate the need for channel improvement between Mustang Road and Pond 3 and is anticipated to be submitted following this report. The Sand Creek Channel Study will contain hydraulic modeling and will make assumptions for the crossing of Marksheffel Road over Sand Creek. Final Construction Drawings will follow the approval of the

study. Phasing for the improvements will be shown on the final construction drawings, however, it is anticipated that the phasing of the channel improvements will correlate with the phasing of the single-family development along the channel. The phasing and design of the proposed channel improvements will need to be approved by the City of Colorado Springs and will need to function with the development (This development is anticipated to have 4-5 phases, and be developed over the next 4-5 years).

### WATER QUALITY

The proposed water quality facilities shown on the enclosed drainage map will provide sufficient rainfall treatment for the site. Per the Woodmen Heights MDDP, the Sand Creek Detention Facility No. 3 will provide the necessary 100 year detention storm volume for the site. The onsite sand filter (SF) water quality basins will be private and shall be maintained by the filings homeowners association. The water quality volume required for the site has been determined using the guidelines set forth in the City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual - Volume II. The SFWQ basins are be identified as North, Central and South and are illustrated on the Post Development Drainage Plan.

Based upon the drainage criteria the North SFWQ is required to have a minimum design volume of 3,138 cu.ft., however it has been designed by M&S Consultants to provide a WQCV of approximately 3,246 cu.ft. The Central SFWQ is required to have a minimum design volume of 17,718 cu.ft., however has been designed to provided approximately 18,800 cu.ft of water quality treatment volume. The South SFWQ is required to have a minimum design volume of 18,017 cu.ft., however has been design to include a proposed WQCV of approximately 20,989 cu.ft. All collected flows reaching the facilities shall be detained to a 12-hour drain time. Under drains shall be included in the design of the SFWQ. The under drains may be deleted if the site passes the double ring infiltrometer test. In the event the outlet boxes for the facilities clogs, runoff reaching the ponds will over top the various overflow spillways and shall be routed into Sand Creek. Rip rap aprons have been proposed at each of the ponds outfall locations to dissipate energy and prevent local scour. Storm water detention and infiltration design data sheets for the Water Quality Ponds have been included in the appendix of this report.

### **EROSION CONTROL**

It is the policy of the City of Colorado Springs that we submit an erosion control plan with the drainage report. At this time we respectfully request that the erosion control plan be submitted in conjunction with the final grading plan. Proposed straw bale check dams, silt fence, vehicle traffic control, and reseeding are proposed as erosion control measures.

### **CONSTRUCTION COST OPINION**

Public Drainage Facilities Reimbursable- 72" Storm Conveyance System (Filing No. 1)

	•				,
Item	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost		Cost
1.	72" RCP	1119 LF	\$350/LF		\$ 391,650.00
2.	22.7'x3.0' CDOT Inlet	1 EA	\$25,000/LF		\$ 25,000.00
3.	Type 1 MH	2 EA	\$10,000/EA		\$ 20,000.00
				Total=	\$ 436,650.00

Public Drainage Facilities NON-Reimbursable-Shiloh Mesa-Residential (Filing No. 1)

Item	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Cost
1.	18" RCP	226 LF	\$40/LF	\$ 9,040.00
2.	24" RCP	596 LF	\$50/LF	\$ 29,800.00
3.	30" RCP	587 LF	\$65/LF	\$ 37,570.00
4.	36" RCP	295 LF	\$75/LF	\$ 22,125.00
5.	42" RCP	560 LF	<b>\$85/LF</b>	\$ 47,600.00
6.	Type 1 MH	4 EA	\$6,500/EA	\$ 27,000.00
7.	Type 2 MH	3 EA	\$4,500/EA	\$ 13,500.00
8.	4' Sump Inlet	6 EA	\$3,000/EA	\$ 18,000.00
9.	8' Sump Inlet	1 <b>EA</b>	\$5,000/EA	\$ 5,000.00
10.	12' At-Grade Inlet	1 <b>EA</b>	\$6,500/EA	\$ 6,500.00 PNb.
11.	SW-WQ Pond*	1 EA	\$28,000/EA	\$ 28,000.00
12.	Interim Det Pond**	1 EA	\$20,500/EA	\$ 20,500.00
13.	Type H Riprap***	600 CY	\$350/CY	<u>\$ 29,450.00</u>
				Total= $\frac{$294,085.00}{}$

<sup>\*</sup> Includes CDOT style box and grate, boulder retaining walls, outlet and spillway riprap protection

\*\* Includes riprap spillway, outlet and low-flow protection

### Public Drainage Facilities Reimbursable- Sand Creek Improvements (Future Filings)

Item	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Cost
1.	Channel Selective Lining	2200 LF	\$150/LF	\$ 330,000.00
2.	Channel 10-yr Riprap	300 LF	\$150/LF.	\$ 45,000.00
3.	Channel Grade Control	3 EA	\$150,000/EA	\$ 450,000.00
4.	72" RCP	94 LF	\$350/LF	<u>\$ 32,900.00</u>
				Total= \$ 857 900 00

### Public Drainage Facilities NON-Reimbursable-Shiloh Mesa-Residential (Future Filings)

Item	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Cost
1.	18" RCP	16 LF	\$40/LF	\$ 640.00
2.	24" RCP	753 LF	\$50/LF	\$ 37,650.00
3.	30" RCP	288 LF	\$65/LF	\$ 18,720.00
4.	36" RCP	465 LF	\$75/LF	\$ 34,875.00
5.	42" RCP	270 LF	\$85/LF	\$ 22,950.00
6.	Type 1 MH	6 EA	\$6,500/EA	\$ 39,000.00
7.	Type 2 MH	3 EA	\$4,500/EA	\$ 13,500.00
8.	4' Sump Inlet	3 EA	\$3,000/EA	\$ 9,000.00
9.	6' Sump Inlet	2 EA	\$4,000/EA	\$ 8,000.00
10.	8' Sump Inlet	2 EA	\$5,000/EA	\$ 10,000.00
11.	Central WQ Pond*	1 <b>EA</b>	\$15,000/EA	\$ 15,000.00
12.	North WQ Pond*	1 EA	\$15,000/EA	\$ 15,000.00
13.	Type VL Riprap	60 CY	\$40/CY	<u>\$ 2,400.00</u>
				Total= $\$226.735.00$

<sup>\*</sup> Includes outlet box, grate, and outlet and spillway riprap protection

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Includes riprap protection near Mustang Road and Interim drop from Interim Det. Pond

### DRAINAGE, BRIDGE AND POND FEES

The Shiloh Mesa-Residential site is located within the Sand Creek Drainage Basin. The site as defined above consists of 68.88 acres. Shiloh Mesa Filing No.1 consists of 19.956 acres, the remaining future filings total 48.924 acres. The 2015 Drainage, Bridge and Pond Fees per the City of Colorado Springs for these sites are listed below:

### Shiloh Mesa Residential Filing No. 1 (19.956 ac)

Drainage Fee:	\$10,247/acre x 19.499*acres		\$199,806.25
Bridge Fee:	\$ 622/acre x 19.499* acres		\$ 12,128.38
Pond Fee (Land):	\$ 1,070/acre x 19.499* acres		\$ 20,863.93
Pond Fee (Facilities):	\$ 3,005/acre x 19.499* acres		\$ 58.594.50
, ,		Total fees:	\$291,393.06

<sup>\*100-</sup>year flood plain subtracted out from developed acreage (0.457 ac).

### Shiloh Mesa Future Residential Filings (48.924 ac)

Drainage Fee:	\$10,247/acre x 45.824* acres		\$469,558.83
Bridge Fee:	\$ 622/acre x 45.824* acres		\$ 28,502.53
Pond Fee (Land):	\$ 1,070/acre x 45.824* acres		\$ 49,031.68
Pond Fee (Facilities):	\$ 3,005/acre x 45.824* acres		\$139.763.20
,		Total fees:	\$686,855.94

<sup>\*100-</sup>year flood plain subtracted out from developed acreage (3.103 ac).

### DRAINAGE COST COMPARISON AND CREDIT SUMMARY

### Sand Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study Assumed Costs (Filing No. 1)

Description	DBPS Cost	Inflation Multiplier	Today's Dollars-Reimbursable
Mustang Road 2-60" CMP	\$14,400	x 1.79	\$0*
*Not to be installed with this Development	<u>opment</u>		
Reach 150-2 Riprap lined channel	\$480,000	x 1.79	\$ <u>859,200.00</u>
			Total= \$850 200 00

### Sand Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study Assumed Costs (Future Filings)

Sand Creek 160 Selective Lining	\$279,400	x 1.79	\$500,126.00
Sand Creek 160 Grade Control	\$64,800	x 1.79	\$115,992.00
Sand Creek 160 10-yr Riprap	\$71,400	x 1.79	<u>\$127,806.00</u>
			Total = \$743.924.00

### **Public Facilities:**

Total Difference/Credit	\$ -236 843 75
Total Estimated Drainage Facility Fees (19.499 ac)	\$ -199,806.25
Total Public Reimbursable Estimated Cost-Shiloh Mesa Residential (Filing No. 1)	\$ 436,650.00

\*Because Public Reimbursable facility costs do exceed the fees due for drainage fees, \$236,843.75 is a credit at this time. Payment of Bridge and Pond Land is still required.

### **Public Facilities:**

Total Public Reimbursable Estimated Cost-Shiloh Mesa Residential (Future Filings) \$ 857,900.00
Total Estimated Drainage Facility Fees (45.824 ac) \$ -469,558.83

Total Difference/Credit \$ -388,341.17

\*Because Public Reimbursable facility costs <u>do</u> exceed the fees due for drainage fees, \$388,341.17 is an anticipated future credit. Payment of Bridge and Pond Land will still be required.

Per the "Sand Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study", prepared by Kiowa Engineering, CORP., dated Rev. March 1996 (see Exhibits A, B, C, D, E, F & G), the storm sewer infrastructure replaces Reach 150-2 (Exhibit B) and Sand Creek 160 improvements (Exhibit D). The estimated storm infrastructure and Sand Creek improvement costs associated with Shiloh Mesa Filing No. 1 (\$436,650) is not greater than the adjusted Sand Creek tributary drainage way conveyance cost estimate of \$859,200. The estimated storm infrastructure and Sand Creek improvement costs associated with the future filings of Shiloh Mesa Residential (\$857,900.00) is greater than the adjusted Sand Creek tributary drainage way conveyance cost estimate of \$743,924.

M & S Civil Consultants, Inc. (M & S) cannot and does not guarantee the construction cost will not vary from these opinions of probable costs. These opinions represent our best judgment as design professionals familiar with the construction industry and this development in particular. The above is only an estimate of the facility cost and drainage basin fee amounts in 2015. Upon completion of the aforementioned improvements, M & S shall submit the actual construction costs to the City of Colorado Springs/City Drainage Board for reimbursement.

### **SUMMARY**

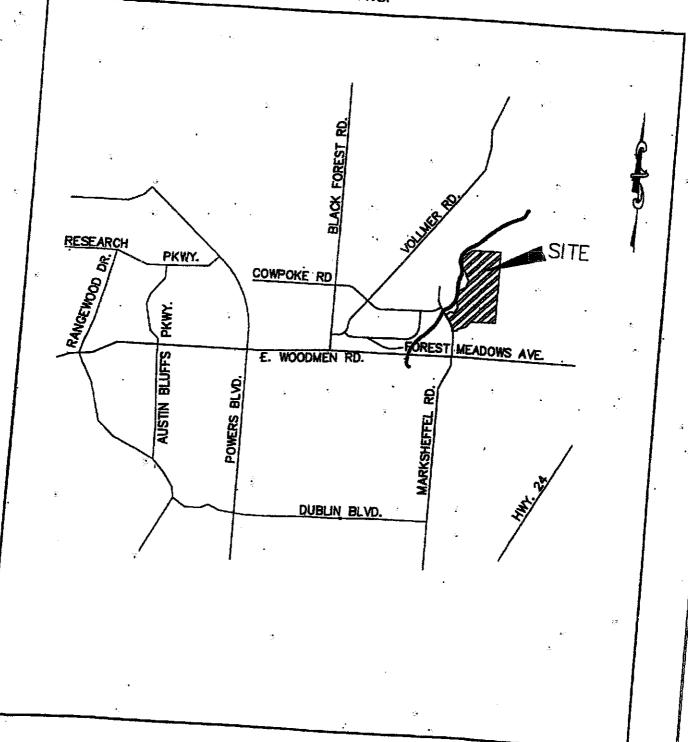
Development of this site will not adversely affect the surrounding development per this drainage report, subsequent reports, and construction drawings for Shiloh Mesa drainage improvements. Phasing of the drainage improvements, including Sand Creek Channel Improvements, shall be determined based upon the amount of development and discharge into Sand Creek to ensure the protection of downstream facilities and property. The phasing for the improvements will be approved by the City of Colorado Springs with each phase of development submitted by final plat, and construction drawings for approval. The proposed drainage facilities will adequately convey, detain and route runoff from the site to Sand Creek. All drainage facilities described herein and shown on the included drainage map are subject to change due to formal design considerations during the construction document preparation stage. This report is in conformance with the approved "Master Development Drainage Plan for Woodmen Heights Master Plan", by Classic Consulting Engineers & Surveyors (MDDP), approved August 2004 and the "Master Development Drainage Plan for Shiloh Mesa at Woodmen Heights Sand Creek Drainage Basin", by Matrix Design Group, Inc. (Matrix MDDP) approved November 2009. Care will be taken to accommodate overland emergency flow routes on site and temporary drainage conditions. The development of the Shiloh Mesa residential subdivisions shall not adversely affect adjacent or downstream property.

### REFERENCES

- 1.) "El Paso County and City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual".
- 2.) SCS Soils Map for El Paso County.
- 3.) Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), Federal Emergency Management Agency, Effective date March 17, 1997.
- 4.) "Sand Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study Preliminary Design Report" (DBPS), prepared by Kiowa Engineering, revised December 1998.
- 5.) "Master Development Drainage Plan for Woodmen Heights Master Plan", prepared by Classic Consulting Engineers & Surveyors, dated June 2004.
- 6.) "Master Development Drainage Plan for Shiloh Mesa at Woodmen Heights Sand Creek Drainage Basin", by Matrix Design Group, Inc., dated November 2009.

APPENDIX

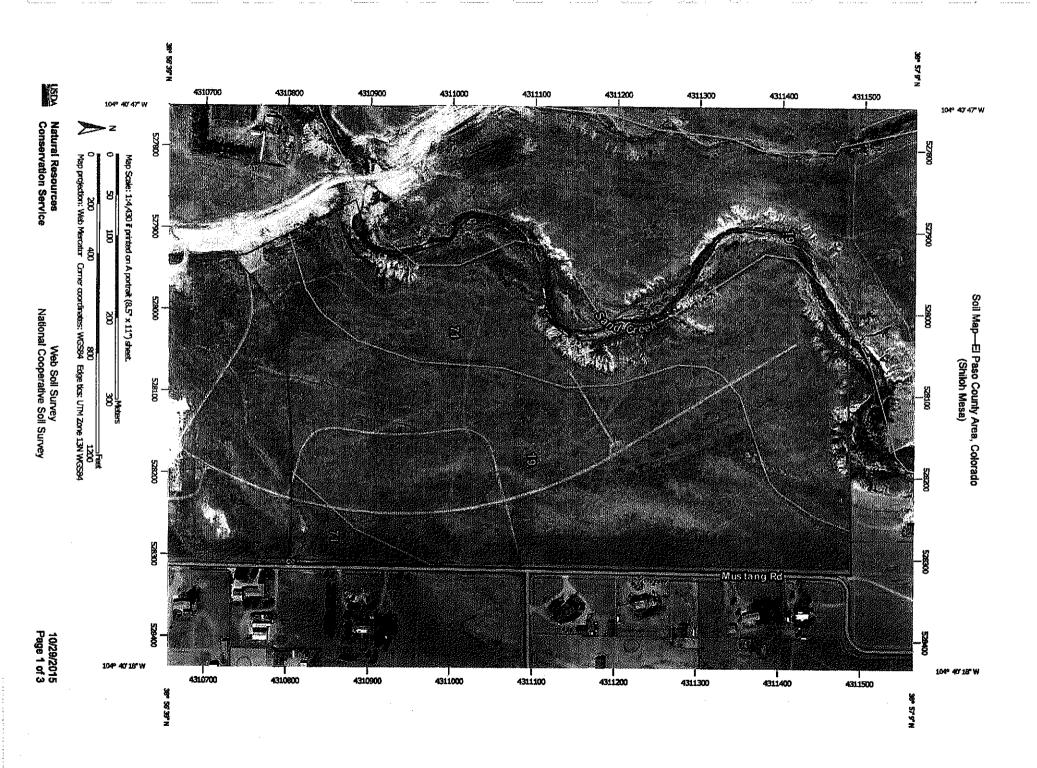
# SHILOH MESA VICINITY MAP



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# **MAP LEGEND**

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# **MAP INFORMATION**

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albera equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified date as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado Version 10, Dec 23, 2013

Soit map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(a) serial images were photographed: Apr 15, 2011—Sep 22,

The orthophoto of other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

### MAP LEGEND

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# MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

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Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
Web Soil Survey URL: http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov
Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

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This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified date as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado Version 10, Dec 23, 2013

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Apr 15, 2011—Sep 22,

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

# Hydrologic Soil Group

EL AL NAME	<b>30</b>			<b>1</b>
8 	Blakeland loamy sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes	A	9.7	8.2
19	Columbine gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	A	63.1	53.21
<b>'1</b>	Pring coarse sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	В	45.8	38.69

### Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

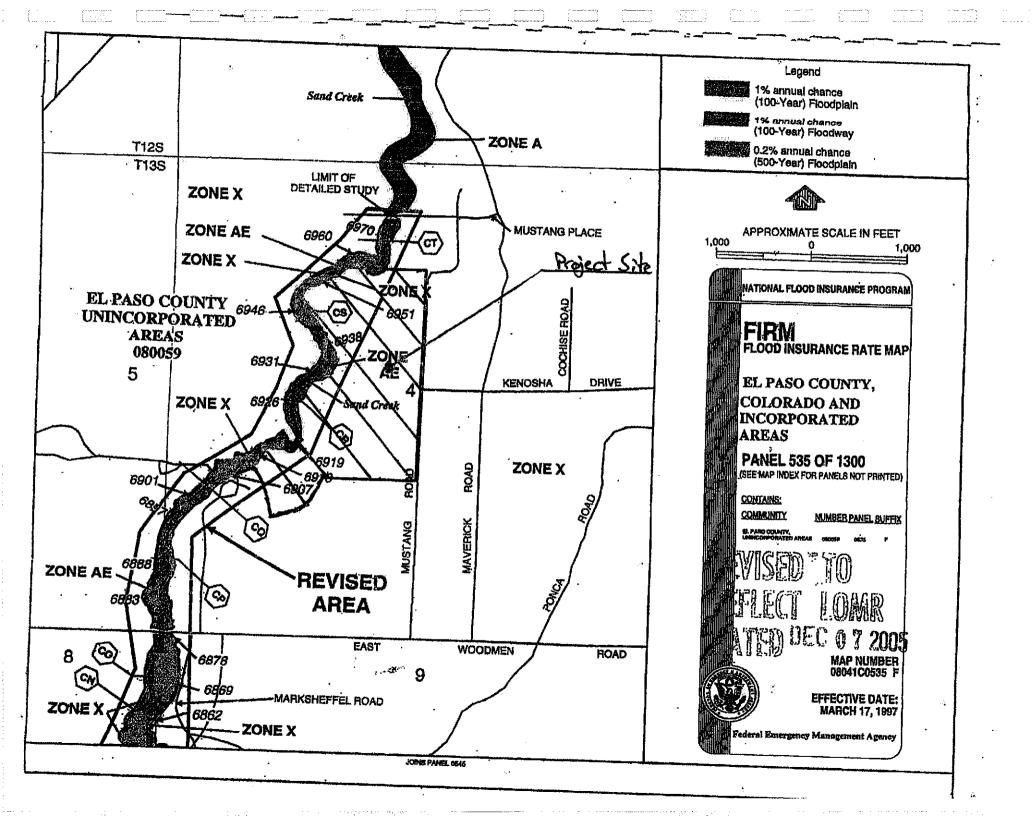
If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

# **Rating Options**

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

# ANNOTATED FIRM PANEL 08041C0535F WITH REFERENCED PORTIONS OF CASE No. 04-08-0779P





# Federal Emergency Management Agency

Washington, D.C. 20472

# AUG 15 2005

CERTIFIED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

The Honorable Jim Bensberg Chairman, El Paso County Board of Commissioners 27 East Vermijo Avenue Colorado Springs, CO 80903 IN REPLY REFER TO:

Case No.:

04-08-0779P

Community Name:

El Paso County, CO

Community No.:

080059

Effective Date of

DEC 07 2005

This Revision:

Dear Mr. Bensberg:

The Flood Insurance Study report and Flood Insurance Rate Map for your community have been revised by this Letter of Map Revision (LOMR). Please use the enclosed annotated map panel(s) revised by this LOMR for floodplain management purposes and for all flood insurance policies and renewals issued in your community.

Additional documents are enclosed which provide information regarding this LOMR. Please see the List of Enclosures below to determine which documents are included. Other attachments specific to this request may be included as referenced in the Determination Document. If you have any questions regarding floodplain management regulations for your community or the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) in general, please contact the Consultation Coordination Officer for your community. If you have any technical questions regarding this LOMR, please contact the Director, Federal Insurance and Mitigation Division of the Department of Homeland Security's Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) in Denver, Colorado, at (303) 235-4830, or the FEMA Map Assistance Center toll free at 1-877-336-2627 (1-877-FEMA MAP). Additional information about the NFIP is available on our website at http://www.fema.gov/nfip.

Sincerely,

Patrick F. Sacbibit, P.E., CFM, Project Engineer

Hazard Identification Section

Mitigation Division

Emergency Preparedness

and Response Directorate

List of Enclosures:

Letter of Map Revision Determination Document Annotated Flood Insurance Rate Map Annotated Flood Insurance Study Report

cc: Mr. Kevin Stilson, P.E., CFM
Regional Floodplain Administrator
Pikes Peak Regional Building Department

Kiowa Engineering Corporation

For:

Doug Bellomo, P.E., Chief Hazard Identification Section

Mitigation Division

**Emergency Preparedness** 

and Response Directorate



# Federal Emergency Management Agency Washington, D.C. 20472

### LETTER OF MAP REVISION **DETERMINATION DOCUMENT**

<del></del>	00/2/201	HTY AND REVISION INFORMATION	PROJECT DESCRIPTION	BASIS OF REQUEST					
COMMUNITY		El Paso County Colorado (Unincorporated Areas)	NO PROJECT	HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS NEW TOPOGRAPHIC DATA					
	COMMU	NITY NO.: 080059							
IDENTIFIER	IDENTIFIER East Woodmen Road to Mustang Place		APPROXIMATE LATITUDE & L'ONGITUDE: 38.946; -104.681 SOURCE: USGS QUADRANGLE DATUM: NAD 83						

TYPE: FIRM

TYPE: FIRM

i to Mustang Place

ı				SOMMENK! O	h Keairions	•		
	Effective Flooding: Revised Flooding: Increases; Decreases: * BFEs - Bass Flood	Zone AE YES NONE	No BFEs* BFEs YES NONE	No Floodway Floodway YES NONE	BFEs* BFEs YES YES	Floodway Floodway YES NONE	Zone AE Zone AE YES YES	
ı						-		

ANNOTATED	MAPPING ENCLOSURES

NO.: 08041C0545 F

NO.: 08041C0535 F

Date: March 17, 1997 Date: March 17, 1997 DATE OF EFFECTIVE FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY: August 23, 1999

ANNOTATED STUDY ENCLOSURES

FLOODWAY DATA TABLE: 5 PROFILES: 204P and 204P(a)

FIRM — Flood insurance Rate Map; \*\* FBFM — Flood Boundary and Floodway Map; \*\*\* FHBM — Flood Hazard Boundary Map

### DETERMINATION

This document provides the determination from the Department of Homeland Security's Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) regarding a request for a Letter of Map Revision (LOMR) for the area described above. Using the information submitted, we have determined that a revision to the flood hazards depicted in the Flood insurance Study (FIS) report and/or National Flood insurance Program (NFIP) map is warranted. This document revises the effective NFIP map, as indicated in the attached documentation. Please use the enclosed annotated map panels revised by this LOMR for floodplain management purposes and for all flood insurance policies and

This determination is based on the flood data presently available. The enclosed documents provide additional information regarding this determination. If you have any questions about this document, please contact the FEMA Map Assistance Center toll free at 1-877-336-2627 (1-877-FEMA MAP) or by letter addressed to the LOMR Depot, 3601 Eisenhower Avenue, Alexandria, VA 22304. Additional information about the NFIP is available on our website at

> . Sachbit, P.E., CFM, Project Engineer Hazard identification Section

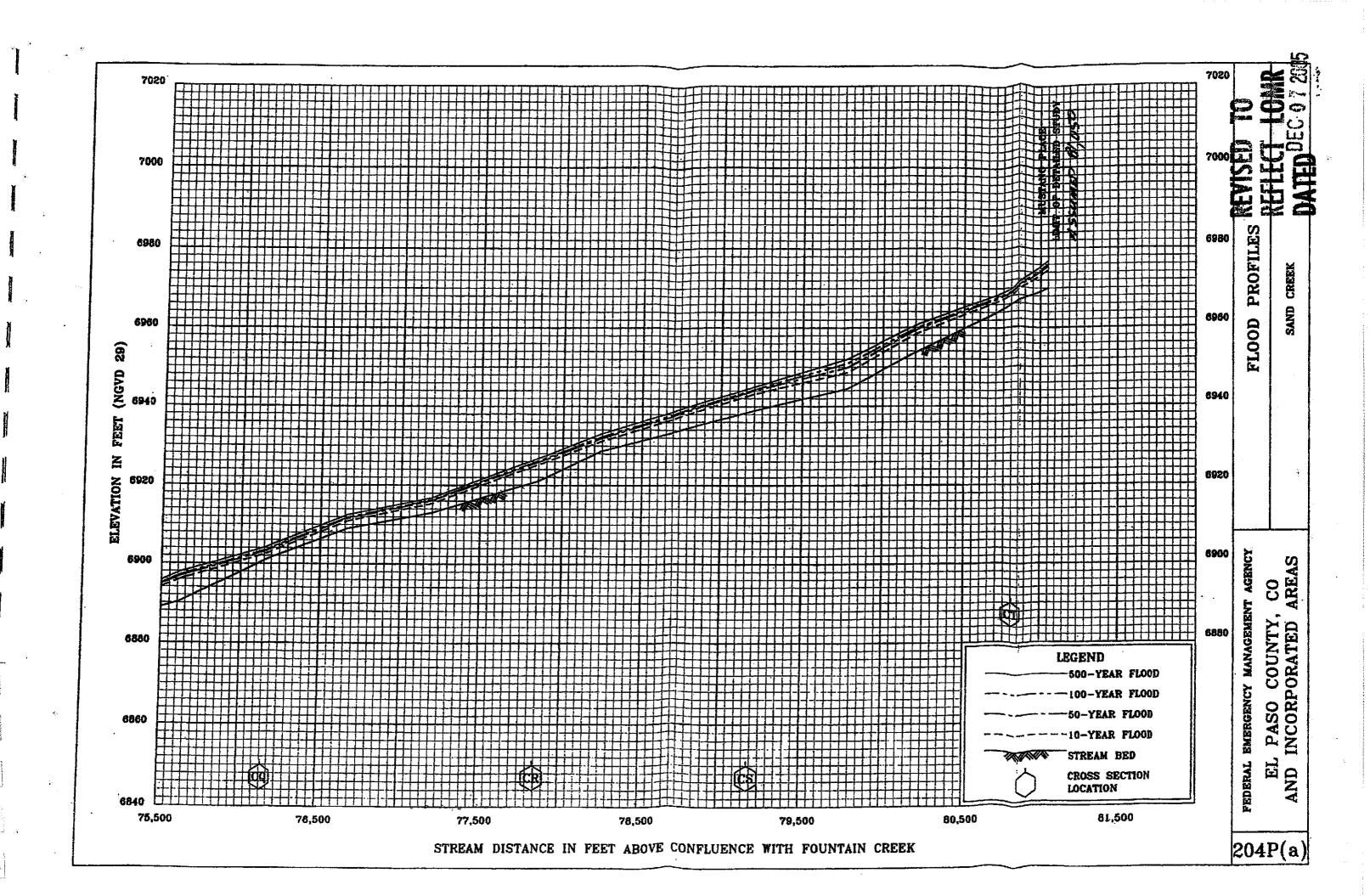
ligation Division

Ememency Po

	SOURCE		FLOODWAY	<u>.</u>	BASE FLOOD WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION							
CROSS SECTION  Sand Creek	DISTANCE	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	REGULATORY	. WITHOUT FLOODWAY	WITH FLOODWAY	INCREASE				
Cont's) CA CB CC CB CCB CCB CCB CCB CCB CCB CCB	65,292 66,092 66,247 67,647 68,297 69,147 70,157 70,577 70,627 70,807 71,162 71,977 73,052 73,644 75,142 76,161 77,846 79,187 80,808	164 41 90 50. 65 50 30 205 180 210 195 90 226 174 237 172 109 100 117	427 223 270 218 284 213 213 347 267 340 334 255 503 328 364 324 283 272 287 277	6.1 11.7 9.6 11.9 8.8 11.7 11.7 7.2 9.4 7.3 7.5 9.8 5.2 7.9 7.1 8.0 9.2 9.6 9.1	6,748.7 6,761.2 6,773.6 6,782.6 6,793.9 6,804.5 6,815.1 6,823.9 6,826.7 6,831.1 6,832.5 6,838.0 6,847.4 6,861.1 6,870.2 6,888.5 6,903.5 6,903.5 6,903.5	6,748.7 6,761.2 6,773.6 6,782.6 6,793.9 6,804.5 6,815.1 6,823.9 6,826.7 6,831.1 6,832.5 6,838.0 6,847.4 6,861.1 6,870.2 6,888.5 6,903.5 6,903.5 6,944.1 6,969.2	6,749.4 6,762.2 6,773.7 6,783.3 6,794.4 6,804.5 6,815.3 6,824.5 6,827.7 6,831.1 6,832.5 6,839.0 6,848.3 6,861.2 6,870.2 6888.7 6,903.7 6,903.7 6,904.1 6,969.4	0.7 1.0 0.1 0.7 0.5 0.0 0.2 0.6 1.0 0.0 0.0 1.0 0.9 0.1 0.0 0.2 0.2 0.2				

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

EL PASO COUNTY, CO AND INCORPORATED AREAS FLOODWAY DATA
REVISED TO
SAND CREEK REFLECT LOMR
DATED DEC 0 7 2005



HYDROLOGIC CALCULATIONS

## Shiloh Mesa Final Drainage Report Area Drainage Summary

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	- 1		_	~	٠ ا	21.9	19.3	473	6.5%	15	3.8	2.1	21.4		29			
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Tillago/field	5	To Check - 10+1/180
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Nearly bars ground	10	For non-submitted bearins a minimum T, of 10.0 suimates is required
Gassed waterway		1 or 10:0 Ministra
Paved areas and shallow paved swales	20	

### Shiloh Mesa Final Drainage Report (Area Drainage Summary)

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059**	0.7	1	1.90	0,95	40	1.6	0.7	Li	394	2.0	*	19.1	2.7	36	<b> </b>	<del> </del>		_]				
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	"	1 "	~	0.95	192	2	3.0	2,3	678	20	×	19,2	2.7	42	6.1	<del> </del>						_
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Intendity area	tilere ene									-4 W W	00000	M Helgi	u prepa	and by M	etrix, ap	PLON POLICIE	ember 20	79		-		j

Type of Land Serlice Cv Heavy Meadow Tillage/field Short pasture and lawns Nearly bere ground For son-substituted basins a minimum T<sub>c</sub> of 10.0 minutes is required Grased waterway Paved areas and shallow paved sw

Calculated by: BT
Date: 3/12/2015
Checked by: VAS

### Shiloh Mesa Final Drainage Report Surface Routing Summan

	_			The state of the s	e Moutin	ig sui	nmar	v		
	Design Point(s)	Contributing Basins	Equivalent			Inte	nsity		61V	
	OS1 HI	OS1 H1, OS1, & *OS5	CA,	CA 100 1.72	T <sub>C</sub> 21,0	<i>I</i> <sub>5</sub>	I 340	Qs	Q 700	Comments
	H2 H3	H1, H2, OS1, & *OS5	6.59 7.92	9.14 11.00	60.7 60.7	1.6 1.6	2.8	3.8 72.0	9.0 365.5	Channel Flow North Boundary Low side of Dual Culvert Xing under Mustang
ŀ	H4 H5	H4 H5	2.55 1.95	3.57 2.73	41.1 21,4	2.0	3.6	3.1 5.1	370.7 12.8	Channel Flow across southern prop badry Channel Flow across southern prop badry
L	H6	H6	3,45 1,35	4.83 1.89	25,6 28,3	2.6	4.7	9.1	14.2 22.8	Flows toto Sand Creek  Plows into Sand Creek  Plows into Sand Creek
							4.5	3.4	8.4	Ditch flows south along east side of the

### Shiloh Mesa Final Drainage Report Surface Routing Summary

Design Point(s)	Contributing Basins	Equivalent	Equivalent	Maximum	In	ensity .		Tow	
	Marks	CA,	CA 700	TC	I,	1200	Q,	2200	Comments
AI I				w# #12 Pyr	d William			. 17,0 1 0, 18,000	
	A1	1.89	2,27		-	( <i>)</i> -		•	
				12.5	3.7	6.7	7.1	15.1	
					<u> </u>			†	6'D-10-R Sump Inlet
A2			Co	44 PQ PM	u Thai	46.5	41 0000		Release into North WQ Pond
13	A2	3.10	3.72			772			
BI	A3	1.15	138	19.8	3.0	5.4	9.4	20.1	
B2	B1	0.72		10,4	4,0	7.2	4.7	9.9	8' D-10-R Stonp Inlet
CI	B2	2.05	0.84	7.8	4.5	8.0	3.2	6.7	4' D-10-R Sump Inlet
<del>22</del>	CI	0.85	2.46	12.7	3.7	6.6	7.6	16.3	4' D-10-R Sump Inlet
14	cz	2.78	1.02	11.4	3,9	6.9	3.3		6' D-10-R Sump Inlet
A4	C1, C2, B1, B2, A2, A3, A4	11,01	3,25	11.5	3.9	6.9	10.8	7,1	4' D-10-R Sump Inlet
		11.01	13.33	19.8	3.0		33.4	22.4	10' D-10-R Sump Inlet
~			Raniel.	m NO Paral		7 7 4	13.4	72.0	Release into Central WO Pond
GI	G1		- deposition	ALC: NO.	(3) Displa	(A)		• • •	
G2	G2	0.88	1.05	12.0	3,8	6.8	72 7		
FI	FI	1,29	1.55	IO.1	4.1	7.3	3.3	7,1	4' D-10-R Sump Inlet
F2	F2	1.19	1.43	11,4	3.9	6.9	5.3	11.2	4' D-10-R Stonp Inlet
D2	D2	1,08	1,30	12,7	3.7		4.6	9.9	4' D-10-R Samp Inlet
DI .	D1	3.09	3,71	13.7	3.6	6.6	4.0	8.6	4'D-10-R Sump Inlet
DS		2,27	2.72	12.8		6.4	11.1	23.8	12' D-10-R At-Grade Inlet
D3	D5	0.36	0.38	5.0	3,7	6,6	8.4	18.0	2/ D to 2 5
D4	D3	0.86	1.03	10.5	5.1	9.1	1.8	3.5	8'D-10-R Sump Inlet
	G1, G2, F1, F2, D1, D2, D3, D5	9.71	12.04		4.0	7.2	3.5	7.4	4' D-10-R Sump Inlet
	Control of the last of the second		- 42.07	13.7	3.6	6.4	35.0	77.2	4' D-10-R Sump Inlet
02	Plowby D2	in the same of the	and the second	William William	2.004				Release into Southeast WQ Pond
26	D6	1.30	1.13	13.7	3.6				
\$7 8	O87**, O810**	0,83 3,33	0.99	13.8	3.6	6.4	3.0	7.2	Flow-by
39	O84s+	0.81	3_52 0.86	10.0	4.1	73		6.3 25.7	Sheet Flow
\$2	O89**	0.63	0.67	5.6	5,0	8.8	4.0	7.6	
S3	OS3**	1.17	1.24	5.0	5.1	9.1	3.2	60	PER MODE MATRIX
	US3**	1,17	1.24		4.8	8.5	5.6	10.5	PER MODE MATRIX PER MODE MATRIX
			1-67 I	6.0	4.9	8.6	5.7	40-0	DDD 101555

Date: 3/16/2015 Checked by: VAS

## Shiloh Mesa ADDENDUM to FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT

Street Name	Contributing Resins		t Capacity		y - ARI	mar M	orm)			
Kenosha Road	Sering Bering	(Cardinal Directions) at max Q5	Street Class	Curb Type	Street	Actual Q5	Max. Q5 (cfs)	Depth At Curb Face (ft)	Q5 Max, Check	
Kenosha Road	DI	W	Collector		(PVSP)	(cfs)	(10/12/94 Ba's)	(Fig 7-12 Eq.)	Max>Actual<20cfs (res ramp), 34cfs(other)	Q5 Depth Chec
	D2	E	<del> </del>	Vertical	0.013	8.4	19.4	0.31		7 0.102
Kenosha Road	DS	B	Collector	Vertical	0.013	11.1	19.9	0.34	OK	OK
Codrington Place	D3	<del></del>	Collector	Vertical	0.012	1.8	18.8		OK	OK
Moorebank Drive	Al	BOTH	Residential	Ramp	0.015	3.5	13.6	0.18	OK	OK
Callendale Drive	A3	BOTH	Residential	Ramp	0.015	7.1	13.8	0.21	OK	OK.
Callendale Drive	. A2	W	Residential	Ramp	0.010	4.7		0.28	OK	OK
Barreport Drive	BI	В	Residential	Ramp	0.010	9.4	11.3	0.26	OK	OK
Barraport Drive		w	Residential	Ramp	0.021		11.3	0.33	OK	OK
Sandamere Drive	B2	E	Residential	Ramp	0.020	3.2	16.2	0.20	OK	
Sandsmere Drive	CI	W	Residential	Ramp		7.6	16.0	0.27	OK	OK
Berraport Drive	C2	B	Residential		0.016	3.3	14.4	0.21	OK	OK
Barraport Drive	<b>G</b> 1	W	Residential	Ramp	0.025	10.8	17.9	0.30	OK	OK
	G2	T E	Residential	Ramp	0.017	3.3	14.8	0.20	OK	OK_
Sandamera Drive	PI	w		Ramp	0.020	5.3	15.7	0.24		OK
Sandamere Drive	F2	"   E	Residential	Ramp	0.016	4.6	14.1	0,24	OK .	OK
Bazraport Drive	D2 *(1/2) {WILL FIX LATER CEB}	<del> </del>	Residential	Ramp	0.014	4.0	13.2	0.23	OK	OK
andamere Drive	C2	E	Residential	Ramp	0.010	5.6	11,3	0.27	OK	OK
is slope of 2% assumed for a		E	Residential	Ramp	0.029	10.8	19.2		OK	OK
							Calculated by: ET	0.29	OK	OK

Date: 3/20/2015

HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS

### SHILOH MESA FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT (Storm Sewer Routing Summary)

	e ·	ipe Contributing Design Points/P	Equ ive		dvalent	Maxim	leny		densit)					<u> </u>
	<b>—</b>	Runs	-	4,	A 700	Tc		$I_{I}$			Q,	Q <sub>11</sub>	Сотте	nie
		7 OS5*									2.0	340.		
	<b>)</b> —	7 085*							$\neg$	7	2.0	340.		
			1.1	9	1.27	12.5		3.7	6	7 :	7. <i>I</i>	15.1		
			0.7	2 (	3.84	7.8		4,5	8.	O .5	.2	6.7	<del>-  </del>	
	5		2.0	5 2	46	12,7	$\neg$	3.7	6.	6 7	.6	16.3	<del></del>	
	6	PR4+PR5	2.7	7 3	.30	12.7		3.7	6,	6 10	2.3	21.9		
	7	Dr C1	0.8	5 1	A2	11.4	1	3.9	6.5	, 3	.3	7.1	18" RCP	
	8	DP C2	2.78	3.	25	11.5	7	3,9	6.9	10	.8	22.4	<del></del>	
	9	PR7+PRs	3.63	4.	27	11.5	1	3.9	6.9			29.5	30" RCP	
	10	PR 6 + PR 9	6.40	7.5	57	12.7	+	3.7	6.6	<del> </del> -			30* RCP	
I	11	DP A3	1.15	1.3	18	10.4	+	4.0	7.2			50.2	36" RCP	
L	12	DP A2	3.10	3.7	2	19.8	+	3.8	5.4	-		9.9	18" RCR	_
	14	PR 11+PR 12	4.25	5.1	9	19.8	+	3.0	5.4			20.8	24" RCP	_
Γ	15	PR 16 + PR 14	10.65	12.0	67	19.8	╫		<del> </del>	12.		27.5	30" RCP	
I	16	DF G1	6.88	1.0		12.9	╀	3.0	5.4	32.	-	68.4	42" RCP	
	17	DP G2	1.29	1.59			╀	3.8	6.8	3.3		7.1	18" RCP	
r	18	PR 16+PR 17	2.17	2.66		10.1	╁┈	4.1	7.3	5.3		11.2	18" RCP	
r	19	DP F2	1.68			12.0	1-	3.8	6.8	8.2		17.6	24" RCP	
卜	20	DF F1	<del>                                     </del>	1.30	-	12.7	<b> </b>	3.7	6.6	4.0	$\perp$	8.6	18" RCP	7
-	21	PR19+PR 20	1.19	1.43		114		3.9	6.9	4.6		9.9	18" RCP	7
⊢	22	PR 18 + PR 21	2.27	2.72		12.7	13	3,7	6.6	8.5		18.1	24" RCP	1
⊢	28		4.44	5.32	1	12.7	]	.7	6.6	16,5		35.3	30" RCP	1
		BP D2	1.79	2.59		13.7	_3	.6	6.4	6.4		16.6	24" RCP	1
	29	PR 12+PR 28	6.23	7.91		13.7	3	.6	6.4	22.4	1	6.7	36" RCP	1
	3	DP D1	2.27	2.72		12.5	3,	.7	6.6	8.4	1	8.0	24" RCP	1
_	4	DP D5	9.36	0.38		5.9	5.	.1	9.1	1.8		3.5	18" RCP	1
2	5	PR 29 + PR 23 + PR 24	8.85	11.01		13.7	3.	6	6.4	31.9		0.6	42" RCP	-
2	6	DP D3	0.86	1,03	1	10.5	4.0	9	7.2	3.5	+	.,		ł
2	7	PR 25 + PR 26	9.71	12.04	1	13.7	3.4	<del>-  </del> -	6.4	35.6	┿-		18* RCP	1
										22.5	1 7	7.2	42" RCP	

#### NOTES:

- 1. Pipe sizes per preliminary design, Computations in appendix).
- 2. DP DESIGN POINT
- 3. PR PIPE RUN

Calculated by: <u>FT</u>	
Date: 3/16/2015	
Checked by: VAS	

# Free Online Manning Pipe Flow Calculator

Makining Formula Uniform Pipe Flow at Given Slope and Depth

Can you help me translate this calculator to your language or host this calculator at your web

Shiloh Mesa			
PIPE CULVERT			
		Results:	
Set units: in imm fit inches		Flow, q	9.5777 ds V
Pipe diameter, d <sub>0</sub>	18	Velocity, v	6.7372 Neec
	inches V	Velocity Head, h.	0.7084 4 🔍
lanning roughness, n ?	2013	Flow area	1.4217 RY2 V
ressure slope (possibly 2 equal to	1.0	- Wetted perimeter	3.1416
he sinhe)' 20	% neetrun 🗸	Hydraulic radius	0.4526.1
ricent of (or ratio to) full depth	75	Top width, T	1.2990 #
00% or 1 if flowing full)	%		1.14
		Singer etrope (treatie	0.7024 pef

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Last Modified 09/30/2014 08:14:04

# Free Online Manning Pipe Flow Calculator

Variable Formula Uniform Pipe Flow at Given Slope and

Can you help me translate this calculator to your language or host this calculator at your web

Shijoh Mesa			
PHPE CULVERT			
Set units: m mm fi inches	7	Results:	ho as a
ipe diameter, do	24	Velocity, v	20.6269 Ch V
lanning roughness, n 2	meter V	velocity head, h	1.0362 8 . 3
ressum slope (possibly ? equal	013	Wetter parmeter	2.5274 872 V
alpe sicpe), S <sub>0</sub>	SE receipun V	Tydraulic redus	1.1887 R V
proent of (or ratio to) full depth 00% or 1 if flowing full)	75	Top Willer, T	1.7320 #
And or any moving Will)	% v	Froude number, F Shear stress	1.19
		(tractive force), teu	0.9366 psf V

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Last Modified 09/30/2014 08:14:04

# Free Online Warning Pipe Flow Calculator

Le of California Hygiability Language
Manning Formula Uniform Pipe Flow at Given Slope and
Depth

Can you help me translate this calculator to your language or host this calculator at your web

PIPE CULVERT  Set units: m mm ft inches  Pipe diameter, do  Pipe diameter, do  Manning roughness, n?  Pressure slope (possibly ? equal to pipe slope); So  Percent of (or ratio to) full depth 75  Restults:  Flow, q. 37,3890 of the pipe slope (possibly ? equal to pipe slope); So  Manserum Vieled parimeter 5,2369	hilch Mesa			
Set units: m mm fi inches Figur, q. 37.3890 of Velocity v 9.4706 five Character, do Velocity v 9.4706 five Character, do Velocity head hy 1.3840 five Character character from the character five Character from the character for t	Alleni Mesa			
Set units: m mm ft inches  Pipe diameter, do  Set units: m mm ft inches  Pipe diameter, do  Set units: m mm ft inches  Velocity v 9.4706 ft/set  Velocity head hv 1.3840 ft  Velocity head hv 1.3840 f	PE CULVERT			
Pipe diameter, do    Second				
Pipe diameter, do    Second	units: m min fi inches			37.3000 de V
Henring roughness, n?  Teasure slope (possibly? equal 1.0  Property of (or ratio to) full depth 75  Welled perimeter 5.2369 1  Welled perimeter 5.2369 1  Conservation (or ratio to) full depth 75  Top width, T  2.1660 1	diameter, do			9.4706 West
reasure slope (passibly ? equal (.0 Welfad penimeter 5.2369 ) polps slope). So Winserun V Hairwallic radius 0.7842 ii Percent of (or ratio to) full depth 75 100 width, T 2.1660 it	and the man man and the state of the state o		103 12 C 14 30 F2	
ercent of (or ratio to) full depth 78 100 width, T 2.1660 A	sure slope (possibly ? equal	1.0	Wested penmeter	5.2399 1 1
	ent of (or ratio to) full donth		1.02	
	66 AP 7 46 AP 11 4 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	<b>6 V</b>	Froude number F	1.24
Shear sizess (tractive ferce), tau 1.1707 psf			Snear stress (tractive force), tau	1.1707 psf 🗸

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# Free Online Manning Pipe Flow Calculator

List of Calculations Byteautha Language

Manning Formula Uniform Pipe Flow at Given Slope and

Depth

Can you help me translate this calculator to your language or host this calculator at your web

Shiloh Mesa			
PIPE CULVERT			
		Results:	
" J mones		Flaw q	60.6146 OF V
ipe diameter, do	86	Velocity, v	10.0849 Mec
lanning roughness, n ?	Inches V	Velocity head, hy	1.7778 A
reasure slope (possibly ? equal	30/3	riew area	5.6867 PM
this sister, 20	1.0 Vialisarian V	Water perimeter	6.2881 R V
preant of (or ratio to) full depth	75	Top with, T	2:5980 n
90% or 1 if flowing full)	% ×	Froude number, F	127
		Shear stress (tractive force), teu	1.4048 psf V

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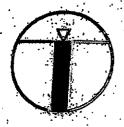
ast Modified 09/30/2014 08:14:04

## Free Online Manning Pipe Flow Calculator

Manufine Formula Uniform Pipe Flow at Given Slepe and Depth

Can you help me translate this calculator to your language or host this calculator at your web

Shiloh Mesa			** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **
PIPE CULVERT			
		Pasults:	
Set units in min it inches		Plan, a	64.225 Feb. V
Pipe diameter, do	42	Velacity v	A. A.
	I teles Y	Velocity head, hy	E 1307-16: V
danning roughness, n 2		Trav area	
ressure slope (possibly ? equal		Mester parimeter	
pipe sieps), S <sub>0</sub>	& Destruct Y	mydraethe raelius	Dates 1
ercent of (or ratio to) full depth	20	Tee west 1	020/8 IE
00% or 1 if flowing full)	% ·	Frouds number, F	1.38
		Street strees (tractive force), tau	1.5297 per V



]

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#### Partially Full Pipe Flow Calculator and Equations

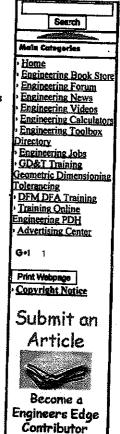
Fluid Flow Table of Contents | Hydraulic and Pneumatic Knowledge Fluid Power Equipment

This engineering calculator determines the Flow within a partially full pipe using the Manning equation. This calculator can also be used for uniform flow in a pipe, but the Manning roughness coefficient needs to be considered to be variable, dependent upon the depth of flow.

#### HP's Big Data Partially Full Pipe Flow Calculations - U.S. Units Il. Calculation of Discharge, Q, and average velocity, V Solutions for pipes more than helf full Use 100% of your state. Instructions: Enter values in blue boxes. Calculations in yellow Gain immediate Inputs Calculations ाधश्री देह. Pipe Diameter, D = Pipe Diameter, D A Depth of flow, y Pipe Radjus, r ft (must have $y \ge D/2$ ) Circ. Segment Height, h = 0.167 Full Pipe Manning roughness, note = 0.013 Central Angle, q = 0.67 Channel bottom Cross-Sect. Area, A = 28.05 ñΪ slope, 5 = 0.006 Wetted Perimeter, P= 16.8 ft Calculations Hydraniic Radius, R = 1.67 Æ L013888E n/nen = Discharge, Q = 345,21 ds Partially Full Manning Ave. Velocity, V = 1231

0.013

roughness, n =





r = D/2
h = 2r - y
(hydraulic radius)
R = A/P
(Maucing Equation)
Q = (1.49/a)(A)(R<sup>2/2</sup>)(S<sup>1/2</sup>)
V = Q/A

pipe % full [(A/A<sub>6.6</sub>)\*100%] = 1 99.2%

# SHILOH MESA FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT (Inlet Cateulations - Sump Condition)

DPA1

Total Flow:

Qs = 7.1 afs

Q<sub>100</sub>

15.1 ofs

Maximum allowable ponding depth at sump:

 $Dmax_5 = 0.50$ 

 $Dmex_{109} = 0.67$ 

 $Qi = 1.7(Li+1.8(W))(Dmax + w/12)^{1.82}$ 

where: W = 3 feet

w = 4 inches

Clogging Factor = 1.25

Li (1.25) = Length of injet opening

5-Year Event: 4 foot inlet required

100-Year Event: 6 foot inlet required

(Install a Public 6' D-10-R inlet to accept both 5 yr. & 100 yr. developed flows at this design point.)

Calculated by: BT

Date: 9/23/2014

# SELLOH MESA FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT (Inlet Calculations - Sump Condition)

#### DPA2

Total Flaw:

 $Q_5 = 9.4 \text{ cfs}$ 

Q<sub>100</sub>

20.1 ofs

Maximum allowable ponding depth at sump:

 $Dmax_5 = 0.50$ 

 $D_{max_{100}} = 0.67$ 

 $Qi = 1.7(Li+1.8(W))(Dmax + w/12)^{1.85}$ 

where: W = 3 feet

w = 4 inches

Clogging Factor = 1.25

Li (1.25) = Length of inlet opening

5-Year Event: 4 foot inlet required

100-Year Event: 8 foot inlet required

(Install a Public 8' D-10-R inlet to accept both 5 yr. & 100 yr. developed flows at this design point.)

Calculated by: ET

Date: 9/25/2014

# SELLOFI MESA FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT (Inlet Calculations - Sump Condition)

DPA3

Total Flow:

 $Q_5 = 4.7 \text{ cfs}$ 

Q100 = 9.9 cfs

Maximum allowable ponding depth at sump:

 $Dmax_3 = 0.50$ 

 $Dmax_{100} = 0.67$ 

 $Qi = 1.7(Li+1.8(W))(Dmax + w/12)^{1.85}$ 

where: W = 3 feet

w = 4 inches

Clogging Factor = 1.25

Li (1.25) = Length of inlet opening

5-Year Event: 4 foot inlet required

180-Year Event: 4 foot inlet required

(Install a Public 4' D-10-R inlet to accept both 5 yr. & 100 yr. developed flows at this design point.)

Calculated by: ET

Date: 9/25/2014

## SHUOH MESA FINAL BRAINAGE REPORT (Intel Calculations - Sump Condition)

DPB1

Total Flow:

Q<sub>5</sub> = 3.2 cfs

 $Q_{100} = 6.7 \text{ of }$ 

Maximum allowable ponding depth at sump;

 $Dmax_5 = 0.50$ 

 $Dmax_{100} = 0.67$ 

 $Qi = 1.7(Li+1.8(W))(Dmax + w/12)^{1.85}$ 

where: W = 3 feet

w = 4 inches

Clogging Factor = 1.25

Li (1.25) = Length of inlet opening

5-Year Event: 4 foot inlet required

100-Year Event: 4 foot inlet required

(Install a Public 4' D-10-R inlet to accept both 5 yr. & 100 yr. developed flows at this design point.)

Calculated by: ET

Date: 9/25/2014

## SHILOH MESA FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT (Inlet Calculations - Sump Candidon)

DPB2

Total Flow:

Q = 7.6 cfs

Q<sub>180</sub> = 16.3 ofs

Maximum allowable pending depth at sump:

 $Dmax_5 = 0.50$ 

 $D_{max_{160}} = 0.67'$ 

 $Qi = 1.7(Li+1.8(W))(Dmax + w/12)^{1.85}$ 

where: W = 3 feet

w = 4 inches

Clogging Factor = 1.25

Li (1.25) = Length of inlet opening

5-Year Event: 4 foot inlet required

100-Year Event: 6 foot inlet required

(Install a Public 6' D-10-R inlet to accept both 5 yr. & 100 yr. developed flows at this design point.)

Calculated by: ET

Date: 9/25/2014

# SELLOFI MESA FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT (Inlet Calculations - Sump Condition)

**DPCI** 

Total Flow:

Q, =

Q<sub>100</sub> = 7.1 of

Maximum allowable ponding depth at sump:

 $Dmax_5 = 0.50$ 

 $D_{max_{100}} = 0.67$ 

 $Qi = 1.7(Li+1.8(W))(Dmax + w/12)^{1.85}$ 

3.3 cfs

where: W = 3 feet

w = 4 inches

Clogging Factor = 1.25

Li (1.25) = Length of inlet opening

5-Year Event:

foot inlet required

100-Year Event:

4 foot inlet required

(Install a Public 4' D-10-R inlet to accept both 5 yr. & 100 yr. developed flows at this design point.)

Calculated by: ET

Date: 9/25/2014

Checked by: VAS

MS CIVIL, Inc.
Drainage Colcs. GT template

## SELLOH MESA FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT (Inlet Calculations - Sump Condition)

DPC2

Total Flow:

Q: = 10.8 cfs

 $Q_{100} = 22.4 \text{ of s}$ 

Maximum allowable ponding depth at sump:

 $Dmax_5 = 0.50$ 

Drhax<sub>100</sub> = 0.67

 $Qi = 1.7(Li+1.8(W))(Dmax + w/12)^{1.85}$ 

where: W = 3 feet

w = 4 inches

Clogging Factor = 1,25

Li (1,25) = Length of inlet opening

5-Year Event: 6 foot inlet required

100-Year Event: 19 foot inlet required

(Install a Public 10' D-18-R inlet to accept both 5 yr. & 100 yr. developed flows at this design point.)

Calculated by: ET

Date: 9/25/2014

# SHILOH MESA FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT (Inlet Calculations - Sump Condition)

#### DPD1

Total Flow:

 $Q_3 = 8.4 \text{ cfs}$ 

Q<sub>190</sub>

18.6 cfs

Maximum allowable pending depth at sump:

 $Dmax_5 = 0.50$ 

 $Dmax_{100} = 0.67$ 

 $Qi = 1.7(Li+1.8(W))(D_{max} + w/12)^{1.85}$ 

where: W = 3 feet

w = 4 inches

Clogging Factor = 1.25

Li (1.25) = Length of inlet opening

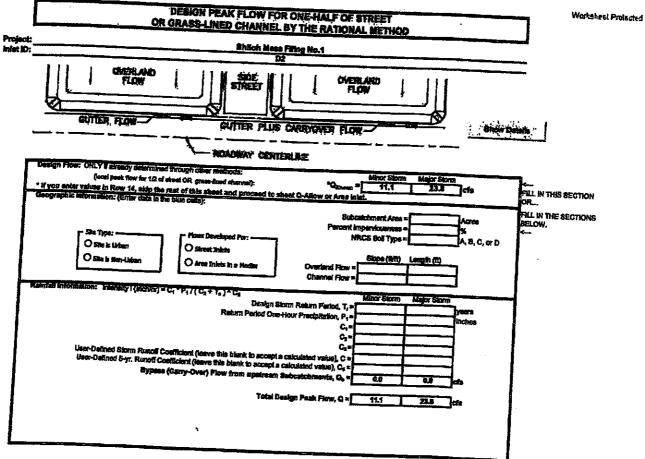
5-Year Event: 4 foot inlet required

100-Year Event: 8 foot inlet required

(Fastall a Public 8' D-10-R inlet to accept both 5 yr, & 100 yr. developed flaws at this design point.)

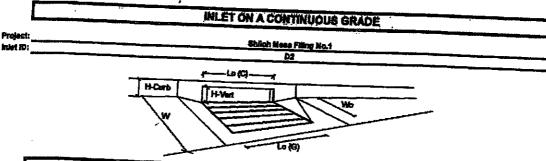
Calculated by: ET

Date: \$/25/2014



ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm) (Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread) Project: Shiftch Mess Filing No.1 Inlet ID: DZ Gutter Geometry (Enter data is the biss cells) edmum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb) Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020) 0.020 Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown 6.00 Gutter Width **22.**0 Street Transverse Slope 2.00 Guiter Cross Stope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 fulft) S<sub>X</sub> · 2,000 **10**/10 Street Longitudinal Stope - Enter 0 for sump condition Sw 0.125 Manning's Rougimess for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020) So 4 0.022 0.020 Asx. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm Minor Storm Major Storm Warning 02 Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm 22.0 22.0 Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (leave blank for no) 9.3 12.0 check = yes Hanimum Canacity for 1/2 Street based On Allowshie Sureed Water Depth without Gutter Depression (Eq. ST-2) Minor Stoon Major Storm Vertical Depth between Guiber Lip and Guiter Flowline (usually 2") 528.00 528,00 Sutter Depression (d<sub>c</sub> - (W \* S<sub>x</sub> \* 12)) 3.0 inches Water Depth at Gutter Flowline -45.00 45.00 hchae Alloweble Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section W (T - W) 483,00 483.00 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FLWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7) T<sub>w</sub> = 20,0 20,0 Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, cerrted in Section  $\mathsf{T}_\mathsf{X}$ Eo : 0.211 0.211 Qx Discharge within the Guiter Section  $W\left(Q_{T}\cdot Q_{X}\right)$ 38.850.7 38,859.7 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & Izwns) 10,416.6 10,416.6 Martinum Flow Based On Allowable Spread 59,783.4 58,783.4 Q. = Flow Velocity within the Gutter Section 189,059.7 100 658 7 V'd Product: Flow Velocity times Gutter Flowine Depth 129.8 129.8 5,224.5 6,224,5 landmann Camecity for 1/2 Street based on Allowable Depth Theoretical Water Spread Minor Store efor Storm Theoretical Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section W (T - W) TH 2,3 Guiter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7) Term 0.3 0.4 Theoretical Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section  $T_{\rm XTM}$ E<sub>0</sub> • 0.967 0.949 Actual Discharge outside the Gutler Section VI, (limited by distance Tonown) Q<sub>XTH</sub> : 0.4 1.0 Discharge within the Gutter Section W  $(\mathbf{Q}_{\mathbf{f}} - \mathbf{Q}_{\mathbf{x}})$ Qx: 0.4 10 că. Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns) Q<sub>W</sub> • 10.9 17.8 Total Discharge for Major & Minor Storm (Pre-Safety Factor) 0.6 10.7 Average Flow Velocity Within the Gutter Section 0 11.B 29.4 ofe V\*d Product: Flow Velocity Times Gutter Flowline Depth 8.4 10.2 Slope-Based Depth Safety Reduction Factor for Major & Minor ( $d \ge 6^{\circ}$ ) Storm V## .. 8.5 10.2 Max Flow Based on Allowable Depth (Safety Factor Applied) R= 0.95 0.77 esultant Flow Depth at Gutter Flowline (Safety Factor Applied) Q. = 11.3 27.8 Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown (Safety Factor Applied) 10.92 11,40 inche 0.00 MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion MAJOR STORM Allowable Geoscity is based on Deoth Criterion Minor Storm Major Storm Minor storm max, allowable capacity GOOD - greater than flow given on sheet 'Q-Pask' 11.3 22.8 WARNING: MAJOR STORM max. silowable capacity is less than flow given on sheet 'Q-Peek

Warning 92: Max Allowable Depth for Minor Storm to greater than the Curb Height.



Coolen Information Coon?				
Type of laset		AMNOR	MAJOR	
Local Depression (additional to continuous guitar depression 's' from 'C-Allow')	Type =	Colorado S	tings D-10-R	7
Transform of white of the wint (Bloke or Carl Assessor)	arcon	4.0	4.0	Anches
ruengen or a single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curt Country)	No =	1	7	-j''''''
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than Witness C. & Co)	4.6	12.00	72.00	٦,
GROSSING Factor for a Single Unit Orate Desired who washes and as	W <sub>4</sub> =	N/A	NA	٦,
EGOgging Pactor for a Single Unit Curb Chapter Shaded and Australian	C-G=	NA	N/A	<b>-</b>  "
INTERNATIONAL MARKET Q > ALLOWARD & O COR MA LOS TRANSPORTERS	C-C+	0.10	0.10	7
\$1000 mass translations Capacity		MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Infet Corry-Over Flow (Now Systematics Infert	Q-	0.31	16.68	ich.
Capture Percentage = Q, (Q, =	G-	4.0	7.5	ch
	C% =	57	70	12

## SHULOH MESA PINAL DRAINAGE REPORT (Inter Catoulations - Sump Condition)

DPD3

Total Flow:

Qs = 3.5 cfs

Qigo

7.4 CE

Maximum allowable ponding depth at sump:

 $Dmax_5 = 0.50$ 

 $D_{\text{max}_{100}} = 0.67$ 

Qi = 1.7(Li+1.8(W))(Dinax + w/12)1.85

where: W = 3 feet

w = 4 inches

Clogging Factor = 1.25

Li (1.25) = Length of inlet opening

5-Year Event: 4 foot inlet required

160-Year Event: 4 foot inlet required

(Install a Public 4' D-10-R inlet to accept both 5 yr, & 100 yr. developed flows at this design point.)

Calculated by: ET

Date: 5052914

Checked by: VAS

MS CIVIL Inc. Drainage Calix GT template

# SHILOH MESA FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT (Inlet Calculations - Sump Condition)

#### DPD5

Total Flow:

 $Q_5 = 1.8 cfs$ 

 $Q_{100} = 3.5 \text{ cfs}$ 

Maximum allowable ponding depth at sump:

 $Dmax_5 = 0.50^{\circ}$ 

 $Dmax_{100} = 0.67'$ 

 $Qi = 1.7(Li+1.8(W))(Dmax + w/12)^{1.85}$ 

where: W = 3 feet

w = 4 inches

Clogging Factor = 1.25

Li (1.25) = Length of inlet opening

5-Year Event:

4 foot inlet required

100-Year Event:

foot inlet required

(Install a Public 4' D-10-R inlet to accept both 5 yr. & 100 yr. developed flows at this design point.)

Calculated by: ET

Date: 9/25/2014

# SETT OF MESA PINAL DRAINAGE REPORT (Inter Calculations - Sump Condition)

DPR1

Total Flow:

Q = 4.6 cfs

Q100 = 9.9 cfs

Maximum allowable ponding depth at sump:

 $Dmax_5 = 0.50$ 

 $Dmax_{100} = 0.67$ 

 $Qi = 1.7(Li+1.8(W))(Dmax + w/12)^{1.85}$ 

where: W = 3 feet.

w = 4 inches

Clogging Factor = 1.25

Li (1.25) = Length of inlet opening

5-Year Event: 4 foot inlet required

100 Year Event: 4 foot inlet required

(Install a Public 4' D-10-R inlet to accept both 5 yr. & 100 yr. developed flows at this design point.)

Calculated by: ET

Date: 9/25/2014

Checked by: VAS

MS CITE, Inc.
Drainage Cults Gil template

Page 1 of 1

12/20/50

# SHILOH MESA FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT (Intel Calculations - Sump Condition)

DPF2

Total Flow:

 $Q_5 = 4.0 \text{ cfs}$ 

Qio = 8.6 of

Maximum allowable ponding depth at sump:

 $Dmax_5 = 0.50$ 

 $Dmax_{160} = 0.67$ 

 $Qi = 1.7(Li+1.8(W))(Dmax + w/12)^{1.85}$ 

where: W = 3 feet

w = 4 inches

Clogging Factor = 1.25

Li (1.25) = Length of inlet opening

5-Year Event: 4 foot inlet required

100-Year Event: 4 foot inlet required

(Install a Public 4' D-10-R inlet to accept both 5 yr. & 100 yr. developed flows at this design point.)

Calculated by: ET

Date: \$25/2014

# SEILOU NESA FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT (Intel Culculations - Sump Condition)

DPG1

Total Flow:

Q = 3.3 cfs

Que

7,1 cfs

Maximum allowable ponding depth at sump:

 $D_{max_5} = 0.50$ 

 $D_{max_{100}} = 0.67'$ 

 $Qi = 1.7(Li+1.8(W))(Dmax + w/12)^{1.85}$ 

where: W = '3 feet

w = 4 inches

Clogging Factor = 1.25

Li (1.25) = Length of inlet opening

5-Year Event: 4 foot inlet required

100-Year Event: 4 foot inlet required

(Install a Public 4' D-10-R inlet to accept both 5 yr. & 100 yr. developed flows at this design point.)

Calculated by: ET

Date: 9/25/201

# SEILOH MESA FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT (Intel Calculations - Sump Condition)

#### DPG2

Total Flow:

Q<sub>5</sub> = 5.3 cfs

Q<sub>100</sub> = 11.2 cfs

Maximum allowable ponding depth at sump:

 $Dmax_5 = 0.50$ 

 $Dmax_{100} = 0.67$ 

 $Qi = 1.7(Li+1.8(W))(Dmax + w/12)^{1.85}$ 

where: W = 3 feet

w = 4 inches

Clogging Factor = 1.25

Li (1.25) = Length of inlet opening

5-Year Event:

4 foot inlet required

100-Year Event:

4 foot inlet required

(Install a Public 4' D-10-R inlet to accept both 5 yr. & 100 yr. developed flows at this design point.)

Calculated by: ET

Date: 9/25/2014

Checked by: VAS

MS CIVIL, Inc.
Drainage Calcs\_GT template

Designer:	Eugene Teliez	Form: Band Piller (6P)
Company:	MS Civil Consultants	
Date:	March 17, 2015	
Project:	Shrioh Mess South Water Quality Pond	
Location:	Vortheest of Wall-Law Quality Pond	
	Northeest of Markshelfet Road and Kenoehe Road Intersection	
1. Basin Sk	orage Volume	
A) Effect	ve imperviousness of Tributary Ares, I.	
(100%	if an payod and moled areas upstream of sand filter)	Ĺ <u>=65.0</u> %
8) Tribut	ary Area's imperviousness Retio (i = (_/100)	I. auti
C) Water	Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Based on 12-hour Drain Time	1= <u>0.006</u>
	- 000 (000)   - (18-L+0'\Q_a\)	WQCV = <u>\$13</u> watershed inches
D) Contrib	using Watershed Area (including sand filter area)	Arms n. DAF SER
E) Water (	2:sality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume	Area = <u>945,256</u> aq ft
*WOCV	- steffes / 12 - View	Vwqov = 18:817 cu t
F) For Wal	eraheds Outside of the Denver Region, Depth of	
Lracusta.	Franki Francisk Storm	d, * in
G) For Wat Water O	enshede Outside of the Denver Region, uality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume	Vwggyoneg mgu ft
		Andrea Claused
(Only If a	ut of Water Quelity Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume different WQCV Design Volume is desired)	Vwqovuser ≃cu t
<u> </u>	200100)	
Basin Geome	etry	
A) WQCV Da	pth	
8) Sand Filler	Side Slopes (Horizontel distance per unit vertical,	D <sub>WQCY</sub> = ft
4:1 or fatte	or preferred). Use "0" if send bler has vertical walls.	Z= <u>3.00</u> ft/ft
	itter Area (Flat Surface Area)	DIFFICULT TO MAINTAIN, INCREASE WHERE POSSIBLE
O) ##160150111 1	more view (Line original Visit)	A <sub>min</sub> = <u> </u>
D) Actual Filter	· Area	
E) Volunte Pro	vided:	Andread to 4012 and fit
		V₁ =20989 ou ft
Nor Material		Choose One
		● 18" CDOT Class C Filter Hasterial
	İ	O Other (Explain):
nderdnaka Syste	err.	
Are underdrait	ns provided?	Choose One
	]	O YES O NO
	stem critice demeter for 12 hour drain time	
i) Dist Vol	arnos From Lowest Bevalion of the Storage urne to the Center of the Onlice	y*1.8 n
	I I	5 — <u>7-ю</u> ц
	write to Drain in 12 Hours	Volu= <u>, infattir c</u> urt
	ice Diemeter, 3/8" Minimum	n i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH	COMPANIE DE LA COMPAN	D <sub>0</sub> = in

Designer:	Eugene Tellex	Sheet
Company:	ME Civil Consultants	
Date:	March 17, 2015	
Project:	Shiloh Mess South Water Quality Pond	
Location:	Northeest of Maricheffel Road and Kenosha Road Intersection	n
	ble Geomembrane Liner and Geotoxille Separator Fabric	Choose One
A) to an in	permeable liner provided due to proximity	O YES • NO
of struc	tures or groundwater continuingtion?	0.13
	<del></del>	ĺ
7. Inlint / Outlet	Works	
A) Describe	the time of the contract of th	Physic and would be a
conveyin	the type of energy dissipation at hilet points and means of g flows in excess of the WQCV through the outlet	Ripray pad provided where needed. Emergency overflow provided to carry excess flow.
	anong: the Office	
Notes:	<del></del>	

#### **Stormwater Detention and Infiltration Design Data Sheet**

Workbook Protected

Worksheet Protected

Stormwater Facility Name: Shiloh Mesa - Southern WQ Sand Filtration Basin

Facility Location & Jurisdiction: SW corner of the Shiloh Mesa Site, Colorado Spring

User (Input) Watershed Characteristics

Watershed Slope = 0.011 ft/ft 1.40 Watershed Length-to-Width Ratio = L:W Watershed Area = 21.70 acres Watershed Imperviousness = 65.0% percent Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group A = 57.4% percent 42.6% Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group B = percent Percentage Hydrologic Soil Groups C/D = 0.0% percent

Location for 1-hr Rainfall Depths (use dropdown):

1	
User Input	10.58

**User Input: Detention Basin Characteristics** 

WQCV Design Drain Time = 12.00 hours

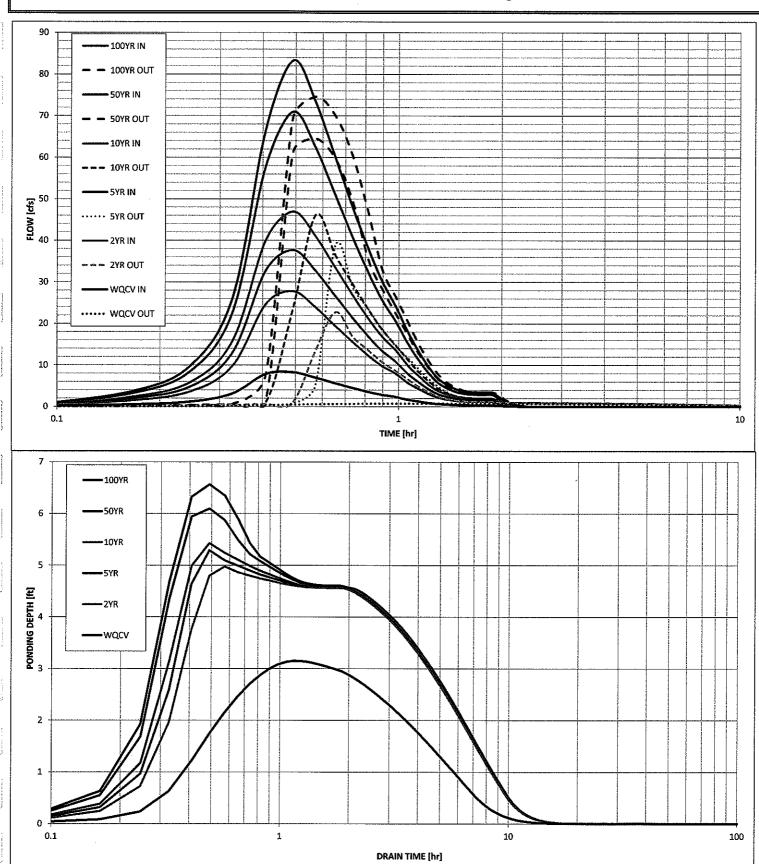
User Defined	User Defined	User Defined	User Defined
Stage [ft]	Area [ft^2]	Stage [ft]	Discharge [cfs]
0.00	3,849	0.00	0.00
0.55	3,887	0.55	0.32
1.55	3,964	1.55	0.52
2.55	4,138	2.55	0.68
3.55	4,312	3.55	0.80
4.55	5,663	4.55	0.92
5.55	6,534	5.55	52.84
6.55	7,841	6.55	74.39
7.55	10,890	7.55	90.95
7.75	11,326	7.75	93.94
			1 (1.2) 1 (1.4)
			1. V
			1
	·		1. 1.4
	٠		11.75
			1.53
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PIL. 1			
			1.5
			1.11

After completing and printing this worksheet to a pdf, go to: <a href="https://maperture.digitaldataservices.com/gvh/?viewer=cswdif">https://maperture.digitaldataservices.com/gvh/?viewer=cswdif</a> create a new stormwater facility, and attach the pdf of this worksheet to that record.

**Routed Hydrograph Results** 

	Routed Hydro	outed Hydrograph Results					
Design Storm Return Period =	WQCV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	50 Year	100 Year	
One-Hour Rainfall Depth =	0.50	1.19	1.50	1.75	2.25	2.52	in
Calculated Runoff Volume =	0.364	1.227	1.668	2.080	3.126	3.660	acre-ft
OPTIONAL Override Runoff Volume =							acre-ft
Inflow Hydrograph Volume =	0.363	1.227	1.668	2.079	3.125	3.659	acre-ft
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume =	10.0	10.3	9.8	9.4	8.4	8.0	hours
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume =	12.0	12.3	11.8	11.4	10.7	10.5	hours
Maximum Ponding Depth =	3.15	4.97	5.28	5.42	6.09	6.56	ft
Maximum Ponded Area =	0.097	0.138	0.145	0.147	0.166	0.180	acres
Maximum Volume Stored =	0.289	0.500	0.544	0.564	0.669	0.750	acre-ft

### **Stormwater Detention and Infiltration Design Data Sheet**



		Perm: Sand Pitter (SP)	
Designer:	Eugene Tailes		Sheet 1
Company: Date:	MS Civil Consultants March 17, 2018		
Project:			
Location:	Shiloh Maus Central Water Quality Pond  Northeast of Markshellel Road and Kenosha Road Intersection		
	Total and Amount Road Intersection		
1. Basin Stor	age Volume		·
A) Effective (100%)	s imperviousness of Tributary Area, I, f all paved and roofed areas upstream of sand filter)	i₄× <u>85.0</u> %	
	ry Area's imperviousness Radio (i = 1,/150)	1	
C) Water ( WQCV	Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Based on 12-hour Drain Time = 0.9 * (0.91* i <sup>2</sup> - 1.19 * i <sup>2</sup> + 0.78 * i)	WQCV = 0.25 westershed inches	
	iting Watershed Area (including sand filter area)	Area = <u>929,574</u> eq fi	
AMGGA -	uality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume : WQCV / 12 * Area	Vwqcv = 17.714 cu ft	
ranago	raheds Outside of the Danver Region, Depth of Famolf Producing Storm	<b>4</b> = in	
AARIOL CIT	rsheds Outside of the Denver Region, usity Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume	Vwocvernex =cut	
H) User inpu (Only if a c	t of Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume lifferent WQCV Design Volume is dealred)	Vwqcvusen =cu ft	
Basin Geomei	зу		· ·
A) WQCV Dep	dir.		
B) Sand Filter : 4:1 or flatter	Side Siopes (Horizontal distance per unit vertical, r preferred). Use "0" if sand litter has vertical walls.	D <sub>Hack</sub> =	
	itor Area (Fist Surface Area)		
) Actual Filter	<b>∆ns</b> a	Aus. = aq ft	
) Volume Prov	ided	A <sub>retion</sub> ≈ <u>5740</u> sq ft	
		V <sub>7</sub> = 18800 cu ft	
ter Material		Choose One	
		18" CDOT Cleas C Filter Material	
	i	O Other (Explain):	
derdrain Syste	(F)		
Are underdrein		© YES	.i
	tem orifice diameter for 12 hour drain time	Оно	
i) Distr Vok	ince From Lowest Elevation of the Storage ams to the Center of the Orifice	y= <u>1.8</u> ft	
	me to Drain in 12 Hours	Vol <sub>te</sub> =	
II) One	ce Diameter, 3/8" Minimum	Do = 2 in	

Designer:	Eugena Tollaz	She
Company: Data:	MS Civil Consultants  Warch 17, 2018	
Project:	Shiloh itesa Central Water Quality Fond	
Location:	Northeast of Marksheffel Road and Keoceta Road Intersecti	on .
A) is an in of stru	npermaable liner provided due to proximity utures or groundwider portamination?	OYES ❸NO
. Inlet / Outle	Works	
A) Describe conveyir	the type of energy dissipation at injet points and means of g flows in excess of the WQCV through the outlet	Riprap pad provided where needed. Emergency overflow provided to carry excess flow.
Notes:		

#### **Stormwater Detention and Infiltration Design Data Sheet**

**User Defined** 

**User Defined** 

Workbook Protected

Worksheet Protected

**User Defined** 

**User Defined** 

Stormwater Facility Name: Shiloh Mesa - Central WQ Sand Filtration Basin

Facility Location & Jurisdiction: Mid and west of the Shiloh Mesa Site, Colorado Spring

User (Input) Watershed Characteristi
--------------------------------------

ft/ft	0.013	Watershed Slope =
L:W	1.18	Watershed Length-to-Width Ratio =
acres	21.34	Watershed Area =
percent	65.0%	Watershed Imperviousness =
percent	57.4%	Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group A =
percent	42.6%	Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group B =
percent	0.0%	Percentage Hydrologic Soil Groups C/D =

Location for 1-hr Rainfall Depths (use dropdown):

١	User Input	

**User Input: Detention Basin Characteristics** 

WQCV Design Drain Time = 12.00 hour

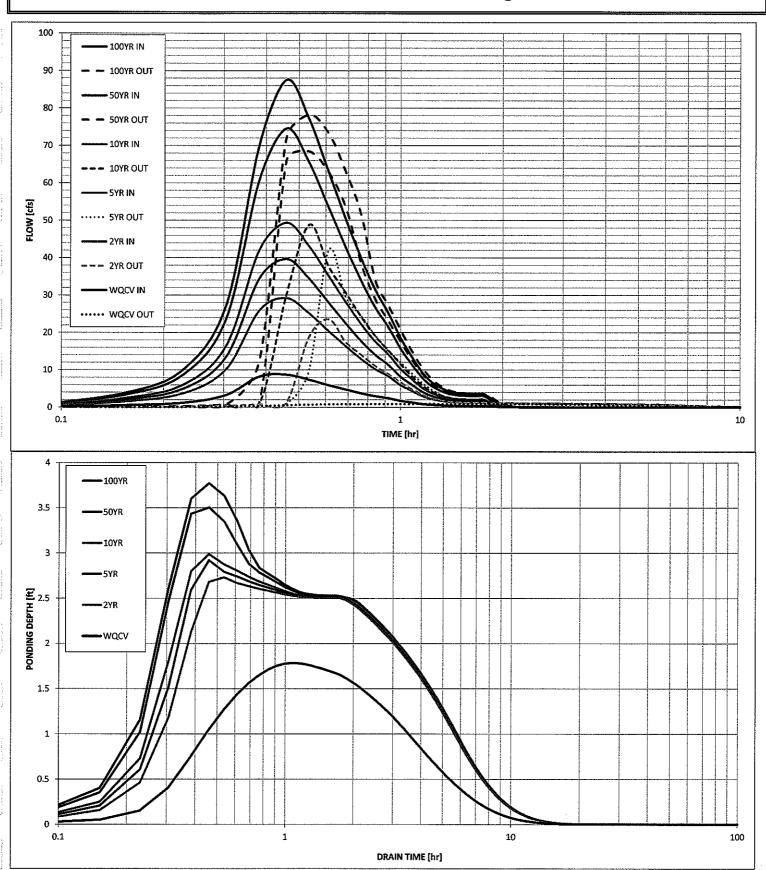
	Osci Deimed		Osci Desinica
Stage [ft]	Area [ft^2]	Stage [ft]	Discharge [cfs]
0.00	5,740	0.00	0.00
1.00	6,970	1.00	0.69
2.00	8,233	2.00	0.93
2.50	8,407	2.50	1.05
3.00	10,237	3.00	50.30
4.00	12,023	4.00	86.35
			12
			3-2- 3-1-3-1
			1.1
			. *
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Routed Hydrograph Results

	Koutea nyara	graph Kesuits					_
Design Storm Return Period =	WQCV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	50 Year	100 Year	
One-Hour Rainfall Depth =	0.50	1.19	1.50	1.75	2.25	2.52	in
Calculated Runoff Volume =	0.358	1.207	1.641	2.045	3.074	3.599	acre-ft
OPTIONAL Override Runoff Volume =							acre-ft
Inflow Hydrograph Volume =	0.357	1.206	1.640	2.045	3.074	3.599	acre-ft
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume =	9.9	9.1	8.4	7.9	7.0	6.6	hours
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume =	12.4	11.7	11.0	10.6	9.6	9.3	hours
Maximum Ponding Depth =	1.78	2.73	2.92	2.99	3.50	3.77	ft
Maximum Ponded Area =	0.183	0.212	0.228	0.234	0.256	0.267	acres
Maximum Volume Stored =	0.280	0.462	0.504	0.519	0.646	0.715	acre-ft

#### **Stormwater Detention and Infiltration Design Data Sheet**



	•	Pone: Sand Piller (SP)	
	Eugene Tellez ES Civil Connultante		She
	Farch 17, 2016		
Location: N	hilloh Mess North Water Quality Pond		
	ortheast of Markshellisi Road and Kenochs Road intersectio	4	
1. Basin Storage	Volume		•
(150 X M SM	perviousness of Tributary Aree, i <sub>e</sub> paved and roofed areas upstreen of sand filer)	4 = <u>65.0</u> %	
B) Tributary A	rea's imperviousness Ratio (I = L/100)		
C) Water Qual WQCV= 0.	Ry Capture Volume (WQCV) Based on 12-hour Drain Time 9 ° (0.91° f' - 1.18 ° f' + 0.78 ° i)	WQCV = 6.29 watershed inches	
. D) Contributing	Watershed Area (Including sand filter area)		
(ii) Water Quality	y Capture Volume (WQCV) Deelgn Volume	Area = 164,667 sq ft	
,	TALL IN TABLE	V <sub>WQGV</sub> =	
F) For Watershi	ids Guitaide of the Deriver Region, Depth of off Producing Blora		
-		d <sub>e</sub> = in	
	ds Cutnide of the Denver Region. Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume	Andorautes =on g	
H) User Input of t	Nater Quality Captura Volume (WQCV) Design Volume and WQCV Design Volume is desired)	Vergovuser *ou ft	
Z. Besin Geometry			
A) WCCV Depth			**
•		D	
8) Sand Filter Side	Stoppe (Horizontal distance per unit vertical,	D <sub>WGCY</sub> =	
4:T or fletter pref	errad). Live "0" if sand filter has vertical,	Z=4.00fr/fs	
C) Mimimum Filter A	res (Flat Surface Ares)	, —	
D) Actual Filter Area		Aug. =	
E) Volume Provided		Accord = 1808 sq ft	
,		V <sub>T</sub> =	
Filter Material		Choose One	
	1	SIP COOF Clear C Filter Material	-
		O Other (Captain):	:
nderdrain System			
<del>-</del>	I		
Are underdrains pro-	rided?	Choose One ——————————————————————————————————	
	filice diameter for 12 hour drain time	Оно	
i) Distance F Volume to	from Lowest Elevation of the Storage the Center of the Ortice	y= <u>1.8</u> n	
ii) Volume to	Drain in 12 Hours	· —	
iii) Orlifoe Die	meter, 3/6" Minimum	Val <sub>ta</sub> =	
		Do = <u>1.5/16</u> in	

Designer: Company: Date: Project: Location:	Exgene Talies MS Civil Computents Merch 17, 2015 Shiftoh Mess North Water Quality Pond Northeast of Markshaffel Road and Kenosha Road Intersection		Sheet 2
A) is an im	ile Geomenibrane Liner and Geolecifie Separator Fabric permeable finer provided due to proximity urea or groundwater contamination?	Choose One O YES ® NO	
A) Describe conveying	Works the type of energy dissipation at inject points and means of flows in excess of the WQCV through the outlet	Riprap pad provided on where needed, Emergency overflow pro- to carry excess flow.	wided

#### **Stormwater Detention and Infiltration Design Data Sheet**

**User Defined** 

**User Defined** 

**User Defined** 

**User Defined** 

Stormwater Facility Name: Shiloh Mesa - North WQ Sand Filtration Basin

Facility Location & Jurisdiction: Northwest corner of the Shiloh Mesa Site, Colorado Spring

Oper (mpur) mareconen	maracteristics	_
Watershed Slope =	0.020	ft/ft
Vatershed Length-to-Width Ratio =	4.81	L:W
Watershed Area =	3.78	acres
Watershed Imperviousness =	65.0%	percent
rcentage Hydrologic Soil Group A =	57.4%	percent

Hear (Innut) Watershed Characteristics

Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group B = 42.6% percent Percentage Hydrologic Soil Groups C/D = 0.0% percent

Location for 1-hr Rainfall Depths (use dropdown):

1	
1	: —
User Input	40.00
osci xiipac	3.6000

**User Input: Detention Basin Characteristics** 

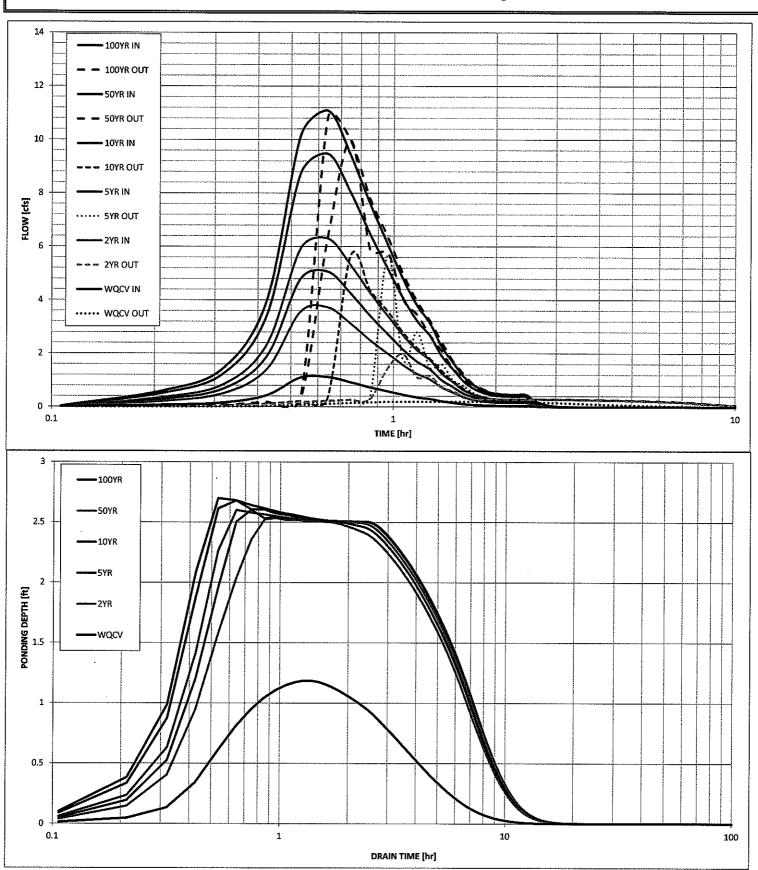
WQCV Design Drain Time = 12.00

Stage [ft]	Area [ft^2]	Stage [ft]	Discharge [cfs]
0.00	1,154	0.00	0.00
1.00	1,917	1.00	0.18
2.00	2,810	2.00	0.26
2.50	3,311	2.50	0.28
3.00	3,833	3.00	27.55
4.00	4,966	4.00	47.54
			1.14.
·			
			18 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
		·	
			5.33
			- 33.33
			1.5
			V 15
			2.57
		•	1.17
			11.494
			- 1
			L

After completing and printing this worksheet to a pdf, go to: https://maperture.digitaldataservices.com/gvh/?viewer=cswdif create a new stormwater facility, and attach the pdf of this worksheet to that record.

	Routed Hydro	graph Results					
Design Storm Return Period =	WQCV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	50 Year	100 Year	
One-Hour Rainfall Depth =	0.50	1.19	1.50	1.75	2.25	2.52	in
Calculated Runoff Volume =	0.063	0.214	0.291	0.362	0.545	0.637	acre-ft
OPTIONAL Override Runoff Volume =						:	acre-ft
Inflow Hydrograph Volume =	0.063	0.213	0.290	0.362	0.544	0.637	acre-ft
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume =	8.2	10.3	10.0	9.7	9.0	8.6	hours
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume =	10.2	12.5	12.0	11.8	11.1	10.9	hours
Maximum Ponding Depth =	1.18	2.53	2.60	2.60	2.68	2.70	ft
Maximum Ponded Area =	0.048	0.077	0.078	0.078	0.080	0.081	acres
Maximum Volume Stored =	0.044	0.127	0.132	0.132	0.139	0.140	acre-ft

#### **Stormwater Detention and Infiltration Design Data Sheet**





## Riprap Sizing Worksheet

20 Boulder Crescent, Ste. 110 Colorado Springs, CO Mall to: P.O. Box 1360 Colorado Springs, CO 80901-1360 v 719.955.5485 f 719.444.8427

SHILDH MESA FILING NO. 1 EQNS. FROM UDFCD

72" RCP STRM OUTFALL @ SAND CREEK

REQ ROCK SIZE FRANCE (DC +Yn) = 16145 = 5.25 EXTENT OF PROTECTION INTERM COODITION HIGH REUSE .. REFRAP FOC . USE F16. MD-23 1/5/D = 4.5/525 = 0.86 , 25 = 340/525 = 5.38 ULTENATE CONDITION From mo-23  $\frac{1}{2 \tan \theta} = \frac{4.8}{1.8}$ EQN MD-23  $A_{1} = \frac{340}{5.5} = \frac{61.82}{61.82}$ EQN MD-22  $L_{p} = \frac{(2 \tan \theta)}{(2 \tan \theta)} \left( \frac{4.8}{4.5} - \frac{(61.82 - 6)}{4.5} - \frac{87.14}{6} \right) < \frac{3(0)}{3(0)} = \frac{3(6)}{3(6)} = \frac{18}{18}$ W = 3(D) = 3(6) =  $\frac{18}{18}$  Min. The  $\frac{1.5}{1.5}$  (D<sub>50</sub>) =  $\frac{1.5}{1.5}$  ×  $\frac{1.5}{1.5}$  =  $\frac{2.25}{1.5}$  THK 42 "RCP STRM OUT FAIL @ MUSTANG ROAD MULTITE CONDUCTS DESTREELED TOTAL DISCHARGE AMONG ENDIVIDUAL CONDUCTS REQ. Dock STRE PROUDE 13 EQN MD-20 Da= 2 3.5+3.5 = 315 Q= 34% = 170 USE FIGURE MD-21 Q/0,25 66 170/3,325 = 7.42 \$ 6.0 INCREASE DE BY TO DE FOR BOCK WHOLE NUMBER BY WHICH THE! FRONDE PARAMETEL TO GLEATER THAN 6.0 PACX 125 = 170/(35x12)25 = 4.25 66.0 OK 40 = 35/4.38 = 0.8 Q/D13 = 170/43815 = 1855. Flow P16, MD-21 TYPE L DSG = 9" USE TYPE M GROWIED

EXTENT OF PROTECTION.

LIMITED AREA BETWEEN MUSIAND RD AND PROPERTY

FROM MD-23 Stand = 6.75

FROM MD-23 Stand = 6.75

FROM MD-23 At = 170/5.5 = 30.91

EQN MD-22 Lp = (2tand) (74 -W) = (6.73) (30.91 - 3.5) = 33.32 > 35(3) = 10.0

W = 3(D) = 3(3.5) = 10.5 min THE = 1.5 (Dow) = 1.5 (THE



# Riprap Sizing Worksheet

20 Boulder Crescent, Ste. 110 Colorado Springs, CO Mail to: P.O. Box 1360 Colorado Springs, CO 80901-1360 v 719.955.5485 f 719.444.8427

SHILDH MESA FILING NO. 1 EQNS. FLOM UDPCD

42" RCP STEM OUTFALL @ BAND FLOTER BASIN

REQ FISK STZE FROM = 0.7

USE FIG. MD-21 9/D25 = 7/3525 = 3.1 \le 6.0 OR

Y6/D = 35/35 = 1.0 9/D15 = 71/3515 = 10.8

From Fig. MD-21 TYPE L = D50 = 9"

EXTENT OF PROTECTION

USE FTG, MD-23

J+D= 315/3.5=1.0

PRON MD-23

EQN MD-23

LP = (2tano) (At - W) = (6.7) (12.91

EQN MD-22

LP = (2tano) (At - W) = (6.7) (12.91

W= 3(0) = 3(35) - 10.5 mn

THK = 1.5(0.75) = 1.125 min

42" RCP STRM OUTFALL @ SANDCREEK

PEQ Pock STZE FROMOF = // (3.5 + 2.58) = 3.04

USE FILE MD-21 9/025= 77.2/3,0425 = 4.79 < 6.0 OK

YE/O = 2.58/3,04 = 0.84 9/015 = 77.2/3/0415 = 14.56

FROM FILE MD-21 TYPE L RIPPLP D50 = 9"

EXTONT OF POTESTION

USE FIG. MD-23

Yt/D = 5,6 77.2/5.5 = 14.03

FROM MD-23 Ztun 0 = 5,6 77.2/5.5 = 14.03

EQN MD-23 At = 0/V = 77.2/5.5 = 14.03

EQN MD-22 Lp = (Ztun 0) (Th - w) = (5.6) (14.03 - 3.5) = [10.85] > 3(0)=3(3.5) = 10.51 man

THK = 1.5 (0.75) = 1.125' TAK

REGION SIZE FROMOS =  $\frac{7.5}{5}$  =  $\frac{7.4}{1.1}$  =  $\frac{1.7}{5}$  =  $\frac{1.7$ 

## Stormwater Detention and Infiltration Design Data Sheet

Workbook Protected

Worlsheet Protected

Stormwater Facility Name: Shiloh Mesa - Temporary Pond

Facility Location & Jurisdiction: West edge of the Shiloh Mesa Site, Colorado Spring

User (Input) Watershed Characteristics

Watershed Slope =	0.023	ft/ft
Watershed Length-to-Width Ratio =	4.50	L:W
Watershed Area =	323.00	acres
Watershed imperviousness =	9.0%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group A =	73.8%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soli Group B =	26.2%	percent
rcentage Hydrologic Soll Groups C/D =	0.0%	percent

Location for 1-hr Rainfall Depths (use dropdown):

User Input	

User input: Detention Basin Characteristics

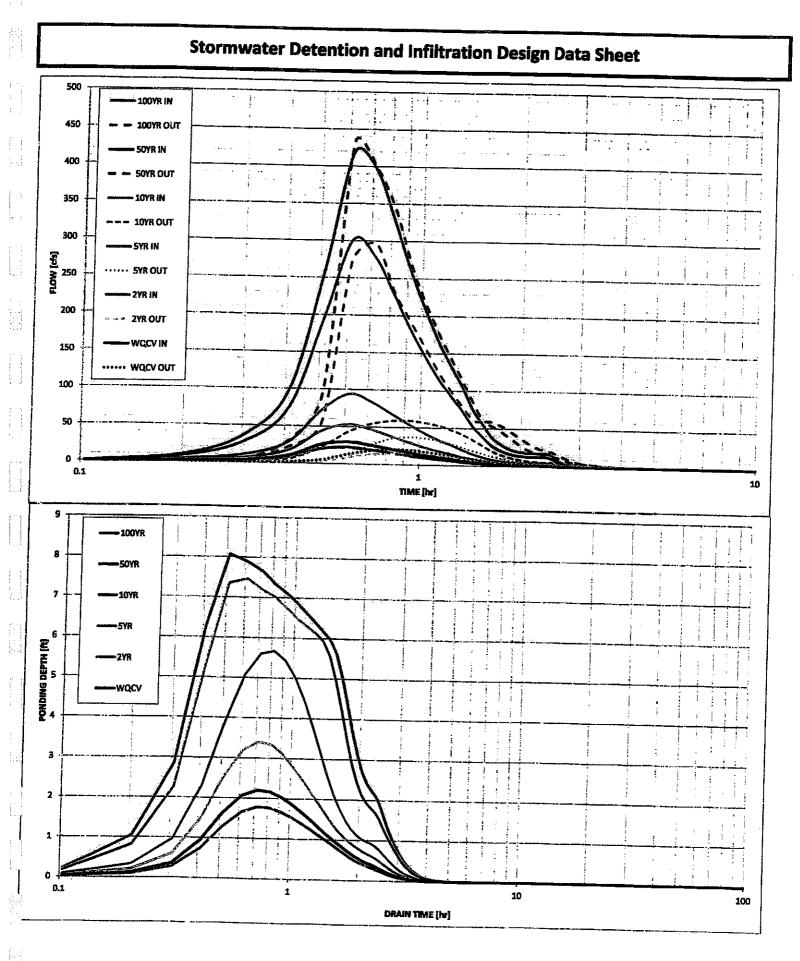
WQCV Design Drain Time = 72.00 hour

User Defined	User Defined	User Defined	User Defined
Stage (ft)	Area [ft^2]	Stage [ft]	Discharge [cfs]
0.00	8,511	0.00	0.00
1.00	9,583	1.00	5.40
2.00	10,454	2.00	17.50
3.00	11,326	3.00	32,20
4.00	12,197	4.00	43.80
5.00	13,504	5.00	53.30
6.00	14,375	6.00	61.50
7.00	15,349	7.00	192.10
8.00	16,439	8.00	424.00
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Routed Hydrograph Becules

•		graph Results					
Design Storm Return Period =		2 Year	5 Уеаг	10 Year	50 Year	100 Year	7
One-Hour Rainfall Depth =		1.19	1.50	1.75	2,25	2.52	in
Calculated Runoff Volume =	1.64B	1.245	2.932	5.168	16,667	23,379	acre-ft
OPTIONAL Override Runoff Volume =					20,007	20.079	acre-ft
Inflow Hydrograph Volume =		1.244	2.932	5.162	16,659	23,378	acre-ft
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume =		2.7	2,6	2.6	2.1	2,1	hours
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume =	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.1	2.9	2.8	hours
Maximum Ponding Depth =		1.78	3.40	5.66	7.45		WARNING
Maximum Ponded Area =	0.244	0.236	0.268	0.323	0.364	0.377	lacres
Maximum Volume Stored =	0.485	0.386	0.793	1.461	2.073	2.278	acre-ft



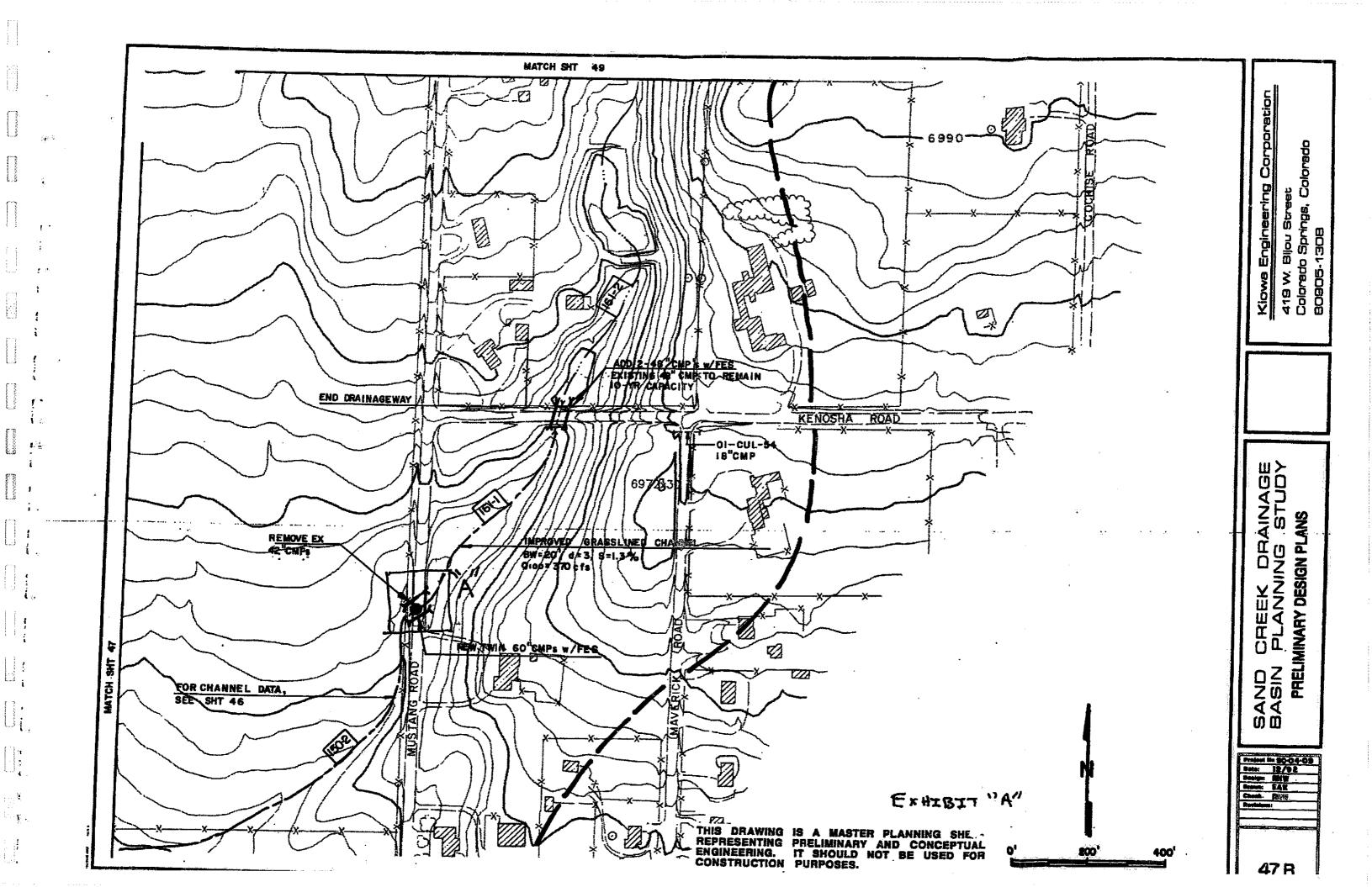


TABLE VIII-3:

SAND CREEK DRAINAGE BASIN PLANNING STUDY
TRIBUTARY DRAINAGEWAY CONVEYANCE COST ESTIMATE
SAND CREEK, CENTER TRIBUTARY AND WEST PORK SAND CREEK

segment Number	REACH NUMBER	improvement Type	imp. Length	UNIT COST	NUMBER OF GRADE	LENGTH OF GRADE CONTROL	TOTAL REIMBURSABLE	TOTAL
<del></del>			(FI)	(\$/LF)	CONTROLS	(FT)	COSTS	
147-2	•	*	1150	200	1	30	\$53\$ 400	#00 <i>E</i> 400
153-1	**	ė	600	150	0		\$235,400	\$235,400
153-2	,	*	450	150	0	0	\$90,000	\$90,000
152-1	SC-7	100-YEAR GRASSLINED	1650	150	0	Q O	\$67,500	\$67,500
152-2		H	800	150	2	100	\$247,500	\$247,500
150-1	*	100-YEAR STORM SEWER 36" RCP	800	58	0	0	\$138,000 \$46,400	\$138,000 \$46,400
150-2	•	100-YEAR RIPRAP	2400	200	0	0	\$480,000	\$480,000
161-1	Ħ	100-YEAR GRASSLINED	550	150	0	0	\$82,500	\$82,500
154	SC-8	•	2100	200	10	600	\$528,000	\$528,000
157		•	2400	200	13	520	\$573,600	\$573,600
155-1	=	100-YEAR GRASSLINED	550	175	4	140	\$121,450	\$121,450
159	#	100-YEAR RIPRAP	3450	200	14	840	\$841,200	\$841,200
164	•	•	1350	200	5	200	\$306,000	\$306,000
186	*	:•€	2250	200	5	200	\$486,000	\$486,000
169	H	· <b>=</b> .	650	175	1	40	\$120,950	\$120,950
173	SC-9	•	950	175	8	320	\$223,850	\$223,850
T PORK SAN	D CREEK						<u></u>	4,
154-1	WF-1	100-year riprap	1550	223	2	100	 <b>\$0</b>	\$363,650
161		A	600	223	2	80	\$0	\$148,200
164-2	*	100-YEAR GRASSLINED	500	150	0	0	\$0	\$75,000
164-4	•	100-YEAR RIPRAP	2500	175	9	280	\$0	\$487,900
165-1	R .		1350	175	n	0	\$0	\$236,250

TOTAL SAND CREEK TRIBUTARY DRAINAGEWAYS

\$7,420,650

\$12,543,750

TABLE VIII-4:

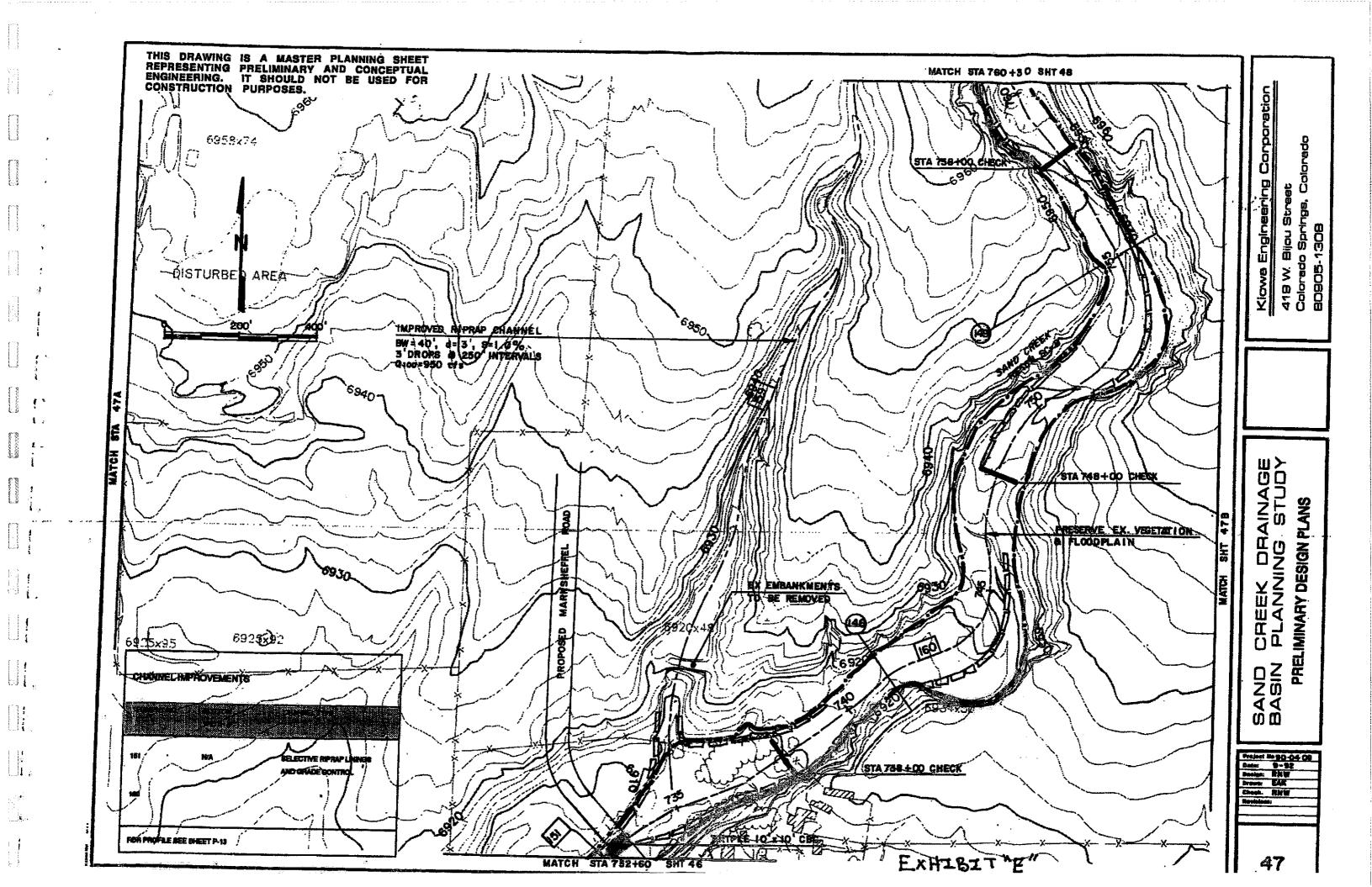
SAND CREEK DRAINAGE BASIN FLANNING STUDY ROADWAY CULVERT CROSSING COST ESTIMATE

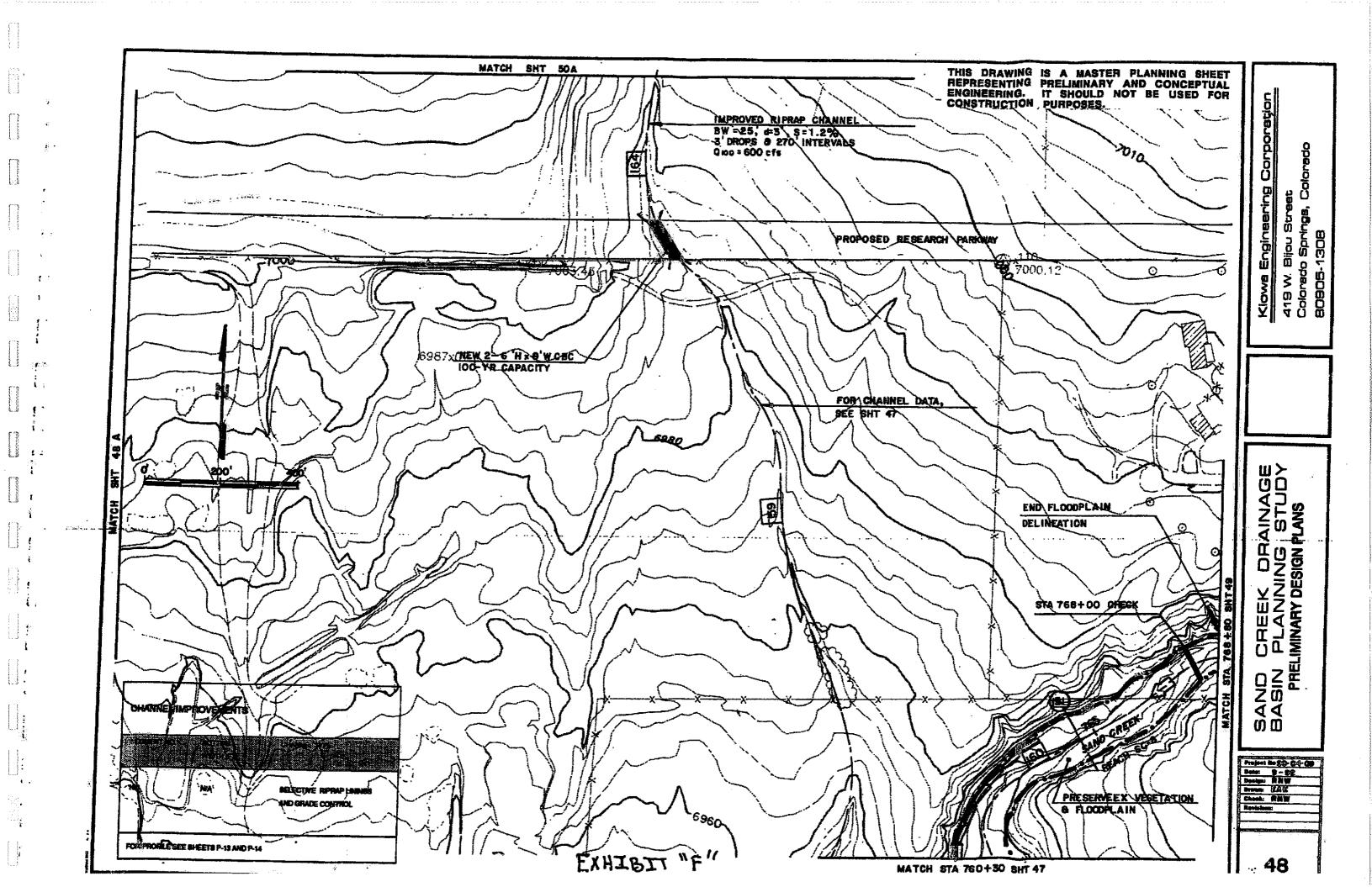
ROADWAY   REACH   DRAINAGEWAY   CROSSING   LENGTH   UNIT   UNIT   TOTAL   TOTAL	<b>;</b>
GRANADA DRIVE SC-1 107 2-4'H x 10'W CBC 60 LF 8650 \$39,000  DELTA DRIVE SC-1 " 50 LF 8650 \$39,000  SONOMA DRIVE SC-1 " 60 LF 8650 \$39,000  SAN MARCOS ROAD SC-1 " 80 LF 650 \$32,000  EL MORRO ROAD SC-1 113 2-5'H x 8'W CBC 60 LF \$540 \$32,000  DELTA DRIVE SC-1 " 90 LF \$540 \$32,000  DELTA DRIVE SC-1 " 90 LF \$540 \$48,600  WAYNOKA ROAD SC-4 135-2 50'BRIDGE \$200 SF \$50 \$256,000 \$256,000  TUTT BLVD SC-5 183 2-6'H.28'W CBC 50 LF \$650 \$48,000 \$48,000  PRITERSON ROAD SC-6 127 2-6'H.28'W CBC 120 LF \$570 \$104,000 \$104,000  PRITERSON ROAD SC-6 136 2-8'H.10'W CBC 120 LF \$750 \$90,000 \$90,000  PETERSON ROAD SC-6 140 6'H.7'W CBC 100 LF \$270 \$27,000 \$27,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 142 6'H.9'W CBC 100 LF \$360 \$356,000 \$366,000  EDEDAH SMITH RD. SC-6 143 6'H.10'W CBC 100 LF \$390 \$31,200 \$31,200  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 143 6'H.10'W CBC 100 LF \$390 \$31,200 \$31,200  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 144 6'H.10'W CBC 100 LF \$390 \$31,200 \$31,200  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 144 6'H.10'W CBC 100 LF \$390 \$31,200 \$31,200  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 144 6'H.10'W CBC 100 LF \$390 \$31,200 \$31,200  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 LF \$390 \$31,200 \$31,200  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 LF \$390 \$31,200 \$31,200  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 LF \$390 \$31,200 \$346,800	<b>;</b>
GRANADA DRIVE SC-1 107 2-4'H x 10'W CBC 60 LF 8650 \$39,000  DELTA DRIVE SC-1 " 50 LF 8650 \$39,000  SONOMA DRIVE SC-1 " 60 LF 8650 \$39,000  SAN MARCOS ROAD SC-1 " 80 LF 650 \$32,000  EL MORRO ROAD SC-1 113 2-5'H x 8'W CBC 60 LF \$540 \$32,000  DELTA DRIVE SC-1 " 90 LF \$540 \$32,000  WAYNCKA ROAD SC-4 135-2 50' BRIDGE \$200 SF \$50 \$256,000 \$256,000  TUTT ELVD SC-5 183 2-6'H x 8'W CBC 50 LF \$650 \$48,000 \$48,000  PRIERSON ROAD SC-6 127 2-6'H x 12'W CBC 120 LF \$570 \$104,000 \$104,000  PRIERSON ROAD SC-6 136 2-8'H x 10'W CBC 120 LF \$750 \$90,000 \$90,000  PRIERSON ROAD SC-6 140 6'H x 10'W CBC 100 LF \$270 \$27,000 \$27,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 142 6'H x 10'W CBC 100 LF \$360 \$36,000 \$36,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 143 6'H x 10'W CBC 100 LF \$390 \$31,200 \$31,200  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 143 6'H x 10'W CBC 100 LF \$390 \$31,200 \$31,200  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 LF \$390 \$31,200 \$31,200  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 LF \$390 \$31,200 \$31,200  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 LF \$390 \$31,200 \$31,200  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 LF \$390 \$31,200 \$31,200  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 LF \$390 \$31,200 \$31,200  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 LF \$390 \$31,200 \$31,200  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 LF \$390 \$31,200 \$346,800	<b>;</b>
DELTA DRIVE SC-1 " 60 LF \$650 \$39,800  SAN MARCOS ROAD SC-1 " 80 LF 650 \$39,800  EL MORRO ROAD SC-1 113 2-5"H x 8"W CBC 60 LF 5540 \$32,400  DELTA DRIVE SC-1 " 90 LF 5540 \$48,600  WAYNCEA ROAD SC-4 135-2 50" BRIDGE 3200 SF 580 \$256,000 \$256,000  TUTT BLVD SC-5 183 2-6"H x 8"W CBC 80 LF 5600 \$48,000 \$48,000  PRIERSON ROAD SC-6 127 2-6"H x 12"W CBC 120 LF 5870 \$104,400 \$104,400  PRIERSON ROAD SC-6 156 2-8 "H x 10"W CBC 120 LF 5750 \$90,000 \$90,000  PETERSON ROAD SC-6 140 6"H x 10"W CBC 100 LF 5750 \$90,000 \$90,000  PETERSON ROAD SC-6 140 6"H x 10"W CBC 100 LF 5750 \$90,000 \$27,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 142 6"H x 10"W CBC 100 LF 5870 \$356,000 \$356,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 142 6"H x 10"W CBC 100 LF 5870 \$312,000 \$312,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 143 6"H x 10"W CBC 100 LF 5870 \$312,000 \$312,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 143 6"H x 10"W CBC 100 LF 5870 \$312,000 \$312,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 143 6"H x 10"W CBC 100 LF 5870 \$312,000 \$312,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 LF 5870 \$312,000 \$312,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 LF 5870 \$312,000 \$312,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 LF 5870 \$312,000 \$312,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 LF 5870 \$312,000 \$312,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 LF 5870 \$312,000 \$312,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 LF 5870 \$312,000 \$312,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 LF 5870 \$312,000 \$312,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 LF 5870 \$312,000 \$312,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 LF 5870 \$312,000 \$312,000	İ
SONOMA DRIVE SC-1 " 60 IF \$650 \$39,000  SAN MARCOS ROAD SC-1 " 80 IF 650 \$25,000  EL MORRO ROAD SC-1 113 2-5°H x 8°W CBC 60 IF \$540 \$32,400  DELTA DRIVE SC-1 " 90 IF \$540 \$48,600  WAYNOKA ROAD SC-4 135-2 50°BRIDGE 3200 SF 580 \$256,000 \$256,000  TUTT ELVD SC-5 183 2-6°H x 8°W CBC 80 IF \$600 \$48,000 \$48,000  PRIERSON ROAD SC-6 127 2-6°H x 12°W CBC 120 IF \$670 \$104,400 \$104,400  JEDEDIAH SMITH RD. SC-6 136 2-8°H x 10°W CBC 120 IF \$750 \$90,000 \$90,000  PRIERSON ROAD SC-6 140 6°H x 7°W CBC 100 IF \$270 \$27,000 \$27,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 142 6°H x 9°W CBC 100 IF \$270 \$27,000 \$27,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 143 6°H x 10°W CBC 100 IF \$270 \$27,000 \$27,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 143 6°H x 10°W CBC 100 IF \$270 \$27,000 \$27,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 143 6°H x 10°W CBC 100 IF \$270 \$27,000 \$27,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 143 6°H x 10°W CBC 100 IF \$270 \$27,000 \$27,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 143 6°H x 10°W CBC 100 IF \$270 \$27,000 \$27,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 143 6°H x 10°W CBC 100 IF \$270 \$27,000 \$27,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 143 6°H x 10°W CBC 100 IF \$270 \$27,000 \$27,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 IF \$270 \$27,000 \$27,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 IF \$270 \$27,000 \$27,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 IF \$270 \$27,000 \$27,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 IF \$270 \$27,000 \$27,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 IF \$270 \$27,000 \$27,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 IF \$270 \$27,000 \$27,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 IF \$270 \$27,000 \$27,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 IF \$270 \$27,000 \$27,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 IF \$270 \$27,000 \$27,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 IF \$270 \$27,000  SC-6 145 " 120 IF \$270 \$27,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 IF \$270 \$27,000  SC-6 145 " 120 IF \$270 \$27,000  SC-6 145 " 120 IF \$270 \$27,000  SC-6 145 " 120 IF \$270 \$27,000  SC-6 145 " 120 IF \$270 \$27,000  SC-6 145 " 120 IF \$270 \$27,000  SC-6 145 " 120 IF \$270 \$27,000  SC-6 145 " 120 IF \$270 \$27,000  SC-6 145 " 120 IF \$270 \$27,000  SC-6 145 " 120 IF \$270 \$27,000  SC-7 " 120 IF \$270 \$27,000  SC-7 " 12	
EL MORRO ROAD SC-1 113 2-5"H x 8"W CBC 60 LF 5545 532,400  DELTA DRIVE SC-1 " 90 LF 5540 348,600  WAYNOKA ROAD SC-4 135-2 50" BRIDGE 3200 SF 580 4256,000 5256,000  TUTT BLVD SC-5 183 2-6"Hz 8"W CBC 80 LF 5600 348,000 348,000  PRITERSON ROAD SC-6 127 2-6"Hz 12"W CBC 120 LF 5870 5104,400 5104,400  FEDERIAR SMITH RD. SC-6 136 2-8 "Hz 10"W CBC 120 LF 5750 590,000 590,000  PETERSON ROAD SC-6 140 6"Hz 7"W CBC 100 LF 527,000 527,000  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 142 6"Hz 9"W CBC 100 LF 5360 536,000 536,000  FEDERIAR SMITH RD. SC-6 143 6"Hz 10"W CBC 80 LF 5390 531,200 531,200  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 LF 5390 531,200 531,200  DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 LF 5390 546,000 546,800	ı
DELTA DRIVE SC-1 " 90 IF \$540 \$48,600 \$48,600 \$48,000 \$256,000 \$25	
WAYNOKA ROAD         SC-4         135-2         58' BRIDGE         3200         SF         \$80         \$256,000         \$256,000           TUIT BLVD         SC-5         183         2-6'Hz8'W CBC         80         LF         \$600         \$48,000         \$48,00           PRIBESON ROAD         SC-6         127         2-6'Hz12'W CBC         120         LF         \$870         \$104,400         \$104,400           JEDEDIAH SMITH RD.         SC-6         136         2-8'Hz10'W CBC         120         LF         \$750         \$90,000         \$90,00           PETERSON ROAD         SC-6         140         6'Hz7'W CBC         100         LF         \$270         \$27,000         \$27,00           DUBLIN BOULEVARD         SC-6         142         6'Hz10'W CBC         100         LF         \$360         \$36,000         \$36,00           IEDEDIAH SMITH RD.         SC-6         143         6'Hz10'W CBC         80         LF         \$390         \$31,200         \$31,20           DUBLIN BOULEVARD         SC-6         145         "         120         LF         \$390         \$46,800         \$46,800	i
TUTT BLVD SC-5 183 2-6 Hz8 W CBC 80 LF 5600 \$48,000 \$4	J
PRITERSON ROAD SC-6 127 2-6"Hx10" W CBC 120 LF \$870 \$104,00 \$1	j
FEDERIAH SMITH RD.   SC-6   136   2-8"Hx10"W CBC   120   LF   \$750   \$90,000   \$90,00	<i>,</i>
PETERSON ROAD SC-6 140 6"Hx7" W CBC 100 LF \$270 \$27,000 \$27,000 DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 142 6"Hx9" W CBC 100 LF \$360 \$36,000 \$36,000 EDEDIAH SMITH RD. SC-6 143 6"Hx10" W CBC 80 LF \$390 \$31,200 \$31,200 DUBLIN BOULEVARD SC-6 145 " 120 LF \$390 \$46,800	,
DUBLIN BOULEVARD         SC-6         142         6°Hx10°W CBC         100         LF         \$360         \$36,000         \$36,000           IEDEDIAH SMITH RD.         SC-6         143         6°Hx10°W CBC         \$60         LF         \$390         \$31,200         \$31,20           DUBLIN BOULEVARD         SC-6         145         "         120         LF         \$390         \$46,800         \$46,800	i
FEDERIAH SMITH RD.   SC-6	ŧ
DUBLINBOULEVARD SC-6 145 120 LF 1390 346,800 546,8	ł.
	į.
PETERSON ROAD SC-6 142 6"Hz9"W CBC 200 LF \$360 \$72,000 \$77,0	į.
	i
CALIFORNIA DRIVE SC-6 152-1 4"Hx8"W CBC 40 1F \$270 \$10,000	
* SC-6: 153 48-INCH-RCP 40 LF \$80 \$5,200	
VOLLMER ROAD SC-6 155-1 2-60-INCH RCP 60 LF \$240 \$14,400	
WOODMEN ROAD SC-6 152-1 4"Ha6"W CBC 300 LF \$240 \$72,000 \$77,00	I.
WOODMEN ROAD SC-6 153-1 478-47W CBC 400 LF \$210 \$84,000 \$84,00	I.
VOLLMER ROAD SC-6 154 2-67th:10"W CBC 80 IF \$690 \$55,200	:0
MUSTANG ROAD SC-7 150-2 2-60-INCH CMP 60 LF 5240 \$14,400	
KENOSHA ROAD SC-7 161-1 2-44-INCH CMP 60 LF \$160 \$9,600	
RESEARCH PARKWAY SC-8 159 2-67H;9"W CBC 120 LF \$660 579,200 \$79,20	
RESEARCH PARKWAY SC-8 157 6"Hz12"W CBC 120 LF \$870 \$104,400 \$104,40	
MUSTANG PLACE SC-8 160 6"Hab"W CBC 40 LF \$330 \$13,200	
MUSTANG PLACE SC-1 161-2 2-48-INCE CMP 40 LF \$160 \$6,400 \$	
RESEARCH PARKWAY SC-8 " 6"Hx8"W CBC 40 LF \$330 \$13,200 \$13,20	

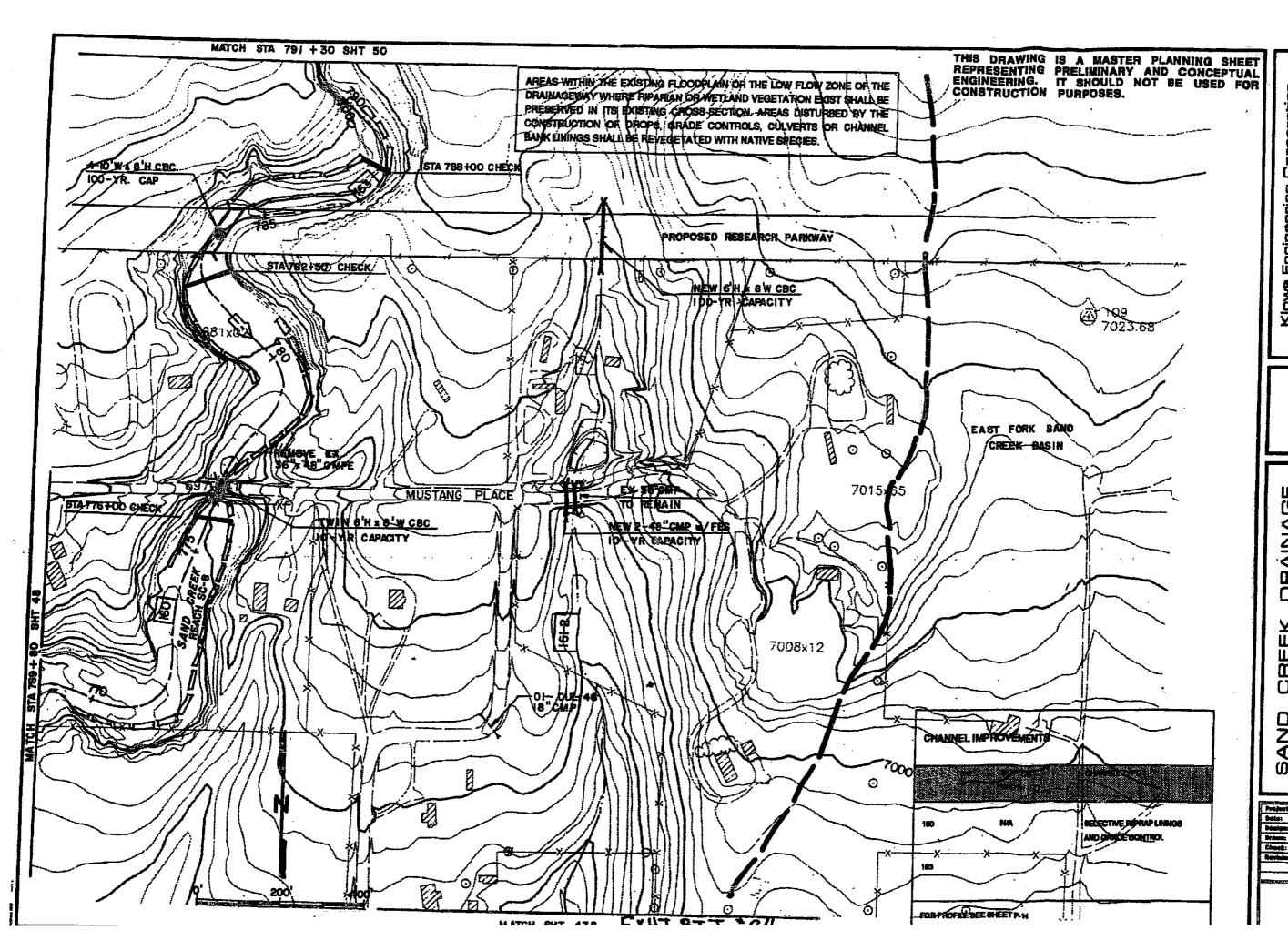
TABLE VIII-2: SAND CREEK DRAINAGE BASIN PLANNING STUDY
DRAINAGEWAY CONVEYANCE COST ESTIMATE
WITH SELECTED DETENTION ALTERNATIVES

SEGMENT NUMBER	REACH NUMBER	SEGMENT LENGTH (FT)	IMPROVEMENT TYPE	emp. Length (FT)	UNIT COST (\$/LF)	NUMBER OF GRADE CONTROLS	GRADE CONTROL LENGTH (FT)	TOTAL REIMBURSABL COSTS	TOTAL	×
148-2		2600	•						,.	
149.4		2000		2150	127	5	620	\$384,650	\$384,650	
151	SC-8	1700	10-YEAR RIPRAP	500	238	3	250	\$164,000	\$164,000	
160	•	5100	SEL LININGS (1 SIDE)	4400	127	6	720	\$688,400	\$688,400	
			10-YR RIPRAP	600	238	0	0	\$142,800	\$142,800	
163		6300	SEL. LININGS (1 SIDE)	2600	127	15	1200	\$546,200	\$546,200	
			10-YR RIPRAP	350	238	0	0	\$83,300	\$83,300	
187	H	1200	SEL LININGS (1 SIDE)	0	0	2	160	\$28,800	\$28,800	
170	SC-9	3200	*	8	0	4	320	\$57,600	\$57,600	
171	,	5000	₩;	0	0	2	170	\$30,600	\$30,600	
172	P	3650		0	0	2	150	\$27,000	\$27,900	
TAL SAND (	CREEK DRAI	NAGEWAY						\$15,560,220	\$18,279,420	

EXHLBIT "D"



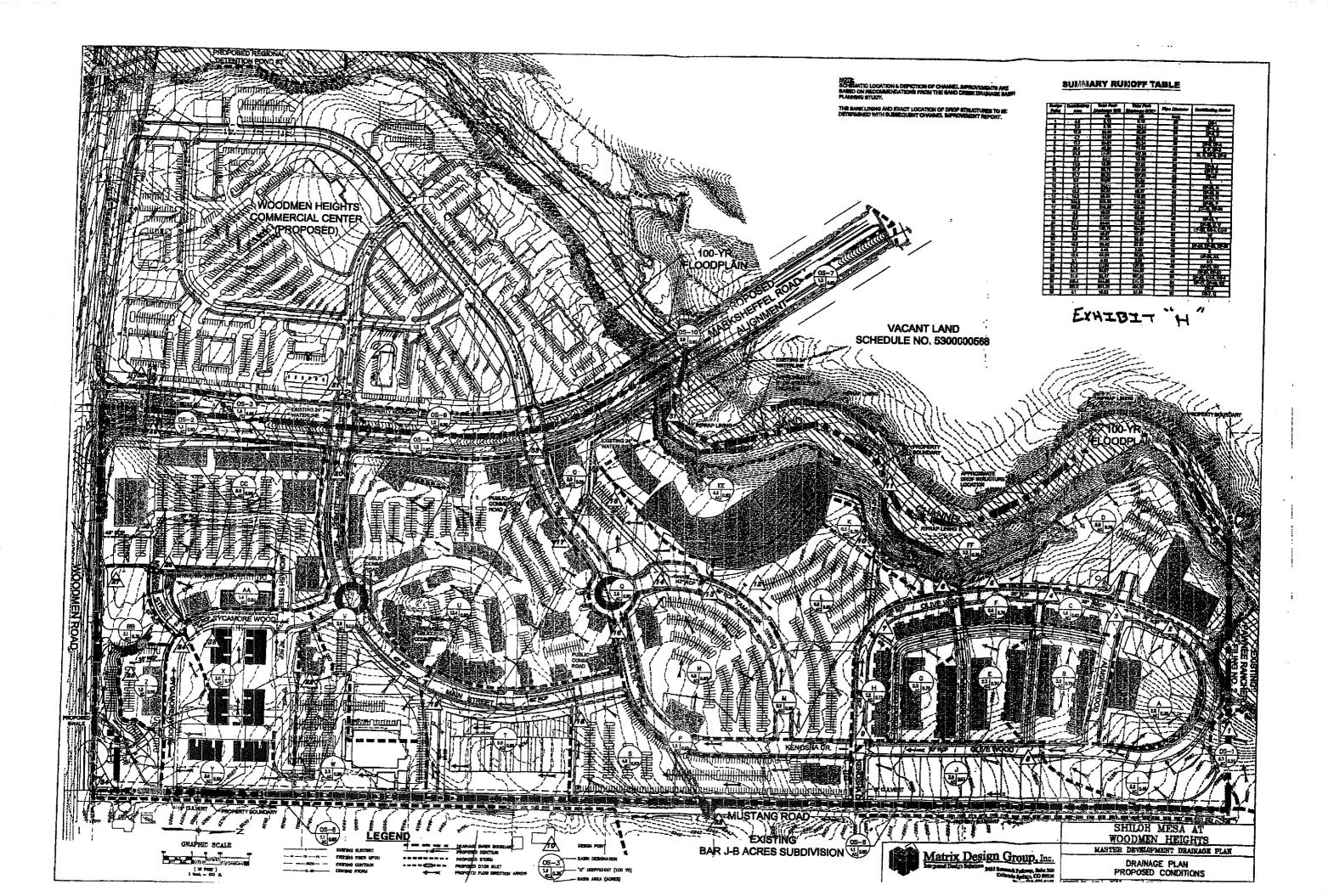


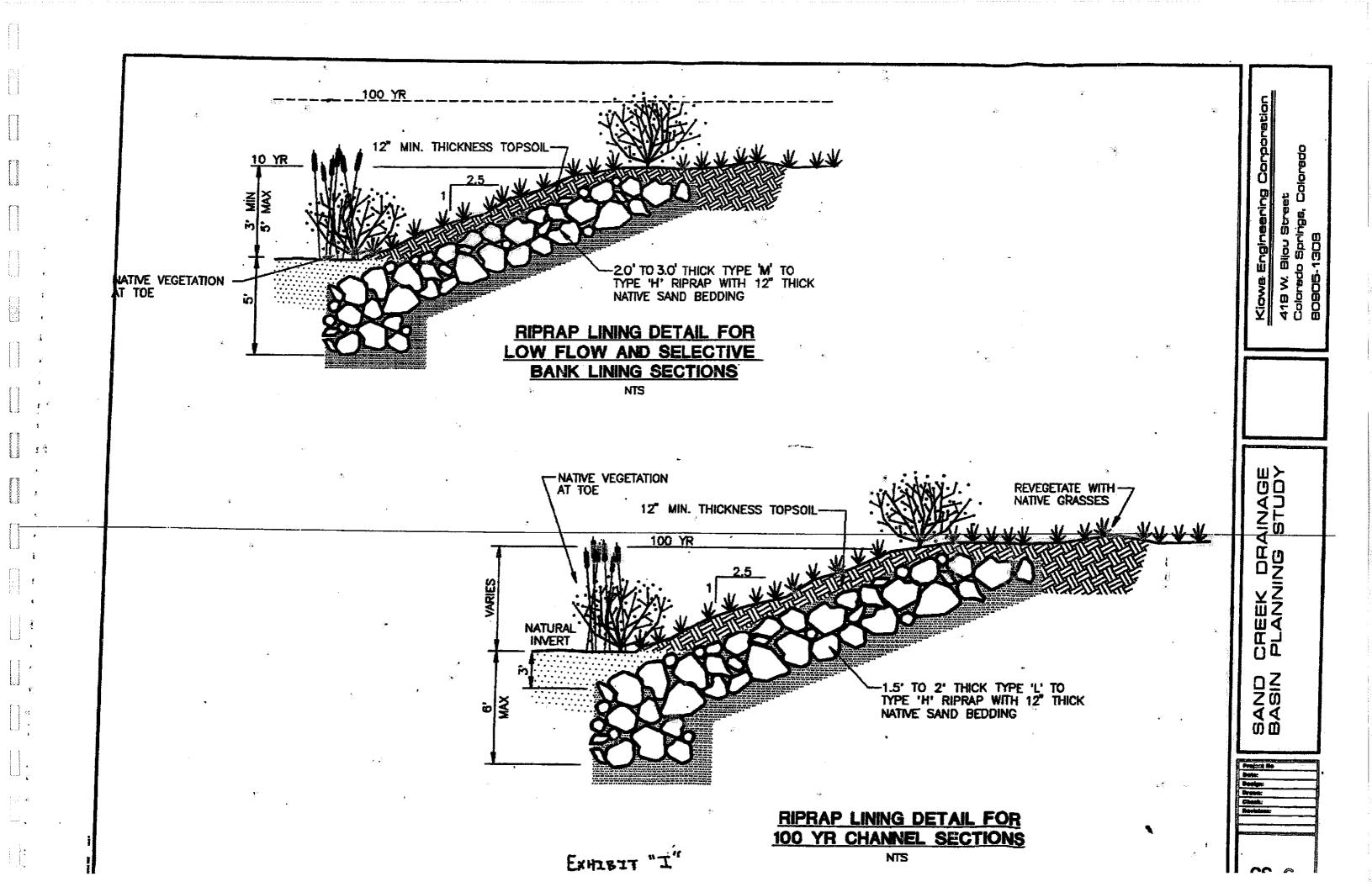


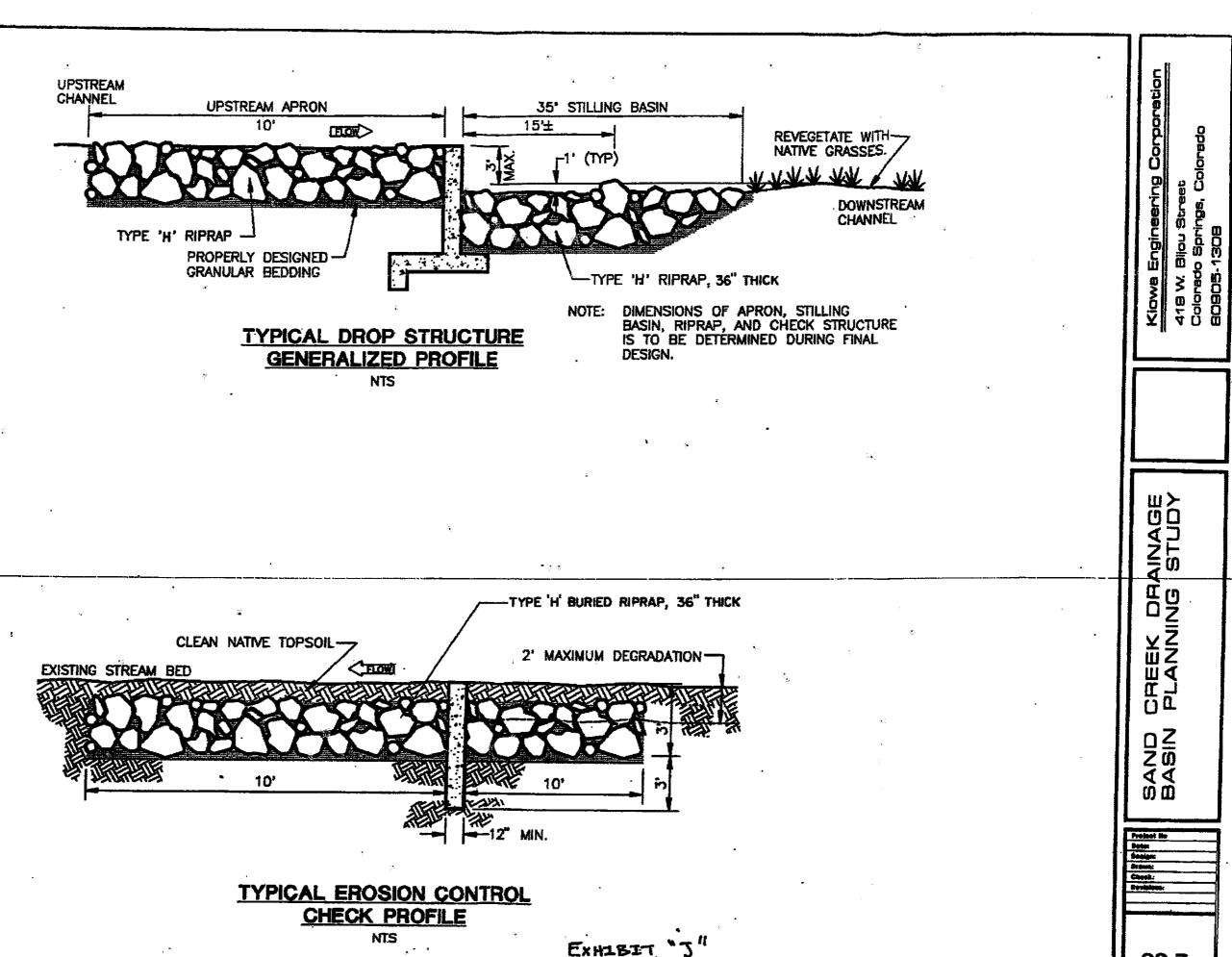
Klowa Engineering Corporation 418 W. Bijou Street Colorado Springs, Colorado

SAND CREEK DRAINAGE BASIN PLANNING STUDY PRELIMINARY DESIGN PLANS

Product its BO-Od-(5)
Potats B-O3
Potats RISW
Prisons EAK
Cheek: RISW
Revisions







CS-7

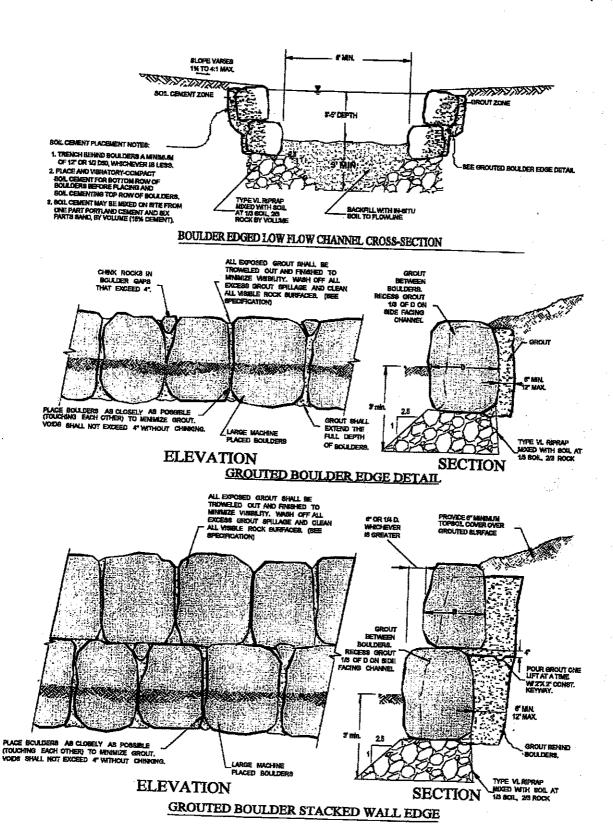


Figure MD-19—Details for Boulder Edge Treatment of a Low-Flow Channel

MD-94

04/2008 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District

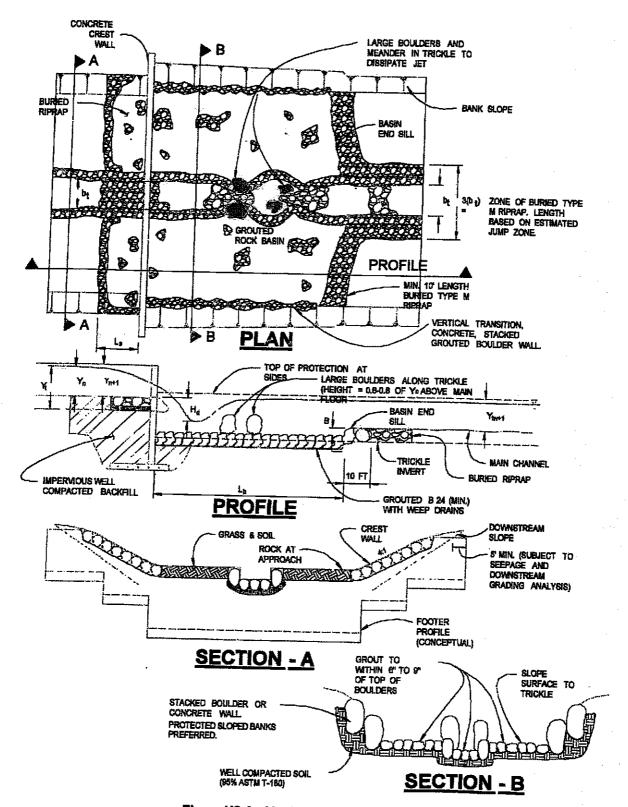


Figure HS-9-Vertical Hard Basin Drop

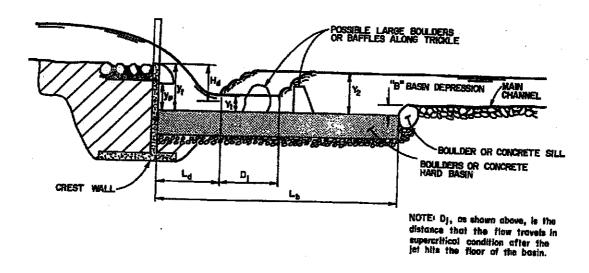


Figure HS-10—Vertical Drop Hydraulic System

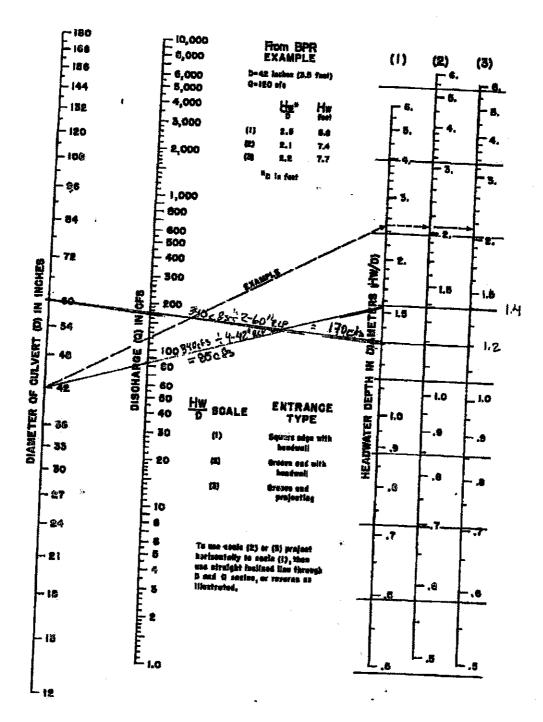


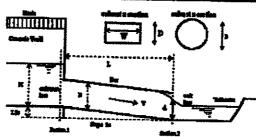
Figure CU-9—Inlet Control Nomograph—Example

EXHIBIT N

## CULVERT STAGE-DISCHARGE SIZING (INLET Vs. OUTLET CONTROL WITH TAILWATER EFFECTS)

Project: SHILOH MESA FILING NO. 1 Besin ID: 4-42" CULVERTS & MUSTANG ROAD

Status:



Design information (insut):

Gircular Culvert: Berrel Diameter in Inches

Inlet Edge Type (choose from pull-down list)

D= ed End Projectio

OR:

Box Culvert: Barrel Height (Rise) in Feet

Barrel Width (Spac) in Feet

Inict Edge Type (chaces from pull-down list)

Height (Rise) = Width (Span) \* Square Edge w/ 30-78 deg. Flered Wings

Number of Berreis

Injet Elevation at Culvert Invert Outlet Elevation at Culvert Invert OR Slope of Culvert (ft v./ft h.)

Culvert Length in Feet Manning's Roughness Bend Loss Coefficient Exit Loss Coefficient

Inlat Elev 39,98 Outlet Elev 39.10 49.21 0.013 ō

#### Dazion information (celculated):

Entrance Loss Coefficient Friction Loss Coefficient Sum of All Loss Coefficients Ortifice Inlet Condition Conflictent Minimum Energy Condition Coefficient

K =	0.20
K-	0.29
K,-[	1.45
G-[	0.66
E.,, = [	-0.0421

Calculations of Culvert Capacity (output):

	Wider Surface Elevation (ft., linked)	Tellhester Swriace Elavation ft	Culvert Inist-Control Plownets cfs	Cuivert Outlet-Control Flowrate cfs	Controlling Culvert Flowrate cfe (output)	Inlet Equation Used:	Flow Control Used
	39.96		0.00	0.00	0.00	No Flow (W8 < Iriet)	
	40.48		6.20	113.02	5.20		N/A
	40.98		24.60	128.87	24.20	Min. Energy, Egn.	DALET
	41.48		54.00	134.41	54.00	Min. Energy. Egn.	NLET
	41.96		89.20	148.24	89.20	Min. Energy, Egn.	MLET
	42.46		130,40	167.38	130.40	Regression Eqn.	NLET
	42.96		178.40	198.58	178.40	Regression Eqn.	- NLET
	43.46		228.40	228.55	228.40	Regression Eqn.	NLET
	48.96		274.00	287.19	274.00	Regression Eqn.	INLET
	44.48		314,40	337.79		Regression Eqn.	NLET
oP of	44,98		380.40	362.00	314.40	Regression Eqn.	MIET
op of usraobro ゲ	45.46		382.40	421.85	360.40	Regression Eqn.	MLET
Mandobra !-	45.98		411.80	458.10	382.40	Regression Eqn.	NLET
	46.48		438.80	491.83	411.60	Regression Egn.	NLET
	46.96		484.40	523.29	438.80	Regression Eqn.	INLET
	47.46		488.40	552.99	484.40	Regression Eqn.	NLET
	47,98		511.60		488.40	Regression Eqn.	MLET
	48.48		533.20	881.43	511,60	Regression Erm.	NLET
	48.98		554.40	608.97	533.20	Regression Eqn.	NLET
	49.46		575.20	634.04	554.40	Regression Ears.	INLET
	49,96			656,96	675.20	Regression Egn.	INLET
	50.48		594.80	B82.62	594.60	Regression Egn.	NET
	50.96		614.00	705.78	614.00	Regression Egn.	MLET
	51.48		631.60	728.18	631.60	Ortice Egn.	INLET
	51.96		848.40	749,82	648.40	Orlige Egn.	INLET
	52.46		864,80	770.97	664.80	Ortfloe Eqn.	INLET
	52.46		680.80	791.38	680.80	Orlice Egn.	INLET
	53.46		696.40	811.49	696,40	Ortifice Egn.	NLET
	53.96		711.00	830.87	711,00	Orlige Egn.	NLET
	54.46		728.80	860.00	726.80	Orifice Egn.	INLET
	24.46	1	741.20	888.63	741.20	Ortice Ecm.	INLET

Processing Time:

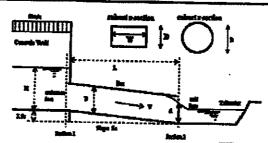
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### CULVERT STAGE-DISCHARGE SIZING (INLET vs. OUTLET CONTROL WITH TAILWATER EFFECTS)

Project: SHILOH MESA FILING NO. 1

Brein ID: 2-60" CULVERTS @ MUSTANG ROAD

Statue:



Design information (input):

Circular Culvert: Barrel Diameter in Inches

Inlet Edge Type (choose from pull-down list)

Box Culvert: Barrel Height (Rise) in Feet

Barrel Width (Span) in Feet

Irriet Edge Type (choose from pull-down list)

Number of Barroly

Inlet Elevation at Culvert invert Outlet Elevation at Culvert frivert OR Stope of Culvert (ft v./R h.)

Culvert Length in Feet Manning's Roughness Band Loss Coefficient Ent Loss Coefficient

No =	2	
Inlet Elev =	35.95	E. elev.
Outlet Elev = [	88.26	ft. elev.
L=[_	49.21	R.
ή= K <sub>6</sub> =	0.013	7
K, =	0	<b></b>
κ,=	<u>1</u>	

80

Square End with He

D=

re Edge w/ 30-78 deg. Flered Wing

Height (Rise) =

Width (Span) =

**Design Information (calculated):** 

Entrance Loss Coefficient Friction Loss Confident Sum of All Loss Coefficients

Orifice Inlet Condition Coefficient

Minimum Energy Condition Coefficient

K_=	0,50
K,=	0.18
K. =	1.66
C1=	9.85
Œ	-0.0028

Calculations of Culvert Canacity (output):

	Water Surface	Talker talger	Culvert	Culvert	Controlling	Infet	Flow
	Elovation	Surface	Inlet-Control	Outlet-Control	Cuivert	Equation	Control
		Elevation	Flourate	Flowrate	Flowrete	Used:	
		Ř	ofs	cfa	cfs	-	Used
	(ft., linked)		<u>L</u>		(output)	1	
	38.98		0.00	0,00	0.00	No Flow (WS < Inlet)	N/A
	39.46		3.00	74.95	3.00	Min. Energy, Egn.	
	39.98		12.00	104.52	12.00	Min. Energy, Egn.	INLET
	40.46		32.60	183.13	32.60	Min. Emergy, Eqn.	INLET
	40.96		56.40	156.18	86.40		NLET
	41.48	·	85.80	158,11	85.00	Min. Energy. Eqn.	NLET
	41,96		113.80	163,11	113.86	Min. Energy, Eur.	MET
	42,48		145.80	171.55	145.00	Regression Eqn.	MLET
	42.96		180.80	184.51	180,80	Regression Eqn.	NET
	43.48		217.80	201.58	201.86	Regression Eqn.	NLET
	43,98		254.40	203.49		Repression Eqn.	OUTET
	44.46		289.20	268,42	203.48	Regnesion Eqn.	OUTLET
TOP of the	44.96		321.40	317.12	266.42	Regression Eqn.	OUTLET
MUSTANG RD. Y	45.48		351.20	360.78	317.12	Regression Eqn.	OUTLET
7	45.98		378.60	300,75	351.20	Regression Egn.	MLET
	48,48		404.20	485.08	378.80	Repression Eon.	INLET
	48.96		428.00		404.20	Regression Egn.	INLET
•	47.46	<del></del>	460.40	467.83	428.00	Regression Egn.	NLET
	47.96		471,80	498.43	450.40	Regression Egn.	NET
1	48.46			527.25	471,88	Regression Euro.	N.ET
	48.98	<del></del>	492.00	664.59	492.90	Regression Egn.	NLET
	49.48		511.20	580.65	611.20	Regression Eqn.	MET
<b>,</b>	49.96		529.80	506.69	529.80	Régression Eqn.	INLET
ŧ	50.48		647.60	629.54	647.80	Regression Earl.	DEET
<b>•</b>	50.98		564.80	652,59	564.80	Regression Eqn.	NLET
ŀ			581.80	674.58	881.GO	Regression Egn.	MET
<b>.</b>	51,46		597.50	696.45	597.30	Regression Egn.	INLET
ļ.	51.98		613.60	717.35	613.60	Regression Egn.	INLET
Į.	52.46		629,20	737.70	629.20	Regression Egn.	INLET
į.	52.96		644.20	757.46	844.20	Repression Ear.	INLET
	53.48		A60 00	778 76	640 60		ne alterial à

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width iength perimeter	2.916667 22.66667 51.16667	area blockage blockage	66.11111 0.5 4	open area avail perm.	33.05556 47.16667
39.19	0			Orifice Weir	
39.315	0.125			0 0	
39.44	0.25			56.27217 6.461925	
39.565	0.375			79.58086 18.27708	
39.69	0.5			97.46625 33.57715	
39.815	0.625			112.5443 51.6954	
39.94	0.75	•		125.8284 72.24652	
40.065	0.875			137.8381 94.97051	
40.19	1			148.8822 119.6765	
40.315	1.125			159.1617 146.2167	
40.44	1.25			168.8165 174.472	~,
40.565	1.375			177.9482 204.344	
40.69	1.5			186.6337 235.7496	
40.815	1.625			194.9325 268.6172	
40.94	1.75			202.8922 302.8844	
41.065				210.5512 338.4963	
41.19	1.875			217.9412 375.4039	
41.315	2 125			225.0887 413.5632	
41.515 41.44	2.125			232.0161 452.9344	
	2.25			238.7426 493.4813	
41.565	2.375			245.2847 535.1707	
41.69	2.5			251.6568 577.9721	
41.815	2.625			257.8715 621.8574	
41.94	2.75			263.9399 666.8005	
42.065	2.875			269.8718 712.777	
				The second of th	

ORIFICE VS WEIR
FOR
2.92' x 22.67' CDOT TYPE TO ENLET.

ExHIBIT Q

Brandy Williams <BrandyWilliams@elpasoco.com>
to Virgil, Elizabeth, me, Darin, Steve
Virgil,

**Aug 19** 

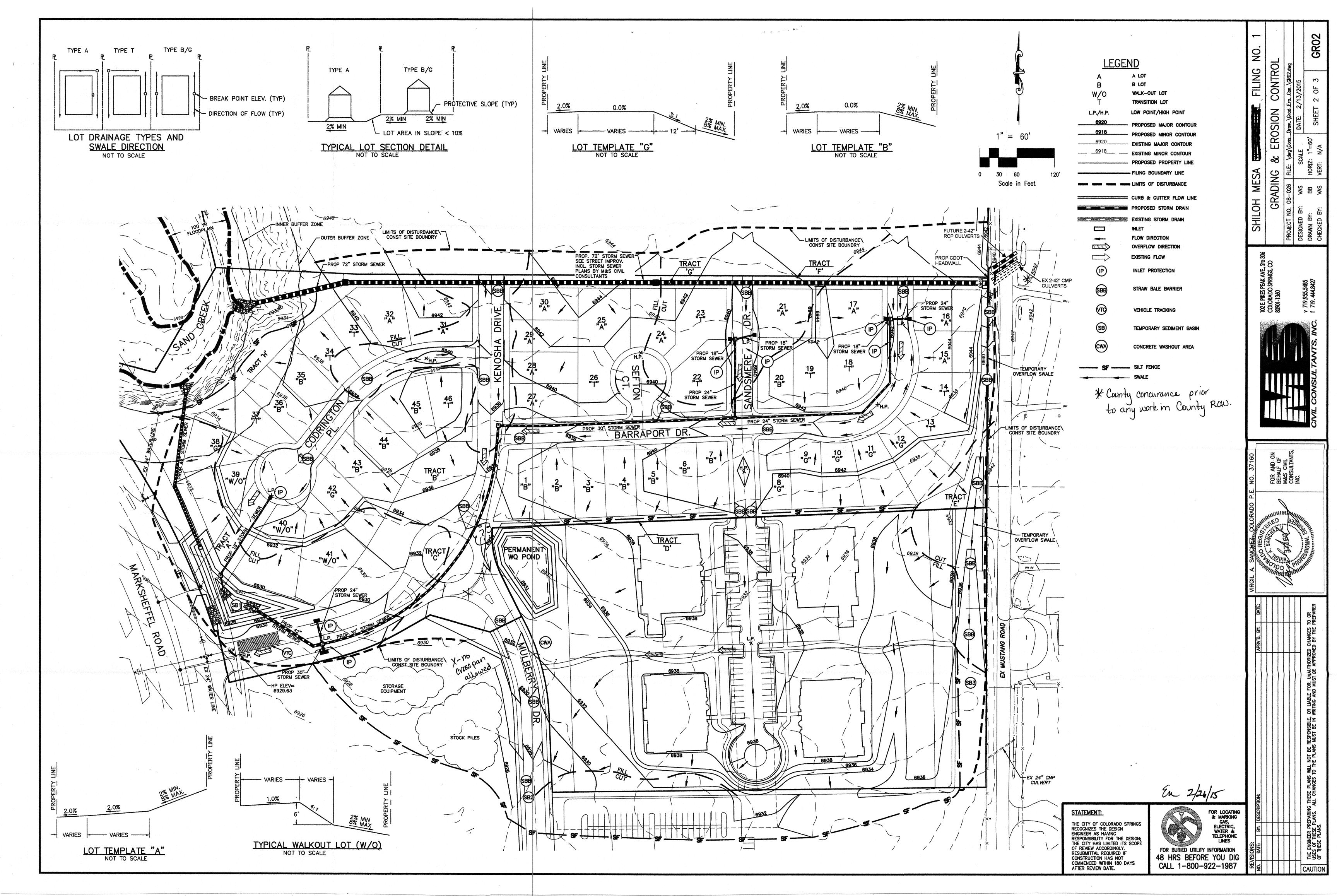
- I. The additional 42" drainage pipe(s) across Mustang Road are not necessary at this time, as no additional upstream development is proposed with this submittal.
- 2. The only structures to be allowed in the right-of-way per the County Engineer, are extensions of the existing 42" CMP culverts to the City/County boundary and/or grouted rip-rap, depending upon the ultimate design of the downstream conveyance system.

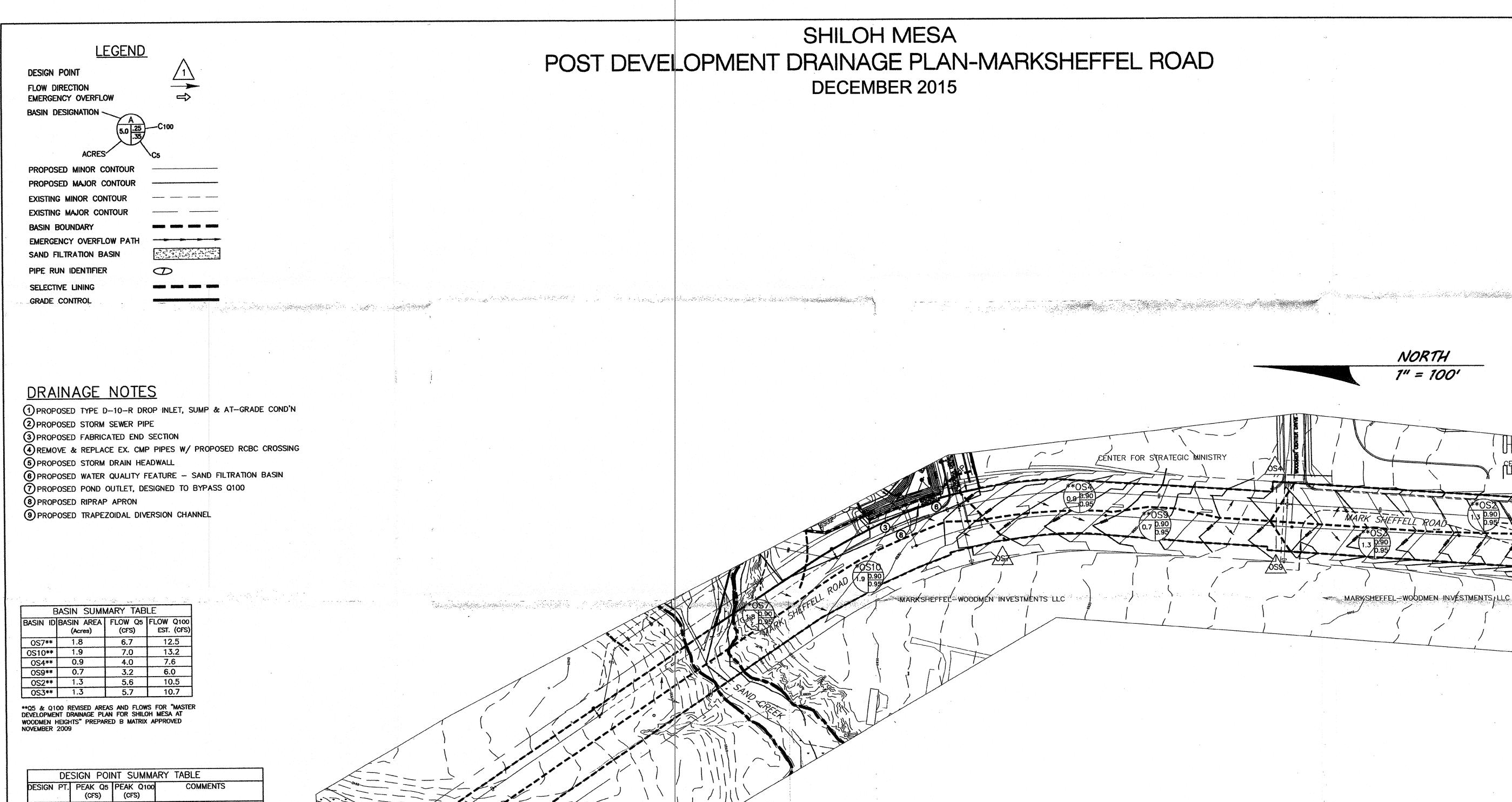
If you have any questions or need additional information please email or call, 520-6813.

Thank you,

Brandy R. Williams, P.E.

Development Services Department El Paso County 2880 International Circle, Suite 110 Colorado Springs, CO 80910 719.520.6813 BrandyWilliams@elpasoco.com





COMMENTS	PEAK Q100 (CFS)	PEAK Q5 (CFS)	ESIGN PT.
ARY	SITE TRIBUT	OFI	
TBD	25.7	13.7	OS7
PER MDDP MATRIX	7.6	4.0	OS4
PER MDDP MATRIX	6.0	3.2	OS9
PER MDDP MATRIX	10.5	5.6	OS2
PER MDDP MATRIX	10.7	5.7	OS3

FOR LOCATING & MARKING CAS, ELECTRIC, WATER & TELEPHONE LINES

FOR BURIED UTILITY INFORMATION

48 HRS BEFORE YOU DIG CALL 1-800-922-1987

102 E. PIKES PEAK AVE., STE 306
COLORADO SPRINGS,
COLORADO 80903
v 719.955.5485
f 719.444.8427
PRO
DES

SHILOH-MESA
POST DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE PLAN-MARKSHEFFEL

 PROJECT NO. 08-026
 FILE: O: \08026\DWG\DEV PLAN\Drainage\DP2

 DESIGNED BY: VAS
 SCALE
 DATE: 6/08/2015

 DRAWN BY: ET
 HORIZ: 1"=100'
 SHEET 3 0F 3
 DP2

 CHECKED BY: VAS
 VERT: N/A
 SHEET 3 0F 3
 DP2

AR PUD 14-00692

